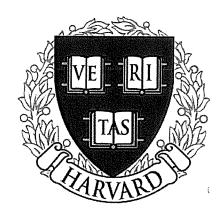


Name		

3rd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 9





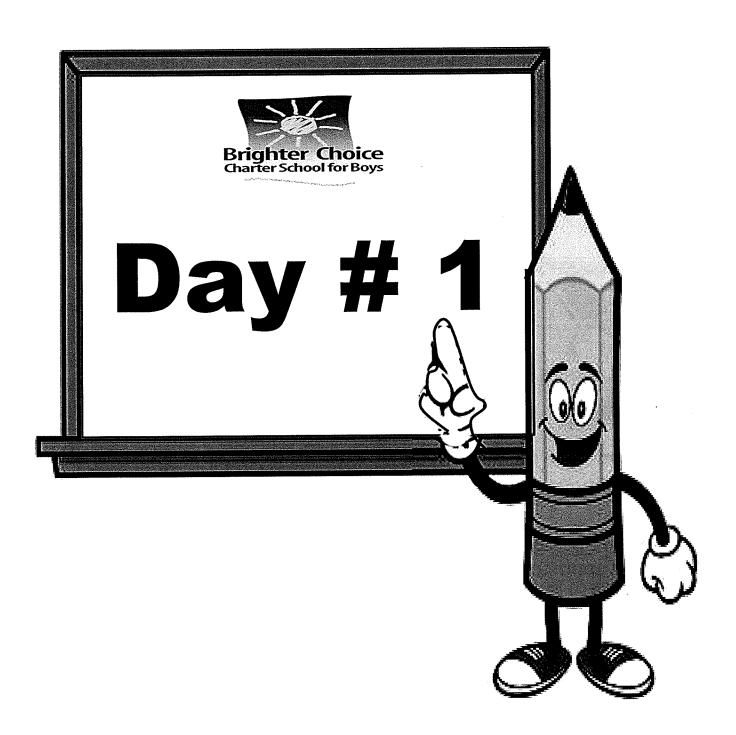


Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at www.brighterchoice.org under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name:	Week 9 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Packet

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

LEQ: Why is it important to understand the main idea of a text?

<u>Objective:</u> I can use details from a text to determine the main idea of a passage of text.

Main Idea
The main idea helps readers understand what a story is mainly about?

The main idea helps readers understand what a story is mainly about?

The main idea is mostly about?

The main idea is in the first or last sentence.

The sentence in the first or last sentence.

The main idea is in the first or last sentence.

The main idea is in the first or last sentence.

The main idea is in the first or last sentence.

The main idea helps readers and in the main idea is in the first or last sentence.

Our Toolkit for the day

Name				
BCCS	-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
r – – - I Do N				
In you	r own words, what is main idea?			
Make	sure to restate the question in your c	own words, and provide a c	complete thou	gh. This means that
you M	UST begin your sentence with a capit	tal letter and end your stat	ement with a	period.
r — —			7	
ı Voc	cabulary Guide	d Notes	1	
L				
	Main Idea: What the			
story.	Supporting Details: Details that hel	lpthe _		of the

Name:		Week 9 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-E	- ₁	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
CFU	i			
Directions: F your choice i	Read the paragraph, determin n main idea.	ne the main idea. Underli	ne your evid	lence that best supports
	How Far Lightning Trave	ls		
li (1	Lightning can flash faster ghtning can streak down to ghtning stroke that flashes 4 kilometers). That's taller ightning flashes from cloud	o the ground and back down to earth can stre than the world's high	up to the cetch up to need to the cetch up to need to the cetch up to need to the cetch up to	louds. A ine miles in.
Wh	at is the main idea of paragra	.ph 6?		
Α	Lightning can reach from t	the sky to the ground.		
В	A bolt of lightning can trav	vel up to nine miles.		
C	Flashes of lightning can jur	mp from one cloud to an	other.	
D	Lightning can move over la	arge distances very quick	dy.	
	your own words, what is the magnetic swer. Cite two details from the			
-				

Name:	Week 9 Day 1 Date:
BCCS-B	Harvard Yale Princeton
Application Activity	_ ¬ ¬
Directions: Read the paragraph, determine thoice in main idea.	ne the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your
"I'm tired of winter," said Manda Dad waved at their neighbor. Mariko looked up to see Mr. waved back. "Mr. Hill loves his garden," so flower garden. It was full of tuling Dad nodded. "Yes, he does. A outside in winter. The streets are At the store, Mariko helped lower may choose a treat for Mariko thought an apple wo caught her eye. She pulled on Dad's sleeve. "Dad smiled. "Is that the treat Mariko nodded. Mariko couldn't stop looking got to Mr. Hill's house, she stop "Wait here, Dad, please," she Mariko rang the doorbell. When Mr. Hill came to the outside the little was the stop like the	Hill in his window. He waved, and she aid Mariko. Mr. Hill had the prettiest spring ps and daffodils. And since he is old, it is hard for him to go e too icy." Dad choose milk, bread, and carrots. yourself, Mariko," said Dad. buld taste good. But suddenly something else Oh, Dad, look, daffodils!" t you want?" g at her daffodils all the way home. But when she ped. She looked up at the window. said. "I'll be right back."
What is this story mostly about? A shopping for groceries B walking to the store C being nice to a neighbor D working in the garden	In your own words, what is the main idea of the paragraph above? Use RACES to answer. Cite two details from the paragraph above to support your answer.

