

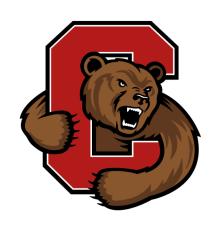
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# 3

# 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet

# Week 3







Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at <a href="www.brighterchoice.org">www.brighterchoice.org</a> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name:	Week 3 Day 1 Date:
RCCS-Roys	NVU Cornell Columbia

## Fairy Tales and Tall Tales: Lesson 6, Pecos Bill

1.	Tall Tale- a fictional story that stretches ortruth; Heroes seem to be "larger than life".	_the
2.	Energy- power; the ability to be	
3.	Persuaded- caused to do something by asking,arguing.	, or
4. Relaxed- not tight or carefully		
5.	Tame- to or obey people.	

LEQ: How can it be hard to break a habit?

#### Guided Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

The doggie—I mean coyote—liked Little Bill. She took him home and raised him with her pups. <sup>6</sup> The coyotes taught Bill to roam the prairies and howl at the moon. They taught him the secrets of hunting, how to leap like an antelope, and to run like the wind. They taught him how to chase lizards and lie so still that he was almost invisible. <sup>7</sup>

The years went by—eighteen of them to be exact—and Bill grew up strong and healthy. One day he was out hunting along the Pecos River when he saw a most unusual sight. It seemed to be a big animal with four legs. Or was it six legs? And why did it have one head in front and another on top? 8

Name:	Week 3 Day 1 Date:

BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia

# Fairy Tales and Tall Tales: Lesson 6, Pecos Bill Independent Annotation Work

LEQ: How can it be hard to break a habit?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

Well, it turned out to be a horse with a man riding it, something Bill had never seen before. Bill scurried around the horse a few times. Then he slowly crept forward and took a sniff of the man's boot.

"Boy," said the man, "what are you doin' scampering around down there in your birthday suit?" 9

"Sniffin" said Bill. "I'm a coyote!"

"No, you ain't," said the man. "You're a man, like me."

"Nooo!" howled Bill. "Coyoteeeee!" 10

"What makes you think you are a coyote?" said the man.

"I have fleas!" said Bill.

"So what?" said the man. "Lots of men here in Texas have fleas."

But Bill was not persuaded. 11 He was sure he was a coyote.

"Here's the thing," said the man. "Coyotes have pointy ears and big bushy tails. And you don't."

Name:	_Week 3 Day 1 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	
Exit Ticket Why can it be hard to break a habit?		
It can be hard to break a habit because		

Name:	_Week 3 Day 1 Date:	
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BCCS-Bovs	NYU Cornell Columbia	

#### Homework

# **Good Ideas**

#### By Guy Belleranti

"Let's make the flowerbed look prettier," Heather said.

"Okay," Noah said. "How are we going to do that?"

"We can dig up the weeds," Heather said.

Noah nodded his head. "Good idea," he said.

They got to work.

BCCS-Boys

"Wow," Noah said after a while. "We have dug up a lot of weeds."

"Yes," Heather said. "The flowerbed looks much prettier now."

"It sure does," Noah said. "Now let's go get a drink of water."

"Good idea," Heather said.

They sat at the kitchen table.

Heather drank some of her water. Then she set her glass down. "Now let's make the kitchen look prettier."

"Okay," Noah said. "I have a good idea how." Noah told Heather his idea.

Heather laughed. "That was my idea, too. Let's tell Mom."

Mom smiled when she heard their idea. "Good idea," she said.

So Heather and Noah cut some flowers from the garden. Then, they put the flowers in a vase on the kitchen table!



Name:	Week 3 Day 1 Date:	
	,	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

Directions: Use the story to answer the following questions. Underline where you found your answer.

	Good Ideas  By Guy Belleranti
1.	How do Heather and Noah plan to make the flowerbed look prettier?
2.	Why do Heather and Noah go into the kitchen after they are out in the garden?
3.	What do Heather and Noah want to do once they are in the kitchen?
4.	How does Mom respond when Heather and Noah tell her their plan?
5.	What do Heather and Noah put on the kitchen table?



