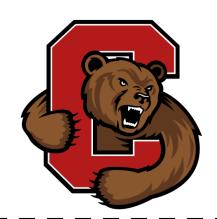




2nd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 7





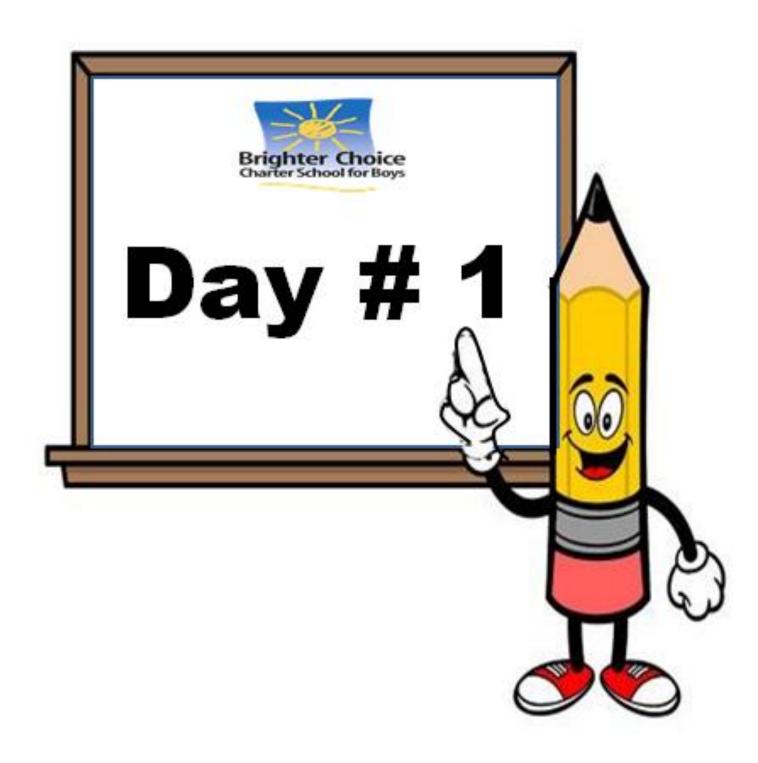


Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at www.brighterchoice.org under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name:	Week 7 Day 1 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Week 7 Lesson 1 RI 2.4

Context Clues - hints and clues that the author provides to you define an unknown word.		
Synonym- a word with a	or the same meaning.	
Antonym- a word that means the	of another word.	
Explanation - the unknown word is	in a sentence.	

Guided Practice

Directions: Underline the context clue that helps you define the unknown word.

1.

What is this woman holding in her hands? This woman is a

What is this woman holding in her hands? This woman is a Hindu and she is holding candles for **Diwali** (di-wah-lee). Diwali is one of the many festivals held every year by Hindus in India and around the world. *Diwali* means "Festival of Lights." Diwali

2.

Vishnu is known by Hindus as the protector of the whole universe. Hindus believe that long ago when the earth was troubled by an evil demon named Ravana, 3 Vishnu sent himself as a human being to save Earth's people from Ravana's (cruelty)

3.

Every year thereafter Hindus in Ayodhya repeated the **custom** ⁷ of lighting lamps, honoring the strength and goodness of Rama. Gradually, the custom spread to other parts of the land. ⁸

Name:	_ Week 7 Day 1 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

Week 7 Lesson 1 RI 2.4 Independent Practice

Directions: Underline the context clue that helps you define the unknown word.

1.

According to an ancient Indian legend. Diwali began many, many years ago to celebrate the victory, or success, of a king in battle. The story, however, begins with a Hindu god.

2.

Walls and gateposts are strewn with tiny lights. Garlands of electric lights stretch for miles throughout the cities and the countryside.

Exit Ticket

- 1. Which definition matches the meaning of strewn as it is in the second example above?
 - a. ripped in half
 - b. stretched across
 - c. bright
 - d. tangled

Name:	_Week 7	Day 1 Date:
		,

BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 1 Homework

Rainy Day Surprise

by Guy Belleranti

James pointed out the window. "I want to play, but it's still raining."

"Why don't we play inside," said Bella. "We can play the I See game."

"Well... Okay. Can I go first?"

"Sure."

James smiled. "I see wet sidewalks."

"I see wet grass," said Bella.

"I see wet windows," James said.

"I see wet trees," said Bella.

"I see wet cars," James said.

"I see wet—" Bella stopped.

"What's wrong?"

"Nothing. I see the rain stopping."

"I see the sun!" James cried. He raced to the door and ran outside.