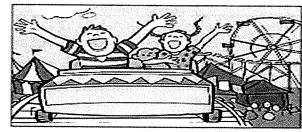
Name:	Week 9 Day	1 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Exit Ticket			

Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choice in main idea.

Finding the Main Idea

Saturday at the Carnival

James and his sister, Anna, went to the carnival on Saturday. They rode the merrygo-round, the roller coaster and the Ferris wheel. James ate popcorn and a hot dog. Anna drank lemonade and



ate an apple. They saw many exciting shows. They were tired when they went home.



What is the main idea? Circle the correct answer.

- A. James and Anna were hungry.
- B. James and Anna did many things at the carnival.
- C. The merry-go-round was broken.
- D. The carnival was on Saturday.

1	In your over words what is the weight in the scale of the second of the
1.	In your own words, what is the main idea of the paragraph above? Use RACES to answer. Cite two details from the paragraph above to support your answer.

Name:	Week 9 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day



Main Idea:

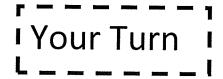
When you are looking for the main idea:

- 1. Read the entire text.
- 2. Think "what did I mostly just read about"
- 3. Underline evidence that supports your thinking.

Dear Ms. Maisenbacher, My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's ELA homework

Parent Signature ©

Name:	Week 9 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton



Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choice in main idea.

Main Idea MULTIPLE CHOICE

The main idea of a text tells what the text is mostly about. Supporting details are the sentences that support the main idea.

Directions: Read the paragraphs below. Then choose the best main idea from the multiple choice options. Highlight or underline one supporting detail in the text. An example has been done for you.



EXAMPLE:

Pizza is a favorite food in the United States.
Pizza is from Italy in the late 1800s. It became
popular in the United States after World War II.
People like to add toppings. Some toppings are
pepperoni, sausage, and vegetables. These
toppings give pizza more flavor. Pepperoni is
America's favorite topping.

- Living things are organisms with certain characteristics. They need water, food, and air to survive. They grow and change, and they move on their own. Living things reproduce, or make more of themselves. For example, plants and animals are living things. Plants make their own food and animals eat plants or other animals for food.
- 2. Have you ever seen a giraffe at the zoo? Giraffes are the tallest animals in the world. The average height of a giraffe is 16–18 feet tall. This animal has a very long neck and legs. Giraffes eat the leaves from tall trees. Other animals cannot reach that high. Male giraffes are even taller than female giraffes.

What is the main idea of the passage?

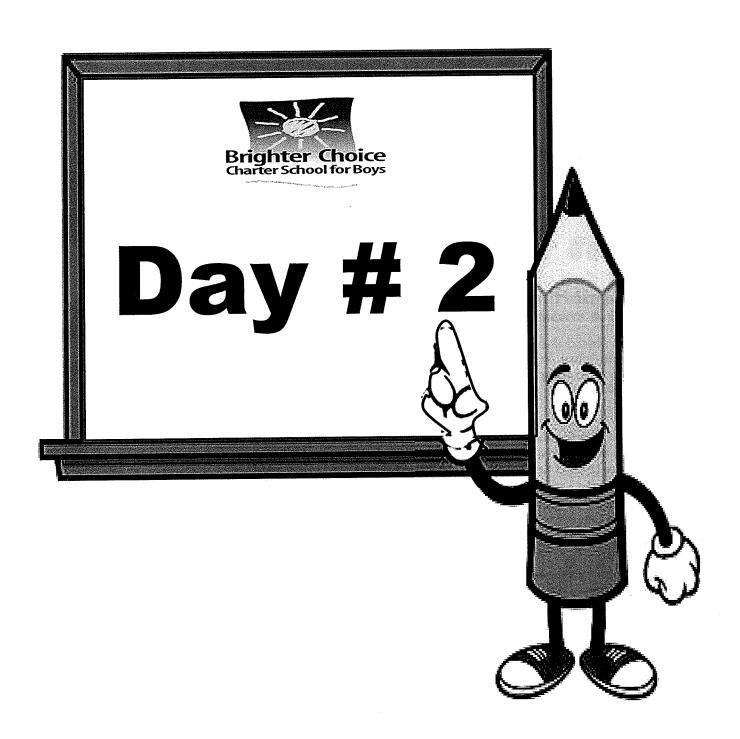
- a. Pizza is made from flour.
- b. Pizza was first made in Italy.
- c. You should eat the delicious pizza.
- d) Pizza is a popular meal in the United States.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- a. There are four characteristics of living things.
- b. Animals make their own food.
- c. All living things need sunlight.
- d. Plants eat other plants.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- a. Giraffes are extremely tall animals.
- b. Giraffes don't sleep very much.
- c. Giraffes are unique animals.
- d. Giraffes eat leaves.



Name:	Week 9 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

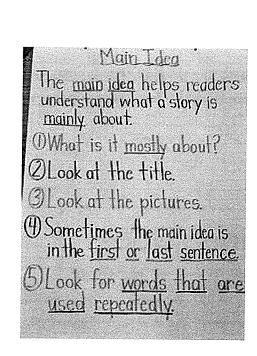
ELA Packet

Our Learning for today:

 $L_{1}E_{1}A_{1}R_{1}N_{1}I_{1}N_{1}G_{2}$

LEQ: How can we determine the main idea of a text?