Name:	Week 3 Day 2 Date:	
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

# Fairy Tales and Tall Tales: Lesson 7 John Henry

Tall Tale- a fictional story that stretches or Heroes seem to be "larger than life".	the truth;
Challenge- a difficult task or	·
Compete- to try to be	than someone else at something.
Feats- Achievements or	
olution- something that	a problem.
Steam- The hot air and/or wateris boiled.	created when water

Name:	Week 3 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia
LEQ: How is John Henry different from other tall tales?	

# Independent Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

One of these steel-driving men was named John Henry. No one knew for certain where John Henry was from. Some said he was from Georgia. Some said he was from Tennessee. Others said he was a Virginia man. As it turns out, it seems likely that he was a former slave. He seems to have started working on the railroads sometime after the end of the Civil War.

For years people thought John Henry worked on the Big Bend Tunnel on the C&O line in what is now West Virginia; but now we think he more likely worked on the Lewis Tunnel in Virginia.

Name: Wee	ek 3 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys NY	J Cornell Columbia

# Exit Ticket

- 1. How is John Henry different from other tall tales?
  - a) John Henry is about a boy not a girl
  - b) There weren't a lot of adventures in the tale
  - c) John Henry is nice

Name:	Week 3 Day 2 Date:

BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia

#### Homework



Ken's room was a mess! There were toy trucks on the floor. There were books by the door. There were pants on the bed.

Ken's dad said, "This room is a pig pen! Clean it now!" He was not happy. Ken got to work.

He made his bed. He put his trucks in the toy box. He put his books away. He folded the pants and put them away.

Ken's Dad came back. "You did a great job," he said. Ken and his dad were both happy.

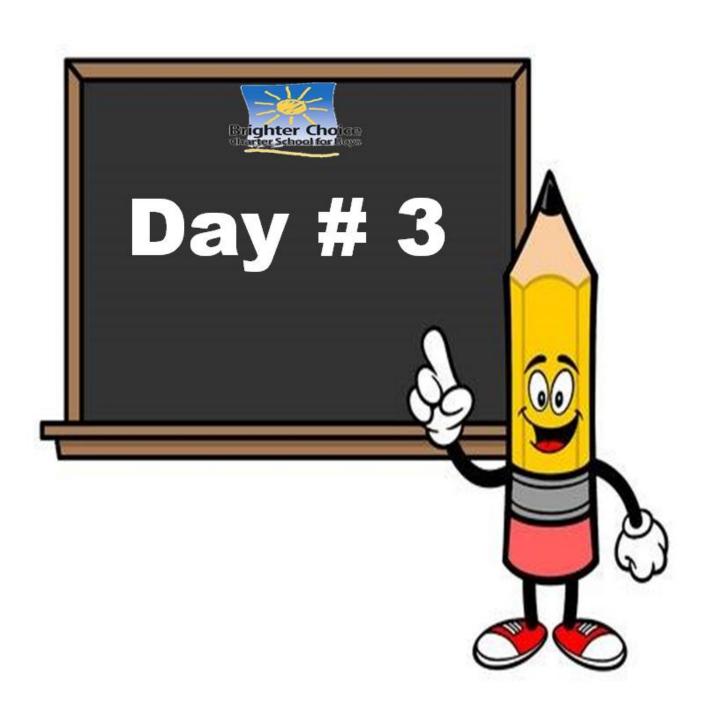
Name:	Week 3 Day 2 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Directions: Use the story to answer the following questions. Underline where you found your answer.





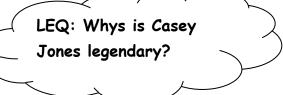
- 1. What was by the door?
- 2. What did Ken's dad say when he saw the mess?
- 3. Where did Ken put his trucks?
  - a. under the bed
- **b.** on a shelf
- c. by the door
- d. in the toy box
- 4. What did Ken do to the pants?



Name:	Week 3 Day 3 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Fairy Tales and Tall Tales: Lesson 8, Casey Jones

	e- a fictional story that stretches or eroes seem to be "larger than life".	the
2. Mounted	- To get on or	up.
3. Legendar	<b>y-</b> Well-known;	_; like having to do with a legend.
4. Passenge car, bus,	e <b>rs-</b> People or train.	from one place to another in a
5. Pride- A	feeling of	for yourself.



### Guided Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

Now, gather 'round, friends, for I want to tell you a story. It's a story of a legendary engineer. His name was Casey Jones, and there's never been a man who could drive a train as fast or as well. People say that Casey Jones could drive a train before he could walk, and when he was a baby he said "choo-choo" instead of "goo-goo."