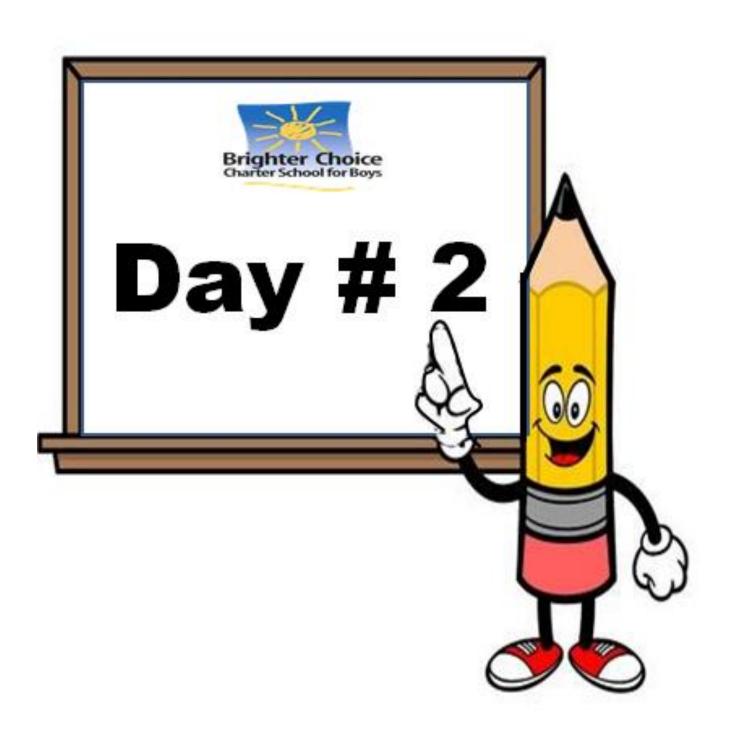
Bella followed. "Wow. I see something pretty."

James nodded. "I see something pretty, too.

Both smiled as they looked at the colorful rainbow.



Name	ıme: Week 7 Day 1 Date:		/ 1 Date:
BCCS-Boys		NYU Corn	ell Columbia
	ctions: Use the passage to c ence.	answer the following q	uestions. Underline your
	200	Day Surpris	e
1.	Why couldn't James play o beginning of the story?	utside in the	
	a. It was cold.	b. It was raining.	WALLEY VI
	c. It was too hot.	d. It was winter.	
2.	What was the second thing	James saw when play	ring the I See game?
	a. wet windows	b. wet trees	
	c. wet cars	d. wet grass	
3.	Why did Bella stop playing	the I See game?	
4.	What was the something p	retty that James and Be	ella saw?



Name:	Week 7 Day 2 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	
Week 7 Lesson 2 RI 2.4		
Context Clues - hints and clues that the author provides to you define an unknown word.		
Synonym- a word with a	or the same meaning.	
Antonym- a word that means the	of another word.	
Explanation - the unknown word is	in a sentence.	
Guided Practice		
Directions: Underline the context clue the	t helps you define the unknown word.	
What is this woman holding in her hands? This woman is a Hindu and she is holding candles for (Diwali) (di-wah-lee). Diwali is one of the many festivals held every year by Hindus in India and around the world. Diwali means "Festival of Lights." Diwali What is Diwali?		

Name:	Week 7 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia
<u>Guide</u>	d Practice Continued
² Vishnu is known by Hindus as the protector of the whole universe. Hindus believe that long ago when the earth with troubled by an evil demon named Ravana, ³ Vishnu sent himself as human being to save Earth's people from Ravana's (cruelty.) What does it mean to be cruel?	
[custom] of lighting lamp	fter Hindus in Ayodhya repeated the os, honoring the strength and goodness of stom spread to other parts of the land. 8

What is a custom?

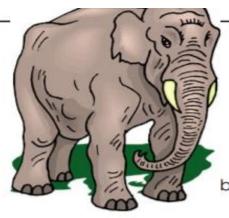
Name:	Week 7 Day 2 Date:	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

Week 7 Lesson 2 RI 2.4 Independent Practice

Independent Practice			
Directions: Underline the context clue that helps you define the unknown word.			
According to an ancient Indian(legend) Diwali began many, many years ago to celebrate the victory, or success, of a king in battle. The story, however, begins with a Hindu god. What is a legend?			
Walls and gateposts are (strewn) with tiny lights. Garlands of electric lights stretch for miles throughout the cities and the countryside. What does strewn mean?			
Exit Ticket			
1. Which word from the first example best helps you understand what a legend is?			

Name:	Week 7 Day 2 Date:	
	•	
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	

Day 2 Homework



"T" Time With Elephants

by Guy Belleranti

Three interesting things about an elephant begin with the letter T – trunk, tusk and teeth.