<u>Objective:</u> I can read a passage and use supporting details to determine the main idea of a passage.



Our Toolkit for the day

Name:	Week 9 Day	2 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princetor
o Now			
	المعاملة عامل		
How can we determine the main i	idea of a text?		
		a samulata the	ough This moor
Make sure to restate the question in	n your own words, and provide	e a complete the	ough. This mear
Make sure to restate the question in that you MUST begin your sentence	n your own words, and provide with a capital letter and end y	e a complete tho your statement v	ough. This mear with a period.
Make sure to restate the question in that you MUST begin your sentence	n your own words, and provide with a capital letter and end y	e a complete the your statement v	ough. This mear with a period.
Make sure to restate the question in that you MUST begin your sentence	n your own words, and provide with a capital letter and end y	e a complete the rour statement v	ough. This mear with a period.
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Make sure to restate the question in that you MUST begin your sentence	n your own words, and provide with a capital letter and end y	e a complete the rour statement v	ough. This mear with a period.
that you MUST begin your sentence	with a capital letter and end y	our statement v	with a period.
that you MUST begin your sentence Video Notes As you watch the video, take	e with a capital letter and end y	our statement v	with a period.
that you MUST begin your sentence	e with a capital letter and end y	our statement v	with a period.
that you MUST begin your sentence Video Notes As you watch the video, take	e with a capital letter and end y	our statement v	with a period.
that you MUST begin your sentence Video Notes As you watch the video, take	e with a capital letter and end y	our statement v	with a period.

Name:	Week 9 Day	2 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Uı			

Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choice in main idea.



Wouldn't it be funny if your mom said to you, "It's time for bed, Honey. It's almost November!" Well, if you were a bear cub, your mother might be getting you ready to go into a deep sleep around October.

That "deep sleep" is called "hibernation." Bears who live where it is cold go into hibernation to survive the winter. By taking this long nap, they can get through the chilly and snowy months when the food they eat, like berries and nuts, cannot be found.

Have you ever heard someone say they are as hungry as a bear? Bears need to eat a lot of food before hibernation. They eat so much that they may gain up to forty pounds of fat in a week.

During the winter, bears will live off the fat stored in their bodies. Bears are able to do that because their bodies use a lot less energy during hibernation. That is because their heartbeats slow down. Their breathing slows down, too. Their bodies don't grow and body temperature drops.

If you were going to sleep all winter, wouldn't you want to be in a safe, protected place? That is what a bear wants, so it will look for a cave or a hollow tree to use as its den. It makes a bed using grass, leaves, and twigs. The bear may start to hibernate as early as October and might not wake up until April or May, when the weather is warm again.

When the bear awakens, it will have lost much of the fat that was gained. But springtime will bring a fresh supply of berries and nuts to enjoy until it is time to hibernate again in the fall.

Th	is article is mostly about how bears	1. In your own words, what is the main idea of the paragraph
	gather their food look for dens	above? Use RACES to answer. Cite two details from the paragraph above to support your answer.
Н	sleep during winter	
J	make their beds	

Name:	Week 9 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Application Activity

Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choice in main idea.

Now your windsock is ready to use, but how does it work? Wind flows through the tube and makes it fly and dance around. Hold the windsock up in the air by its string and run around. It will fly behind you. You can also hang it outside and watch it dance around on its own!

- one piece of heavy colored paper
- five ribbons
- strong tape
- a string
- a pencil

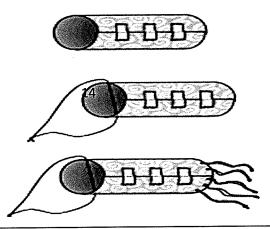
What to do:

Step I: First, decorate the paper. You can draw pictures on it. You can write your name. Do anything that will make it special to you.

Step 2: Roll the paper into the shape of a tube. Hold one of the shorter edges over the other. Then tape the tube together at each end and in the middle.

Step 3: Use a pencil to poke a hole into both sides of the tube. The holes should be only on one end of the tube. Pull the string through both holes. Then tie the ends of the string together.

Step 4: Now poke five holes around the top of the other end of the tube. Put a ribbon through each of the holes. Tie a knot in the ends. Make sure the knots are bigger than the holes.



What is	the	main	purpose	of	this	article
---------	-----	------	---------	----	------	---------

F to teach an important lesson

G to tell an interesting story

H to explain how to do something

J to give information about wind

2.	In your own words, what is the main idea of the paragraph
	above? Use RACES to answer. Cite two details from the
	paragraph above to support your answer.

1	Λ

Name:	Week 9 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Exit Ticket

Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choic in main idea.

Main Idea

Read each paragraph and choose the main idea.

I have a dog named Boots. I taught him lots of tricks. When I tell him to, Boots will sit or lay down. He can also wave his paw to greet people. When I say, "Dance, Boots.", he will stand up on two legs and walk. I don't know of many dogs that can do such amazing tricks.

Yesterday was my birthday. When I woke up,
I noticed my brother Todd hung up a big sign that said,
"Happy Birthday, Joey!" Mom made spaghetti for dinner.
It's my favorite food in the whole world. My friend Dave
came over and handed me a wrapped gift. I wondered
what it was. It was a new basketball! I had a great day.