Name:	Week 3 Day 3 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	
LEQ: Whys is Casey Jones legendary?		

# Independent Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

So Casey pulled on the brake with all his might. A terrible screeching, squealing sound ripped through the darkness. Then came the crash.

The trains, they met in the middle of a hill In a head-on tangle that was bound to spill.

He tried to do his duty, the men all said,

But Casey Jones, he ended up dead.

Poor Casey! When they found him, they said he had one hand still on the brake and one hand tight on the whistle: Trying to stop his train as best he could and give warning to the other train. Casey Jones didn't survive that fateful ride, but he was the only person who died in the crash. Casey's bravery that night saved all of the passengers on both trains, and his fireman Sim. 18

### Exit Ticket

- 1. Why is Casey Jones legendary?
  - a) He drives trains
  - b) He has many friends
  - c) He risked his life to help others

Name:	Week 3 Day 3 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

#### Homework

# The Missing Ice Cream Mystery

By Guy Belleranti

Jordan ran into the kitchen.
"I can't find my bowl of chocolate
ice cream. Is it in here?"

"No," Ava said. "Where did you go after leaving the kitchen?"

They ran through the living

"The backyard!" Jordan said.

room to the backyard. They didn't find Jordan's ice cream.

"Where else did you go?" asked Ava.

"My bedroom!" Jordan said.

They ran through the living room to Jordan's bedroom. They didn't find Jordan's ice cream.

"It's not in the kitchen, not outside, and not in my bedroom," Jordan said. "And I didn't go anywhere else."

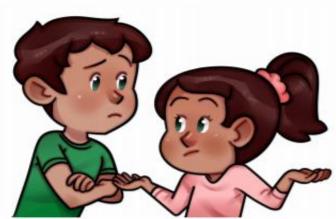
"Yes you did," Ava said.

"I did? Where?"

"Through the living room."

They ran into the living room and stopped. Jordan's bowl of chocolate ice cream was on a table by the couch.

Jordan took a spoonful. "Yum! Now my ice cream tastes like chocolate soup!"



Name:	Week 3 Day 3 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Directions: Use the story to answer the following questions. Underline where you found your answer.

# The Missing Ice Cream Mystery

By Guy Belleranti

Draw lines to match the words from the story with their meanings.



- kitchen
   lawn behind your house
- 2. ice cream

  a deep, round dish you use to eat
- a piece of furniture you sit on
- 4. bedroom 

  a cold, sweet treat
- bowl
   room where food is prepared and eaten
- 6. couch 

  room where you sleep



Name:	Week 3 Day 4 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Fairy Tales and Tall Tales: Lesson 8, Casey Jones

LEQ: Why is Casey

Jones a tall tale?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

#### Guided Annotation Work

Some said that Casey's whistle had magic powers. They said that when Casey blew his whistle, little babies would wake up from their naps, but they wouldn't cry. Instead, they'd make little chugga-chugga, whoo-whoo sounds, then fall right back to sleep. When Casey blew his whistle, the cows would give an extra quart of milk, and the chickens would lay at least a dozen eggs each. And, as the story goes, if you cracked one of those eggs in a cold frying pan and put out a piece of plain bread, just as soon as Casey went blazing by, there in that pan would be a nicely fried egg, over easy, and on the side, a plate of hot buttered toast. <sup>6</sup>

Now the reason Casey drove so fast was simple: he took great pride in always being on time. <sup>7</sup> Casey wanted to make sure that he got that train where it was going when it was supposed to be there, no matter what. Whenever he started out on a run, the railroad men would wave and yell, "Bring her in on time, Casey!" And they knew he would.

Name:	Week 3 Day 4 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Independent Annotation Work

LEQ: Why is Casey
Jones a tall tale?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

They say that if you look up in the sky on a clear night and see a flash of light across the sky—well, that might be a shooting star. But then again, it might be Casey Jones, roaring across the sky, chugga-chugga, chugga-chuggin'—on time—till the end of time. 21

### **Exit Ticket**

- 1. Why is Casey Jones a tall tale?
  - a) There are exaggerations
  - b) It is a good story
  - c) It has characters in it

Name:	Week 3 Day 4 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

#### Homework

# Big Mouth Baby

By Katie Clark

Max gets ready for his birthday party. He puts candles on his cake. The baby grabs the candles.