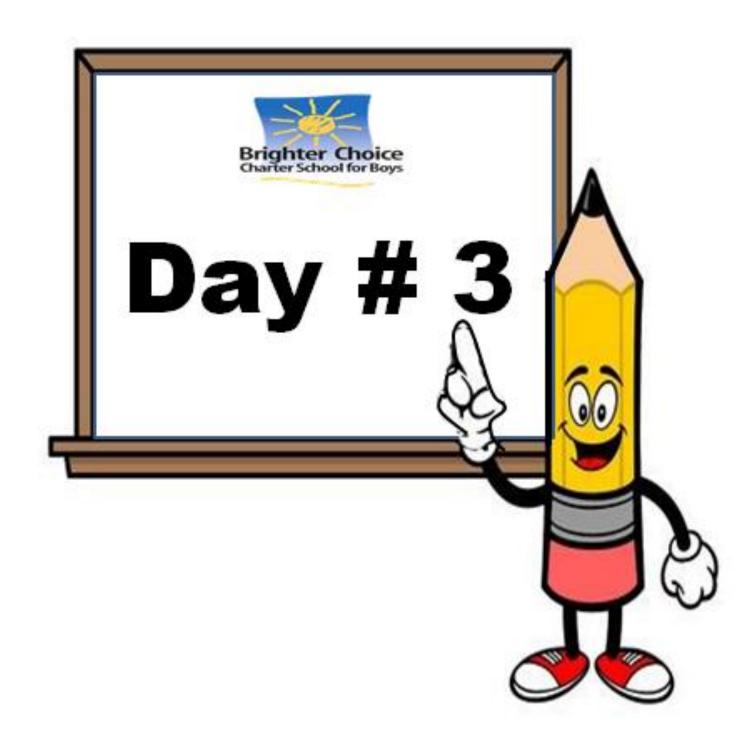
An elephant's trunk has over forty thousand muscles and tendons. The trunk is a combination of the nose and the upper lip. An elephant uses its trunk for picking things up. It also uses its trunk for smelling.

An elephant has two tusks. The tusks are made of ivory. The tusks grow from the elephant's upper jaw. An elephant has these two "teeth" instead of incisor teeth. The tusks grow throughout an elephant's life. An elephant uses its tusks to drill for water and to dig up food.

All African elephants have tusks. Only some Asian male elephants have tusks. Some female Asian elephants also have tusks, but they are very small and hidden inside the mouth.

An elephant also has four other teeth. These teeth are molars. An elephant has one upper molar and one lower molar on each side of its mouth. Because an elephant eats a lot of plants, its molars get ground down. New molars move in to replace the old molars about every ten years. An elephant gets up to six sets of molars over its lifetime.

		Week / Day 2 Date:	
CS-	Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia	
	tions: Use the passage to answ nce.	ver the following questions. Underline your	
6	T" Time With		
	How many muscles and tendon	s are in an elephant's trunk?	
	a. over 4,000	b. over 40,000	
	c. over 400,000	d. over 40,000,000	
2. What two things does an elephant use its trunk for?		ant use its trunk for?	
	What two things does an elepho	ant use its tusks for?	
	What does an elephant use its r	nolars for?	
	a. growing tusksc. chewing small animals	b. chewing plantsd. speaking to other elephants	
	What is one way you might tell v	whether an elephant is old or young?	
	a. count the number of mole	ars in its mouth b. look at its color	
	c. measure its height	d. measure its tusks	



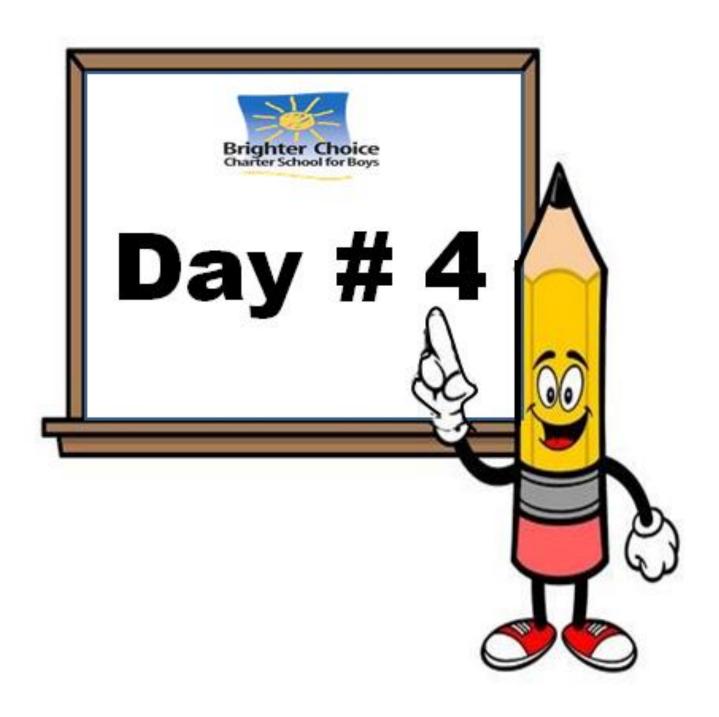
Name:	_Week 7 Day 3 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 3 Homework