Peter's parents bought a new carpet for the living room. Now, he has to take his shoes off when he enters the house. He's also not allowed to eat or drink in the living room any more. Peter's furry dog isn't allowed to play ball in there either. When his parents got the new carpet, there were lots of new rules.

The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Boots is my dog.
- b. Boots can sit.
- c. Boots is very amort.
- d. Most dogs can't dance.

The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Todd had a great birthday.
- b. Joey had a great birthday.
- c. Todd got lots of gifts.
- d. Joey got lots of gifts.

The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Peter cannot go in the living room.
- b. Peter's parents don't like the carpet.
- c. Peter likes to make a mess.
- d. Peter's parents made new rules
 so the new corpet stays clean.

Name:	Week 9 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day



Main Idea:

When you are looking for the main idea:

- 1. Read the entire text.
- 2. Think "what did I mostly just read about"
- 3. Underline evidence that supports your thinking.

Dear Ms. Maisenbacher, My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's ELA homework

Parent Signature ©

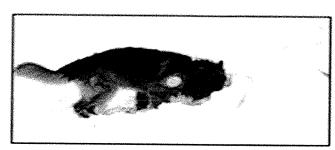
Name:	Week 9 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Your Turn

Directions: Read the paragraph, determine the main idea. Underline your evidence that best supports your choice in main idea.

MAIN IDEA: ** Working Dogs

The main idea of a text tells what the text is mostly about. Supporting details are the sentences that support the main idea.



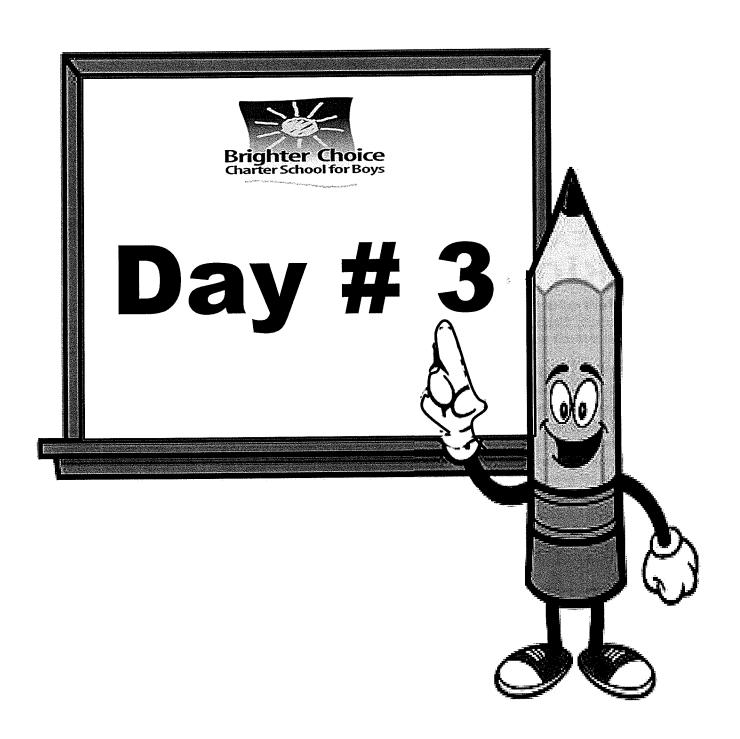
An avalanche rescue dog in training

Part 1: Read the paragraph below.

Working dogs are animals that have a job. These animals are trained to help people. They protect people. They make life easier. Some dogs work with police officers. They help them find criminals or weapons. Other dogs also help find people. They are called search and rescue dogs. They are trained to find missing people when there is a disaster, like a flood, avalanche, or tornado. Other dogs act as eyes for people with visual impairments. Some dogs act as ears for people with hearing impairments. Service dogs can also be helpers for people who are physically challenged. Dogs become working dogs when they are specially trained to help and protect people.

Part 2: Complete the graphic organizer by choosing the best main idea and supporting details from the sentences below. Some choices will not be used.

Main Idea:	
Supporting Ideas:	
1	b. Working dogs must be puppies. c. A dog can help people with visual impairments by acting as their eyes. d. Working dogs are trained dogs that help people. e. Some dogs help people with hearing impairments by action or their eyes.
************	f. A dog should be fed and loved if it is going to be helpful.



Name:	Week 9 Day 3	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

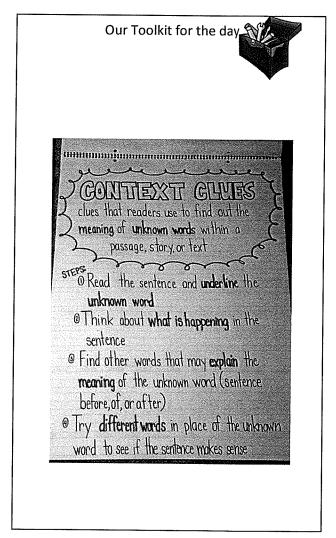
ELA Packet

Our Learning for today:

 L_1 E_1 A_1 R_1 N_1 I_1 N_1 G_2

LEQ: How can using context clues help us determine the meaning of unknown words in a passage?