Max hangs Pin the Tail on the Donkey. The baby rips the tail.

Max blows up balloons. The baby pops the balloons.

Max says, "Stop!" The baby cries. What a big mouth baby.

Party time! Max wishes for a horse when he blows out his candles. The baby smiles.

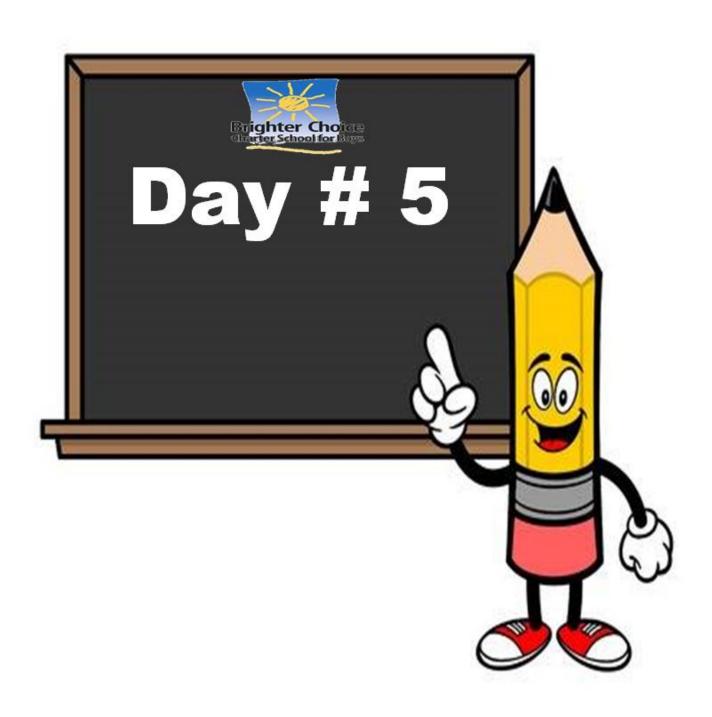
Max opens his presents. The baby claps.

Max and his friends play party games. The baby giggles.

The guests go home. Max smiles. He hugs the baby. The baby yells because he is happy. The baby is so loud.

Max covers his ears. What a big mouth baby!

Name:\	Veek 3 Day 4 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia
Directions: Use the story to answer the fol	lowing questions. Underline where
you found your answer.	
Big Mouth B	elby (yele
Who is having a birthday?	
2. What does the baby do to the b	palloons?
3. What does baby do to Pin the To	ail on the Donkey?
a. claps	<b>b.</b> giggles
c. grabs the candle	d. rips the tail
4. When Max says, "Stop!", how do	es he feel?
a. happy	<b>b.</b> sad
c. upset	d. glad
5. What does baby do when Max o	opens presents?



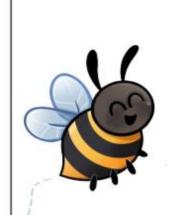
Name:	_Week 3 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia
Quiz	
Directions: Circle all the words that make	the sentence true.
Tall tales have	<del></del> •
Exagge	rations
Tre	ees
Prince	esses
Characters la	rger than life
Ma	gic
Fictiona	l Events
Draw a picture and name one tall tale we red	ad about.

Name:		Week 3	Day	5	Date:	
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**BCCS-Boys** 

NYU Cornell Columbia

## Homework



# Buzz, Buzz Bumblebee

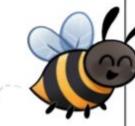
By Ruth Donnelly

Buzz, buzz, bumblebee
In the grass.
Fly away.
Let me pass!

Buzz, buzz, bumblebee,
On the drive.
Fly away.
To your hive.

Buzz, buzz, bumblebee.
You're not funny.
Fly away.
Make some honey.

Buzz, buzz, bumblebee
By the tree.
Fly away.
Don't sting me!





Name:	Date: Week 3 Day 5
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Directions: Use the story to answer the following questions. Underline where you found your answer.

Bumk  By Ruth Donnelly	oleb	ee		[
List pairs of rhy	ming words	from the	poem.	í
		 and		
		 and		
		  _ and		
		 _ and		
What is a bee'	s home call	ed?		