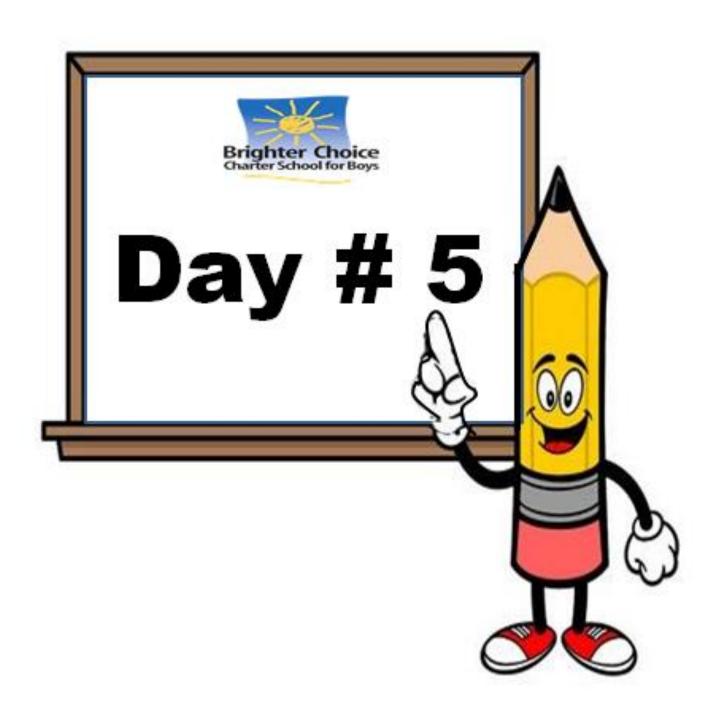
CONTEXT CLUES

The following stories have make-believe words. Use the clues in the sentence to see if you can figure out the meaning of the make-believe word. Circle the words and phrases that help you determine the meaning.

family h	ndmother gave me my <u>blepice</u> when I was a baby. Everyone in my has their own <u>blepice</u> . We each hang ours by our stairs at Christmas se we don't have a fireplace. My <u>blepice</u> is a long, red, skinny sock. My green and short.
	What do you think a blepice is?
	Explain why you think that is what it is?
need th	you play in the snow, you should wear gloves, a hat, and a <u>marale</u> . Yo ne <u>marale</u> to keep your neck warm. I am lucky because my grandma me a <u>marale</u> for my birthday. It has stripes on it and it is so warm!
need th	ne margle to keep your neck warm. I am lucky because my grandma



d a hiding bles. When e both
ree. My s and very lets me



Name:	Week 7 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Week 7 Lesson 3 RI 2.4

Context Clues - hints and clues that the author provides to you define an unknown word.		
Synonym- a word with a	or the same meaning.	
Antonym- a word that means the	of another word.	
Explanation - the unknown word is	in a sentence.	

Guided Practice

Directions: Underline the context clue that helps you define the unknown word.

This is the Great Stupa of Sanchi, one of many sacred, ² dome-shaped shrines built all over Asia to honor the Buddha, the founder of **Buddhism**.

What is a shrine? Underline the context clue in the text above.

- a. A holy or sacred place.
- b. A spirit
- c. A house

Siddhartha was shocked and dismayed

to see what his parents had kept hidden from him. On one trip he saw a poor old woman, bent over and barely able to stand.

What does dismayed mean? Underline the context clue in the passage above.

- A. Happy
- B. Distressed
- C. Angry

Name:	Week 7 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Guided Practice Continued

Asoka was not always an enlightened person. Rather, he was a warrior king who led many soldiers into battle, wounding and killing thousands of people as he expanded his great empire. 18

What does enlightened mean? Underline the context clue in the text above.

- A. To light a room
- B. Spiritually aware
- C. Intelligent

Name:	Week 7 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-Bovs	NYU Cornell Columbia

Week 7 Lesson 3 RI 2.4 Independent Practice

Directions: Underline the context clue that helps you define the unknown word.

1.

Rain and wind wash the **silt**—a fine mixture of soil, sand, and clay—from the mountains into the river, making it a muddy yellow. As this happens, the river bottom rises.

What does silt mean? Remember to underline the context clue in the text above.

- A. Water
- B. Sand, clay and soil
- C. Rocks from the mountain

2.