<u>Objective:</u> I can use context clues to determine and explain the meaning of unknown words in a passage



Name:		3 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Do Now ;			
What are context clues?			
Make sure to restate the question in your ow	n words, and provide	a complete the	ough. This means
that you MUST begin your sentence with a ca			
that you moon begin your contents are	•		-
Vocabulary Guided	Notes I		
vocabular y duraca	110103		
	'		
Context Clues: the auth	or gives us about the	•	
	ioi Pirco as aboat inte	of a	oror
phrase.	ior gives as asout the	of a	oror
·			oror
Unknown: Something that we			oror
			or
			oror
Unknown: Something that we			or
Unknown: Something that we			or
Unknown: Something that we			or
Unknown: Something that we			or
Unknown: Something that we	yet know or o	understand.	
Unknown: Something that we	yet know or o	understand.	
Unknown: Something that we	yet know or o	understand.	
Unknown: Something that we	yet know or o	understand.	
Unknown: Something that we	yet know or o	understand.	
Unknown: Something that weideo Notes As you watch the video, take notes on the o	yet know or o	understand.	

	Name:	Week 9 Day 3	3 Date:	·
	BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
r	CFU I			
i	CFU I			
7	Directions: Read the excerpts from	om the nessages Determine	4h a ma a a i	-£4]
	words or phrases. Underline you		the meaning	of the unknown
	Mariko couldn't stop lookin got to Mr. Hill's house, she stop			t when she
	"Wait here, Dad, please," she	e said. "I'll be right back."		
	Mariko rang the doorbell.			
	When Mr. Hill came to the o	door, Mariko held out the	daffodils.	
	Mr. Hill's face lit up like the	sun.		
	"What a wonderful winter so	urprise!" he cried. "You hav	e brought n	x spring!"
	Mr. Hill's face lit the sun.	-		
	is sentence means tha	x Mr. Hill is		
а. З				
>	confised			
1.	Using your underlined evidence, Exp	lain the meaning of the unkno	own word or p	hrase from the passag
	Use RACES to structure you response	e.		
-				

Name:	Week 9 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
¹ CFU ₁				

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

If you were going to sleep all winter, wouldn't you want to be in a sale, protected place? That is what a bear wants, so it will look for a cave or a hollow tree to use as its den. It makes a bed using grass, leaves, and twigs. The bear may start to hibernate as early as October and might not wake up until April or May, when the weather is warm again.

When the bear awakens, it will have lost much of the fat that was gained. But springtime will bring a fresh supply of berries and nuts to enjoy until it is time to hibernate again in the fall.

The article says that spring brings "a fresh supply of berries and nuts" for bears.

The word "fresh" most likely means

F. smart

G clean H bright

J new

2.	Using your underlined evidence, Explain the meaning of the unknown word or phrase from the passage. Use RACES to structure you response.
<u> </u>	

Name:	Week 9 Day 3	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Application Activity

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

You Can Make a Windsock!

Have you ever seen a windsock blowing in the wind? Well, you can make one of your own! This is a fun project that you can do with things you may have at home. You just need to follow a few easy steps.

Read this sentence from the article.

This is a fun project that you can do with things you may have at home.

The word "project" most likely means

- A game
- B story
- C show
- D task

3.	3. Using your underlined evidence, Explain the meaning of the unknown word or phrase from the pass Use RACES to structure you response.			
	ose to structure you response.			

Name:	Week 9 Day 3			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Exit Ticket

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

My Favorite Sweater

by Bonnie Highsmith Taylor

My favorite sweater grew too small. I loved that sweater best of all. My grandma made it when I was three. She made that sweater just for me.

I picked the yarn, a special blue.
The color of bluebells, wet with dew.
When I was three I was very small
But now I'm five and much too tall.

I have a new jacket now that's green So I gave my sweater to our cat Queen. Queen just had kittens out in the shed. My favorite sweater is now their bed.

Resi	this	line	from	the	poem.
------	------	------	------	-----	-------

My favorite sweater grew too small.

What does this line mean?

- F The girl likes small sweaters.
- **G** The girl became too big for the sweater.
- H The girl's grandma made a small sweater.
- J The girl's sweater became smaller than it once was.

4.	Using your underlined evidence, Explain the meaning of the unknown word or phrase from the			
	passage. Use RACES to structure you response.			

Name:	Week 9 Day 3	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day



Main Idea:

When you use clues in a story to figure out the meaning of a new word you are using **context clues**.

- 4. Clues are in the same sentence as the new word and the sentences around it too.
- 5. Clues can be found by thinking about how the word is used in a sentence.
- 6. Clues can also be found by thinking about the main idea and details of the story.

Dear Ms. Maisenbacher, My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's ELA homework

Parent Signature ©

Name:	Week 9 Day 3	3 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
r			
! Your Turn I			

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

- 5 When Riley sat down to take her skates off, Craig said, "I wish I could fly."
- Riley retied her skate laces and crouched next to Craig. "Get on my back," she said, and Craig did. Riley started skating, but Craig didn't feel like he was flying. It just felt like a wobbly piggy-back ride.

What does the word "crouched" mean as it is used in paragraph 6?