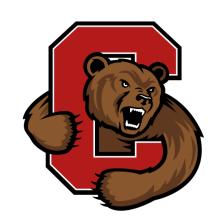
Name
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# 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet

# Week 4







Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at <a href="www.brighterchoice.org">www.brighterchoice.org</a> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name: Week 4 Do	ay 1 Date:
	nell Columbia

## Week 4 Lesson 1 RL 2.4

Exaggeration- an	of the truth.
Hyperbole- statements	meant to be taken literally.
Literal- words and phrases that mean	what they say.
Non-Literal - words and phrases that have an	meaning.

#### **Guided Practice**

**<u>Directions</u>**: Underline the **exaggeration** in each paragraph.

1

Even as a baby, Paul Bunyan was mighty big. How big? Well, he was so big that his parents had to use a covered wagon for his cradle. 1

As you might imagine, young Paul Bunyan had a big appetite.

He gobbled up five barrels of porridge a day, and his parents had to milk four dozen cows every morning and evening just to keep his baby bottle filled.<sup>2</sup>

Name:	Week 4 Day 1 Date:
RCCS-Roys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Week 4 Lesson 1 RL 2.4 Independent Practice

<b><u>Directions:</u></b> Underline the <b>exaggeration</b> in each parag	ırapn	١.
---------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------	----

1.

When he grew up, Paul Bunyan went to work as a lumberjack, and what a lumberjack he proved to be! He made himself a giant ax, with a handle carved out of a full-grown hickory tree. He could

2.

Then Babe hauled them to the river and dropped them in so they could float downstream to a sawmill. 13 Together, Paul and Babe did the work of a hundred men. 14

3.

Sourdough Sam was known for the giant flapjacks he cooked in the world's biggest frying pan. <sup>17</sup> The **colossal** pan sat on an enormous cast iron frame. <sup>18</sup> Every morning Sourdough Sam would build a raging forest fire underneath the pan. Then he would call for his two helpers, Lars Larson and Pete Peterson.

BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia				
Exit Ticket					
•	had to milk 4 dozen cows every morning and tle filled" why would this be an example of an				

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Week 4 Day 1 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name	:	Week	4 Day 1 l	Date:	
BCCS	-Boys	NYU	Cornell	Columbia	
	Hon	nework			
	tions: Fill in the missing parts to perated statement.	create yo	ur own h	yperbole, or	
1)	The classroom was so loud that				
2)	He was so angry				!
					!
3)	The elephant was so fat that				
					!
4)	The bus was so crowded				
5)	I was so hungry	<del> </del>			!
			· · · · · · · · ·		



Name:	Week 4 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Week 4 Lesson 2 RL 2.4

Exaggeration- an	of the truth.
Hyperbole - statements	meant to be taken literally.
Literal- words and phrases that mean	what they say.
Non-Literal - words and phrases that have an	meaning.
Guided F	Practice
Directions: underline the exaggeration and de	termine the meaning.
1.	
Even as a baby, Paul Bunyan v	was mighty big. How big? Well,
he was so big that his parents ha cradle. 1	d to use a covered wagon for his
2.	

Name:	Week 4 Day 2 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

# Week 4 Lesson 2 RL 2.4 Independent Practice

Directions: underline the exaggeration and determine the meaning.
When he grew up, Paul Bunyan went to work as a lumberjack,  and what a lumberiack he proved to be the made himself a giant.
and what a lumberjack he proved to be! He made himself a giant ax, with a handle carved out of a full-grown hickory tree. He could
down the trees. Then Babe hauled them to the river and dropped them in so they could float downstream to a sawmill. <sup>13</sup> Together, Paul and Babe did the work of a hundred men. <sup>14</sup>

Name:	Week 4 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

## Exit Ticket

When the text said, "Every morning Sourdough Sam would build a raging forest fire underneath the pan" why would this be an example of an exaggeration?

Name:	Week	4 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-Boys		Cornell	Columbia	
Home	work			
1) My sister was so sad that				
				!
2)My backpack is so heavy				
				!
3)She was so happy				
				!
4) My arms hurts so much				
				!
5) This homework is so hard				
				!



Name:	Week 4 Day 3 Date:	
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

#### Week 4 Lesson 3 RL 2.4

Poetry- a type of writing where the author carefully chooses words for			
, sound, and rhythm.			
Rhythm- the pulse or of a text.			
Rhyme- words that have the same or similar	sounds.		



#### **Guided Practice**

Directions: Bracket off the portion of the text that is a poem. Number the lines. Circle the rhyming words.