More and more nomadic people 16 began to settle permanently along the banks of the two great rivers, where food was abundant

What does nomadic mean? Underline the context clue in the text above.

- A. People who travel from place to place
- B. People who live in Nomad
- C. People who don't travel

Exit Ticket

Which words from the second example best helps you understand the meaning of nomadic?

- A. Where food was abundant
- B. Along the banks of the two great rivers
- C. More people began to settle permanently along the bank

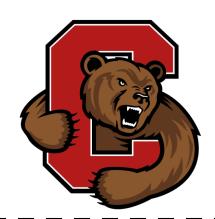
Name:	Week 7 Day 5 Date:	
BCCS-Boy	NYU Cornell Columbia	
	Day 5 Homework	
5.	My favorite <u>alingle</u> is a girl named Liselle. I have known her since we were only 2 years old. There are a lot of reasons why she is such a good <u>alingle</u> . The main reason is that she is nice and she always loves to play fun things. I hope she will be my <u>alingle</u> forever!	
	What do you think a glingle is?	
	Explain why you think that is what it is?	
6.	On Valentine's Day, I made my mom a card with a <u>blogale</u> in it. I cut the <u>blogale</u> out of paper and decorated it with red glitter. At first, I did not know how to make a <u>blogale</u> but then my sister showed me that you can draw one side of it on a folded piece of paper then you cut the <u>blogale</u> out and then open it up. Voila! A near perfect <u>blogale</u> ! A perfect <u>blogale</u> has symmetry on both sides.	
	What do you think a bloggle is?	
	Explain why you think that is what it is?	



8

2nd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 8







Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at www.brighterchoice.org under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name:	Week 8 Day 1 Date:
BCCS-Bovs	NYU Cornell Columbia

The Early Asian Civilization: Lesson 6, Diwali

boundaries - edges; real or ima	ginary	that indicate a border or limit
contributions - things or ideas	that are	and passed down
independently- on our	; free fro	n the control of other people or things
rugged;	ıneven	
unique- special; the	0	f its kind

LEQ: Why do Hindus celebrate Diwali?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

Guided Annotation Work

What is this woman holding in her hands? ¹ This woman is a Hindu and she is holding candles for **Diwali** (di-wah-lee). Diwali is one of the many festivals held every year by Hindus in India and around the world. *Diwali* means "Festival of Lights." Diwali is an important festival because of what each light symbolizes. According to an ancient Indian legend, Diwali began many, many years ago to celebrate the victory, or success, of a king in battle. The story, however, begins with a Hindu god.

Name:	Week 8 Day 1 Date:
RCCS-Roys	NYU Cornell Columbia

The Early Asian Civilization: Lesson 6, Diwali Independent Annotation Work

LEQ: Why do Hindus celebrate Diwali?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

Today, Diwali is the most famous of all Indian festivals.

Begun by the Hindus, Diwali is now celebrated by many Indians worldwide, not just Hindus. The timing of the festival, which is based on the cycles of the moon, falls on different days every year, but it is always in either October or November. For five days, people celebrate the goodness in one another. Lamps and candles illuminate windows and doorways. Walls and gateposts are strewn with tiny lights. Garlands of electric lights stretch for miles throughout the cities and the countryside. Each light stands for the good inside the person who lit it, symbolizing light over darkness—good over evil. 10

Lesson 6: Exit Ticket

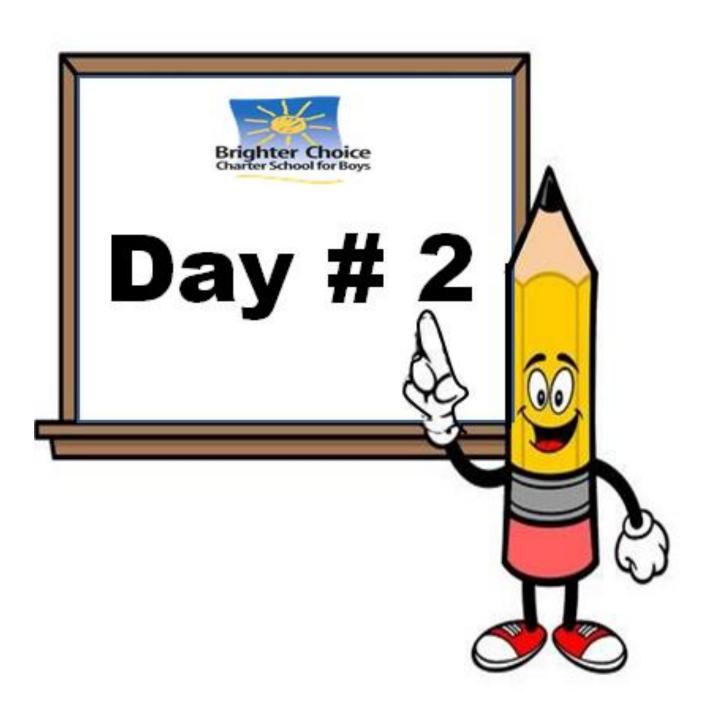
wny do Hin	aus celebrate L	olwaii?		