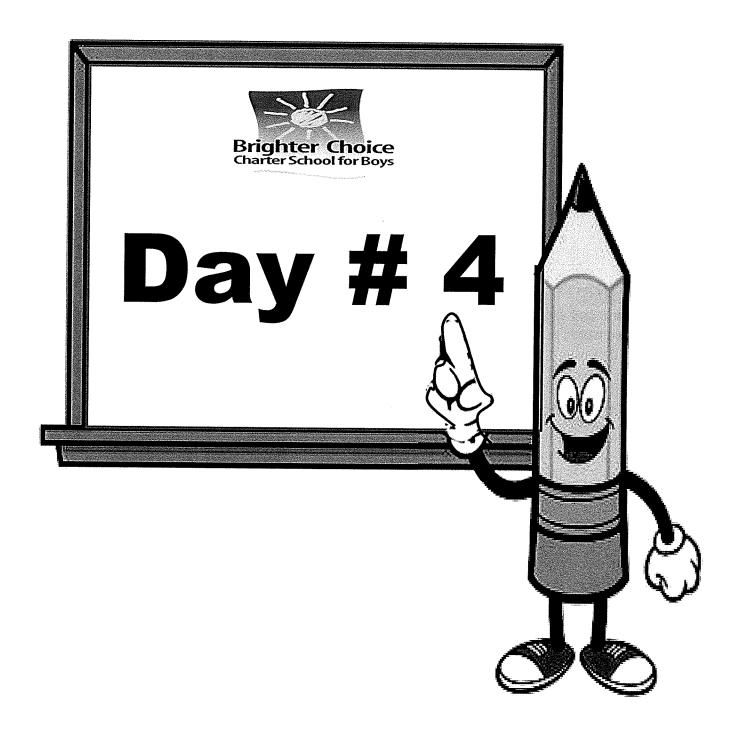
- A spun around
- B bent down
- C stood up
- D fell over

Past Pacts

It does not have to be raining outside for lightning to strike. Lightning can strike both before and after the rain falls, or even when there is no rain at all. Lightning helps nature by putting nitrogen into the ground and air. Nitrogen is a nutrient. That means it feeds plants and helps them grow.

What does the word "nutrient" mean as it is used in paragraph 10?

- A a type of lightning
- B a supply of heat
- C a kind of plant
- D a form of food



Name:	Week 9 Day 4	1 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

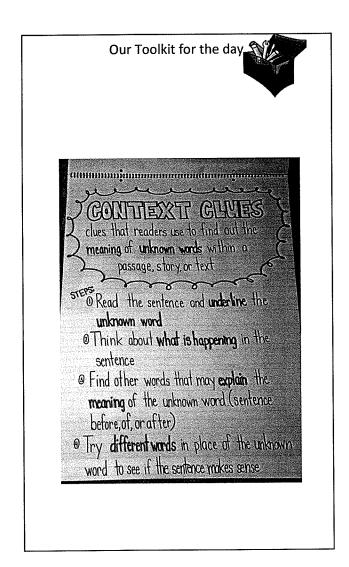
ELA Packet

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

LEQ: How can understanding unknown vocabulary words better help us understand a text?

Objective: I can use context clues to determine and explain the meaning of unknown words in a passage



Do Now			
How can context clues help us understand words o	or phrases in a p	oassage?	-
Make sure to restate the question in your own words, that you MUST begin your sentence with a capital lette			
Vocabulary Guided Not	es I		
Explain: To something or to or or or		g in more	

Name:	Week 9 Day 4 I	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
CFU Directions: Read the excerpts words or phrases. Underline y	from the passages. Determine the your evidence.	e meaning	g of the unknown
	where every bump, every tree did, the sand and the peppers		
Caretakers noticed a b see people. But he knew v	ig change in Nitro. He mastere where they were, even if they s	ed his sp tood per	pace. He couldn't rfectly still.
In paragraph 16, what does the word	"mastered" suggest about Nitro?		
A that he needed a larger space			
B that he felt comfortable in his spa	ce		
C that he liked people to visit his sp	pace		
D that he wanted to defend his space	e		
5. Using your underlined evidence Use RACES to structure you res		wn word	or phrase from the passage.

Name:		Week 9 Day	Week 9 Day 4 Date:		
BCC	S-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
	⁻ 1				
CFU	I				
Direc	tions: Read the excerpts from the	ne passages. Determine	the meaning	of the unknown	
Wolu	s or phrases. Underline your evi	aence.			
42	"Let's follow the smell," said	lvy.			
43	"Great idea," said Izzy.				
44	So Izzy, Inez, and Ivy went	outside. They walked a	round the ya	rd, sniffing.	
45	"Check out the area behind	these bushes," said Izz	y.		
46	"That's Baxter's favorite nap	ping spot," said Inez. "	The ground t	here is covered	
·	the sentence from paragraph 4 Check out the area behind the	hese bushes," said Izz			
Which	best describes the meaning of	of "check out" as it is	used in the	sentence?	
A sea	rch				
B wri	te on				
C sit	next to				
D stay	away from				
	our underlined evidence, Explain to CES to structure you response.	the meaning of the unknown	own word or p	hrase from the passage	

		Name:	Week 9 Day			
	_	BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
	I A	pplication Activit	y			
		Directions: Read the excerpts from words or phrases. Underline your ex		the meaning	of the unknown	
	17	"He would hide them behind t Josh said.	the big, ugly brown cha	ir in the livin	g room,"	
"That chair is not ugly!" Mom scolded.						
	19	"OK, Mom," Mary Jane groand She hopped out of her seat and rapulled out the heavy chair. "My standard ribbons I thought I had lost at the other day."	an into the next room. V tuff is here!" she gasped	With a grunt, l. "And here a	she slowly ire some	
Re	ad thes	e sentences from paragraph 19.				
		hopped out of her seat and ran in	nto the next room. W	ith a grunt,	she	
W	hich wo	ords give the best clue for why Ma	ary Jane grunts?			
Α	"hoppe	ed out"				
В	"ran ii	nto"				
C	"she sl	lowly"		•		
D	"heavy	chair"				
	7.	Using your underlined evidence, Expla Use RACES to structure you response.		nown word or	phrase from the passage.	