Now, friends, here's where I have to tell you the sad part of this story, about how Casey met his end. As Casey **mounted** <sup>11</sup> to the cabin and took the throttle in his hand, he heard someone shout, "Casey, you're already more than an hour and a half late." But Casey just smiled and thought to himself, "I guess that means I'll have to go just a little faster." <sup>12</sup>

Casey opened up the throttle and the train plunged into the dark, wet night. <sup>13</sup> Sim Webb shoveled the coal with all his might, and the train chugged on, faster and faster. <sup>14</sup>

"Casey!" Sim yelled. "You're running too fast." But Casey said, "Fireman, don't you fret,

Name:	Week 4 Day 3 Date:	
,	,	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

Keep knockin' at the fire door, and don't give up yet.

I'm gonna run this train until she leaves the rail

Or we make it on time with the southbound mail." 15

They drove on. The train gained speed until it was flying faster than the speed of light. <sup>16</sup>

Then Casey said, "I believe we'll make it through, For the engine is a-steamin' better than I ever knew!"

Casey got the signal that the tracks were clear up ahead, so he was "highballing" down the tracks, pushing that train just as fast as it would go. <sup>17</sup> He was going so fast that it looked like they might even make it on time. Just then, as they squealed around a curve, through the darkness, Casey saw a light up ahead. He knew that light wasn't supposed to be there, not on this track.

Name:	_ Week 4 Day 3 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

## Week 4 Lesson 3 RL 2.4 Independent Practice

**Directions:** Bracket off the portion of the text that is a poem. Number the lines. Circle the rhyming words.

At that moment, Casey knew. There was a broken-down freight train stuck on the track just ahead, and he was speeding straight toward it!

So Casey pulled on the brake with all his might. A terrible screeching, squealing sound ripped through the darkness. Then came the crash.

The trains, they met in the middle of a hill

In a head-on tangle that was bound to spill.

He tried to do his duty, the men all said,

But Casey Jones, he ended up dead.

Poor Casey! When they found him, they said he had one hand still on the brake and one hand tight on the whistle: Trying to stop his train as best he could and give warning to the other train. Casey Jones didn't survive that fateful ride, but he was the only person who died in the crash. Casey's bravery that night saved all of the passengers on both trains, and his fireman Sim. <sup>18</sup>

#### **Exit Ticket**

- 1. What effect does the addition of rhyme have on the text?
  - a. It supplies alliteration to the text.
  - b. It supplies rhythm to the text.
  - c. It supplies a better meaning of unknown words.
  - d. It does not affect the poem

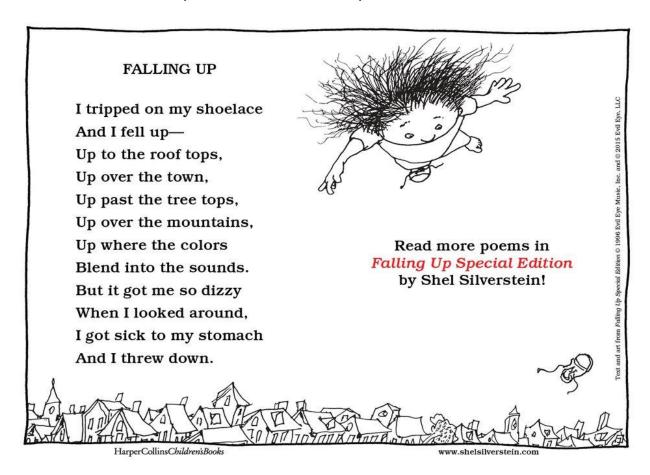
Name:	Week 4 Day 3	B Date:	
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BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia

#### Homework

Directions: Read the poem and answer the questions.



Circle the words that repeat.

List three words that rhyme in this poem.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



Name:	Week 4 Day 4 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

#### Week 4 Lesson 4 RL 2.4

Poetry- a type of writing wh	nere the author carefully choos	ses words for
, sound, and rhythm.		
Repetition sounds, words, ideas, or lines within a poem.		
Rhythm- the pulse or	of a text.	
Rhyme- words that have the	e same or similar	sounds.