Name:	Week 8 Day 1 Date:	
RCCS-Roys	NVI Cornell Columbia	

Day 1 Homework

Directions: Use your ELA guided notes and annotations to write about Diwali.

Name	Let's Celet	orate Diwali.	
			©Kindergarten Matters 2017
Write ab	out Diwali		



Name:	_Week 8 Day 2 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 7, Buddhists and Buddhism

Buddhism - the world'shis teachings.	religion, which honors the Buddha and
conquer- to	something by mental or physical force.
suffering- misery or	·
venture - to do something	a possible danger or risk.

LEQ: What are the four noble truths and why are they important?

Guided Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

What do you suppose Siddhartha, the Buddha, learned during those seven weeks? ¹³ The Buddha learned several lessons, and his lessons became known as the Four Noble Truths. These four truths are:

- All people experience suffering and unhappiness.
- Suffering and unhappiness come from greed, or desiring ¹⁴ too many worldly things.
- Suffering and unhappiness end when unrealistic desires end. 15
- People can end suffering and unhappiness by following a few basic rules.

Name:	Week 8 Day 2 Date:
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RCCS-Roys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 7, Buddhists and Buddhism Independent Annotation Work

LEQ: What are the four noble truths and why are they important?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

What do you suppose Siddhartha, the Buddha, learned during those seven weeks? ¹³ The Buddha learned several lessons, and his lessons became known as the Four Noble Truths. These four truths are:

- All people experience suffering and unhappiness.
- Suffering and unhappiness come from greed, or desiring ¹⁴ too many worldly things.
- Suffering and unhappiness end when unrealistic desires end. ¹⁵
- People can end suffering and unhappiness by following a few basic rules.

Name:	Week 8 Day 2 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Lesson 7: Exit Ticket

Directions: Choose the two Noble Truths

Jealousy can hurt others.

All people experience suffering and unhappiness

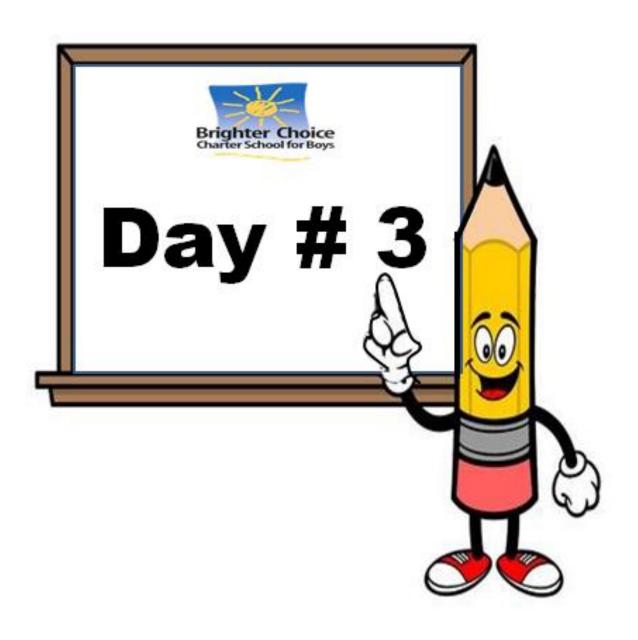
People can end suffering and unhappiness by following a few basic rules

Tell the truth or no one will believe you.

Name:	Week 8 Day 2 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 2 Homework

	ravery	
Describe a time when you wer	e brave.	



Name:	Week 8 Day 3 Date:
	,
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 3 Homework