Name:	Week 9 Day	4 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
r			
I Evit Tialiat			

Exit Ticket

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

The Need for Speed

- Before cars, people used their own feet or animals for transportation. People walked. They rode horses, camels, even elephants. Or they drove wagons, carriages, or sleds. Animals provided the power. Travel was slow and difficult. People rarely went far. They couldn't carry many goods with them.
- Inventors began to dream. What could go faster? What could haul heavier loads? Could they build a vehicle with its own source of power?

In paragraph 4, the word "vehicle" means something that

- A leads to questions
- B takes years to create
- C moves people and goods
- D encourages people to invent
- Other car inventors had a different idea for power. Would electric batteries work? The first electric car was invented in the 1830s in Scotland. By 1900, electric cars were the most popular kind of car in the U.S. They were quiet. They didn't smell as much.
- Yet they had drawbacks, too. Most could only go about 30 to 60 kilometers (20 to 40 miles). Then the battery died. Places to plug in and recharge the battery were scarce.

Read this sentence from paragraph 11.

Yet they had drawbacks, too.

The word "drawbacks" shows that the electric car

- A was not quickly accepted by the public
- B changed the way that people traveled
- C did not provide a perfect solution
- D used batteries for power

Name:	Week 9 Day 4 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day



Main Idea:

When you use clues in a story to figure out the meaning of a new word you are using **context clues**.

- 7. Clues are in the same sentence as the new word and the sentences around it too.
- 8. Clues can be found by thinking about how the word is used in a sentence.
- 9. Clues can also be found by thinking about the main idea and details of the story.

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Name:	Week 9 Day 4 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
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Your Turn

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

by Saviour Pirotta

- One day, as Niel was strolling down the road, he spotted a snake trapped between two rocks. Niel hated seeing a creature in trouble. He pulled apart the rocks carefully so that the snake could slither away.
- 2 "I owe you a reward," said the snake. "Hold out your hand." And the snake dropped a snake tooth into his palm.
- 3 "Wear it around your neck," he whispered, "and you'll understand everything that animals say. But if you reveal your secret, the charm won't work anymore."
- 4 "I won't tell anyone," Niel assured him.
- The snake flicked out his tongue. "Beware! Secrets are hard to keep, my friend."

132030130 3

Read paragraphs 3 and 4 from the story.

"Wear it around your neck," he whispered, "and you'll understand everything that animals say. But if you reveal your secret, the charm won't work anymore."

"I won't tell anyone," Niel assured him.

Which word from paragraph 3 or 4 best helps the reader understand the meaning of the word "reveal"?

- **A** whispered
- **B** understand
- C tell
- **D** assured

Name:	Week 9 Day 4	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Your Turn

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Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Determine the meaning of the unknown words or phrases. Underline your evidence.

But the real dig wasn't at all what he'd expected. For starters, he wasn't even digging. "No shovels," Dave, the paleontologist in charge, told them. "Any dinosaur bones buried here should be within a couple of feet of the surface. We don't want to risk clunking around and breaking them." Then he'd handed out ice picks and paint brushes and showed everyone how to chip and brush away sand and dirt, slowly and carefully, a little bit at a time.

"The most important thing is knowing where to look," Dave said. "Some rocks aren't old enough to have dinosaur bones. Other rocks are too old. We've studied this area before and found lots of fossils, so I'm hopeful you'll find some too!"

Well, that had been two days ago, and so far the most exciting thing Benny had found was that his front tooth was loose. He wiggled it now. If he couldn't find any dinosaur bones, at least he could show his friends back home that he'd lost another tooth.

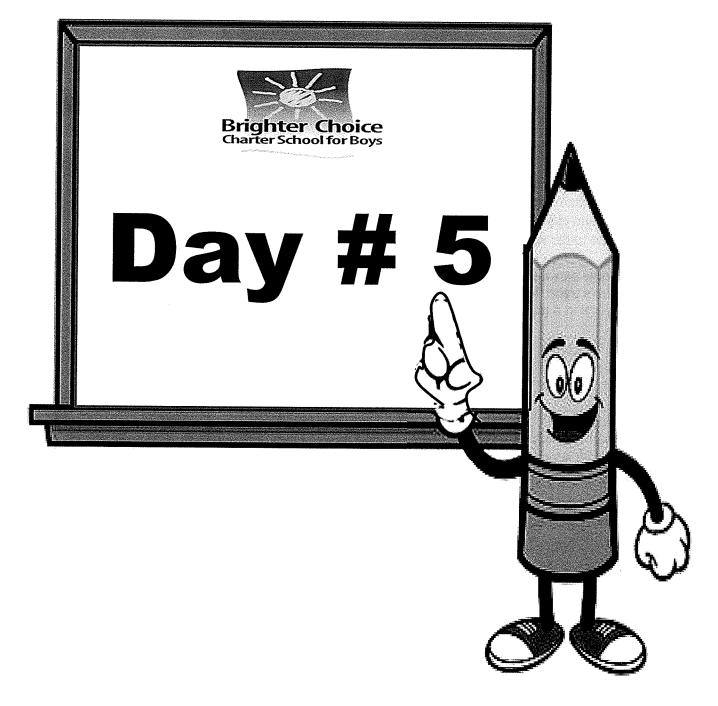
Dave crouched beside Benny. "How's it going?" he asked.