#### Guided Practice

**Directions:** Bracket off the poetry. Number the lines. Circle the rhyming words. Underline the repeated lines.

People invented machines that could do some of the work. One of the machines they invented was a **steam** drill. This was a drill that was powered by a steam engine. <sup>18</sup> The first steam drills were pretty good, but they were not great. The steam drills could drive a spike into the mountain for sure, but not as well as two strong, experienced railway workers like John Henry and his partner. Over time the machines got better and better, and they eventually began to replace the men who worked on the railroad tunnels.

One day, the captain of John Henry's work team brought a steam drill to the worksite. He bet that the steam drill could drive steel better than John Henry could. <sup>19</sup> John Henry agreed to **compete** against the steam drill, and he swore he would do his best to beat it. <sup>20</sup>

John Henry said to the captain:

"Well, a man ain't nothin' but a man.

But before I let a steam drill beat me down,

I'll die with a hammer in my hand.

Oh, oh! I'll die with a hammer in my hand."21

Name:	Week 4 Day 4 Date:	
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

# Week 4 Lesson 4 RL 2.4 Independent Practice

**Directions:** Bracket off the poetry. Number the lines. Circle the rhyming words. Underline the repeated lines.

One of the bosses blew a whistle. John Henry went to work driving steel the old-fashioned way, with a hammer and a spike. The captain started up the steam drill. It rattled away beside John Henry, belching steam and banging away at the mountain. The man and the machine worked side by side for several hours. Then the boss blew his whistle again.

The bosses took measurements, and then they announced the results. <sup>22</sup> John Henry had driven his spike a total of fifteen feet into the mountain. And the steam drill? It had only drilled nine feet. <sup>23</sup> John Henry had won! He had beaten the steam drill!

Now the man that invented the steam drill,

He thought he was mighty fine.

But John Henry drove his fifteen feet

And the steam drill only made nine.

Oh, oh! The steam drill only made nine! 24

#### Exit Ticket

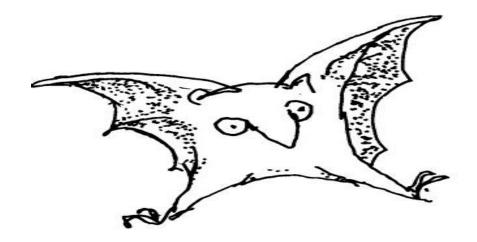
What effect does the addition of rhyme have on the text?

- a. It supplies alliteration to the text.
- b. It supplies rhythm to the text.
- c. It supplies a better meaning of unknown words.
- d. It does not affect the poem.

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#### Homework

Directions: Read the poem and answer the questions.



BATTY

The baby bat Screamed out in fright, "Turn on the dark, I'm afraid of the light."

Identify the words from the poem that rhyme	2.
Why is the baby bat afraid of the light?	
Write another sentence with a rhyming word that can be added to this poem.	



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## Week 4 Lesson 5 RL 2.4

Challenge - something that causes the character.	for
Response - the action the character the challenge.	er does of
Character Trait- adjectives that	
	of the
<b>Poetry-</b> a type of writing where t	he author carefully chooses words sound, and rhythm.
	_ sounds, words, ideas, or lines within
Rhythm- the pulse or	
Rhyme- words that have the same sounds.	e or similar

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#### Guided Practice

People invented machines that could do some of the work. One of the machines they invented was a **steam** drill. This was a drill that was powered by a steam engine. <sup>18</sup> The first steam drills were pretty good, but they were not great. The steam drills could drive a spike into the mountain for sure, but not as well as two strong, experienced railway workers like John Henry and his partner. Over time the machines got better and better, and they eventually began to replace the men who worked on the railroad tunnels.

One day, the captain of John Henry's work team brought a steam drill to the worksite. He bet that the steam drill could drive steel better than John Henry could. <sup>19</sup> John Henry agreed to **compete** against the steam drill, and he swore he would do his best to beat it. <sup>20</sup>

John Henry said to the captain:

"Well, a man ain't nothin' but a man.

But before I let a steam drill beat me down,

I'll die with a hammer in my hand.

Oh, oh! I'll die with a hammer in my hand."21

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Guided	Practice
1. What character in the text experience	-
2. What was the character's challenge in	n the text?
3. How did the character respond to the	challenge?
	aracter exhibits? Underline a detail that
supports that trait.	
5. Circle 2 words that rhyme and box in	the repeated lines.

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## Homework

Directions: Use the picture to write a story. Challenge yourself to include rhyme and repetition.