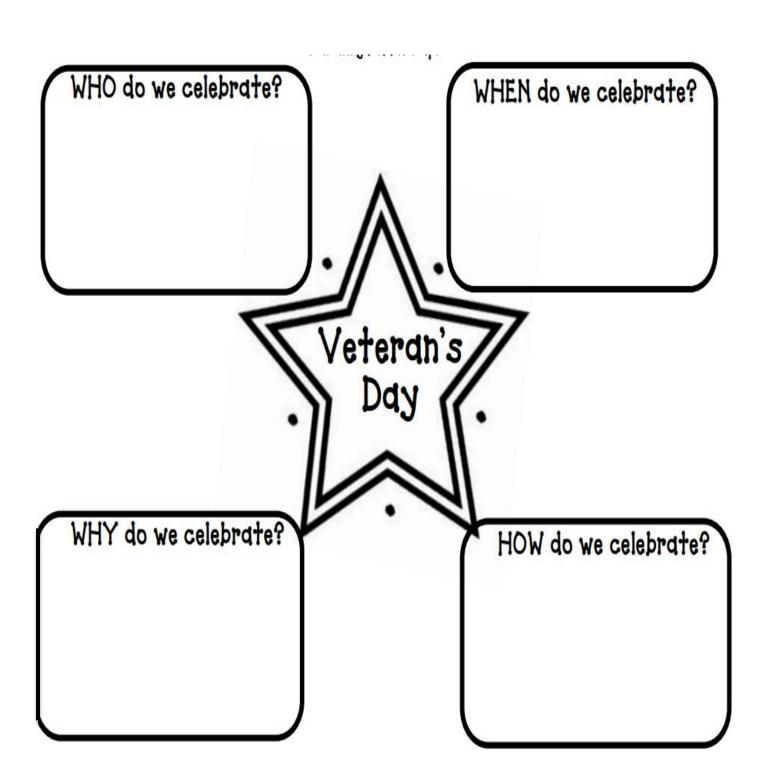
Directions Read the poem to complete the bubble map on the next page.

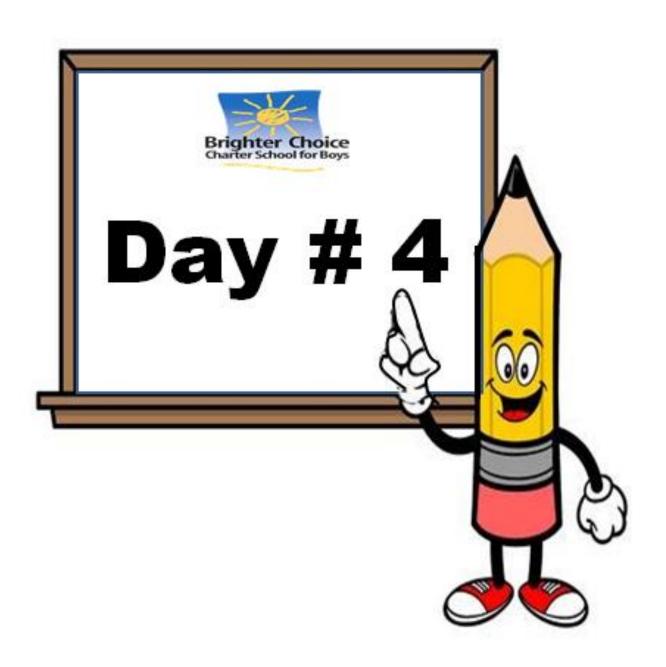
Veteran's Day On Veteran's Day we honor all, Who answered to a service call. Soldiers young, and soldiers old, Fought for freedom, brave and bold. Some have lived, while others died, All of them deserve our pride. We're proud of all the soldiers who, Kept thinking of red, white and blue. They fought for us and all our rights, They fought through many days and nights. ${}^{ m s}\!\mathsf{And}$ though we may not know each Σ name. We thank ALL veterans just the same. By: Cheryl Dyson 1

Name:	_ Week 8 Day 3 Date:
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BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia





Name:	Week 8 Day 4 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 8, The Yellow and Yangtze Rivers

plateaus- high, wide,	ground
silt- a mixture of soil,	, and clay.
sorrow- deep suffering or	_ that results from a loss or misfortune
Yangtze River- the	river in China
Yellow River - A river that flows through	China'slands

Guided Annotation Work

LEQ: How did the river make farming easier for the Chinese?

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

The Yangtze River, China's longest river, lies to the south of the Yellow River. There the temperature is much warmer and flooding is less of a problem. ¹² Its fertile valley is sometimes called "China's rice bowl" because its temperate climate ¹³ is perfect for growing rice. ¹⁴ Wheat and millet, used in making bread and noodles, grow well along the Yellow River, but rice—the main crop of China—had its beginnings along the Yangtze. Together, these two river valleys form the country's greatest food-producing region.

Name:	Week 8 Day 4 Date:
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BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 8, The Yellow and Yangtze Rivers

LEQ: How did the river make farming easier for the Chinese?

Independent Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

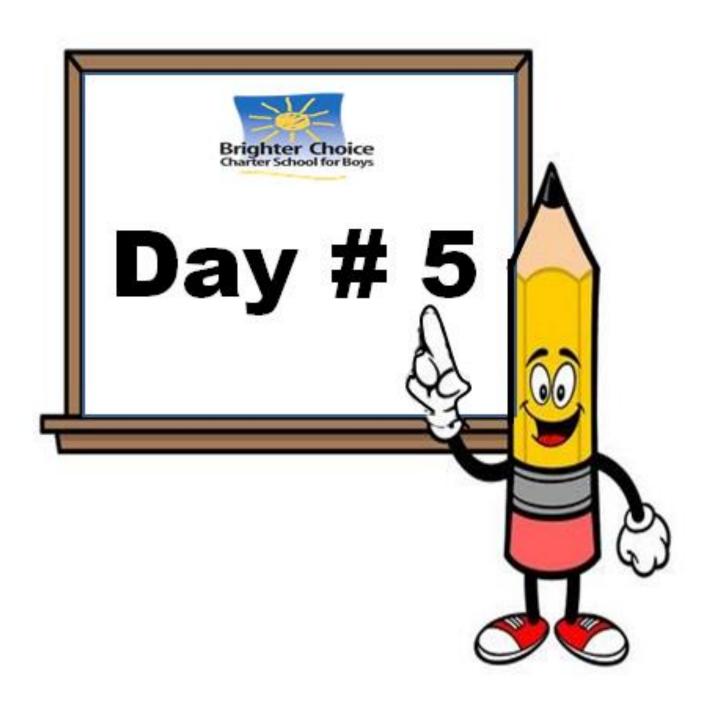
The Chinese have always been inventors. Many of their inventions changed the way people farmed, making the river valleys more and more productive. For example, the ancient Chinese invented seed planting. Instead of scattering seeds on top of the earth, they developed seed drills, used for planting seeds in ordered rows. They invented iron plows and harnesses so that horses or oxen could easily pull the plows. And to get water from low ground to the crops planted on higher ground, the Chinese invented a pump, to irrigate the fields. ¹⁵

Lesson 8 Exit Ticket Directions: Draw a way the river made farming easier for the Chinese. Explain you picture on the lines below.		

Name:	Week 8 Day 4 Date:
	,
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 4 Homework

My Favorite Season Describe your favorite season (fall, winter, spring, or summer). Tell what kinds of things you like to do during that season.



Name:	Week 8 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 9, Paper, Writing, and Calligraphy

character- a symbol or used in a	system of writing
durable- something that is strong and made to	for a very long time
remarkable- to be recognized as	or extraordinary

LEQ: How has writing benefited the Chinese?

Guided Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

Chinese inventors came up with a solution to printing more books.

Block printing was invented. The text, written on a thin piece of paper, was glued facedown to a wooden block. Then, each character was carved out to make a woodblock printing plate. A separate block was created for each page of the book. If you made a mistake, you had to start all over again! The method wasn't perfect for sure, but the Chinese never gave up. Over the years they developed better methods that spread throughout the world.

Name:	. Week 8 Day 5 Date:
	·
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Early Asian Civilizations: Lesson 9, Paper, Writing, and Calligraphy

LEQ: How has writing benefited the Chinese?

Independent Annotation Work

Directions: Underline the part in the passage that answers the LEQ. Be sure to write LEQ next to underlined part.

The softer, more **durable** paper meant that books were easier to make, and for many years the Chinese did indeed have more books than any other country in the world. ¹⁵ However, the Chinese style of bookmaking took a long time. Think about how easy it is for you to get copies of books today. You simply go to the library or bookstore and pick out the book you want. Before those books get to the library or store, they are easily printed and bound by machines. Well, in ancient China, each book had to be made individually. If you wanted a copy of a book, you had to copy it by hand yourself—copying each individual character, or symbol, from the very first page to the very last!

Lesson 9 Exit Ticket

How has writing benefitted the Chinese?

- a) It helps them to be smart
- b) It helps them communicate
- c) It's nice

Name:	Week 8 Day 5 Date:
	,
BCCS-Boys	NYU Cornell Columbia

Day 5 Homework

Directions: Read the story and answer the questions. Underline your evidence.



By S. V. Richard

Zac and Sam went to the store because they wanted food. Zac wanted ham. Sam wanted chips and dip.

"I want to get ham," Zac said.

"I do not want to get ham," Sam said. "I want to get chips and dip."

"I do not like chips and dip," Zac said.

"What are we going to do?" Sam asked.

The store was big. There were lots of things to get. Zac and Sam could not make up their minds.

"Do you want to eat oranges?" Zac asked.

"I do not know if I want oranges," Sam said. "Do you want to eat eggs?"

"No, I do not know if I want eggs. We could get figs or nuts."

"No, I do not know what I want. Do you like pie?" Sam asked.

"No! Do you want to eat cake?" Zac asked.

"No, but I know what we can buy," Sam said.

Zac and Sam got ice cream.

Name:	Week 8 Day 5 Date:

BCCS-Boys

NYU Cornell Columbia

Zee end Sem At the Store

By S. V. Richard





- 2. Who wanted chips and dip?
- 3. Who wanted ham?
- 4. Who does not like pie?
- 5. What did Zac and Sam buy? _____