"OK," Benny said. It didn't seem very nice to say that he was bored. "This is pretty slow."

Dave nodded. "Yep," he agreed. "It's hard work. Sometimes paleontologists and fossil hunters look for weeks without finding anything. And we hardly ever find a whole skeleton." He added, "You know, Ben, if you're tired of searching, you can always help someone else on the crew."

14203070_2

- 19 Based on paragraphs 2 and 7, a "paleontologist" is a person who mainly
 - A digs deep in the ground
 - **B** studies ancient animal bones
 - C leads a big team
 - D finds complete animal skeletons



Name:	Week 9 Day 5	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

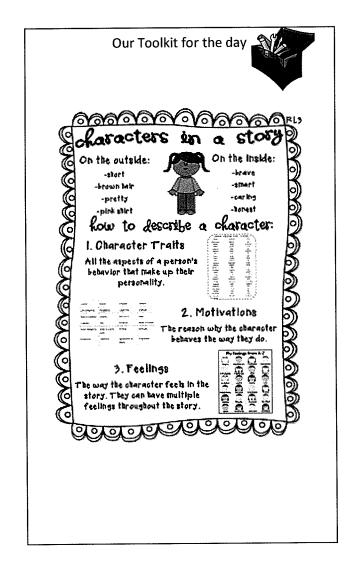
 $L_1 = A_1 R_1 N_1 I_1 N_1 G_1$

11/20

CCLS: RL.3.3: Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.

LEQ: How can we determine a character's traits, feelings and motivations in a passage?

Objective: I can determine character traits motivations and feelings through surrounding supporting details in a passage.



		Week 9 Day 5	Date:	
BCCS-B		Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Do Now !				
I WOW I				
Because Because manifest Manager Manager Manager				
Can a story tell us about a	obovo otova fa alia az	-ativity (
Can a story tell us about a c	character's feelings, m	otivations, and a	actions?	
Make sure to restate the que	stion in your own word	s, and provide a c	omplete thou	igh. This mean
that you MUST begin your ser	ntence with a capital le	tter and end your	statement w	ith a period.
		•		
	Guided No	tac I		
Vocabulary G		,re2 .		
		I		
Character: the	story is about.	'		
Character: the s	story is about the character does	s		
Character: the	story is about the character does	s	s can	•
Character: the s	story is about the character does aracter feels in the sto	s	s can	·

Name:	Week 9 Day 5	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

CFU !

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Answer the questions that relate to the character.

- 5 Dave crouched beside Benny. "How's it going?" he asked.
- 6 "OK," Benny said. It didn't seem very nice to say that he was bored. "This is pretty slow."
- Dave nodded. "Yep," he agreed. "It's hard work. Sometimes paleontologists and fossil hunters look for weeks without finding anything. And we hardly ever find a whole skeleton." He added, "You know, Ben, if you're tired of searching, you can always help someone else on the crew."

14203065_1

10

11

20 Read this sentence from paragraph 7.

He added, "You know, Ben, if you're tired of searching, you can always help someone else on the crew."

What does this show about Dave?

- A He is concerned that Ben may be feeling unhappy.
- **B** He hopes that Ben will work harder than he has been.
- C He needs Ben to work with some of the others in the group.
- **D** He is worried that Ben will become careless with the tools.
- Benny thought holding the GPS tool might be fun, but he wasn't giving up. "I'll keep looking," he said. "But," he added, thinking out loud, "the pictures always show dinosaurs in swampy places. Did they live in deserts, too?"
 - "Ahh," said Dave. "Some probably did, but not around here. Millions of years ago, this wasn't desert. It was wet and green and lush. The Earth's changed a lot since the time of the dinosaurs." Dave slapped Benny on the back and got to his feet. "Keep up the good work, Ben," he said encouragingly. "I think today will be your lucky day!"
 - Pick, chip, brush, and sweep. Benny bent over his patch of rocky ground and carefully cleared away the sand and gravel. When he needed a break, he wiggled his loose tooth. The sun climbed higher and hotter into the sky. He was getting into the rhythm of things. Either that, or the heat was just making him drowsy.

14203066_4

- 21 Paragraphs 9 through 11 show that Benny
 - A knows about changes that took place over time
 - **B** prefers working in cooler weather
 - C enjoys thinking out loud
 - **D** continues to work hard

Name:	Week 9 Day	5 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Application Activity			
Directions: Read the excerpts from the pacharacter.	assages. Answer the	e questions th	at relate to the
GETTING A BETTER LOOK After the family trip to Pennsylvania, a friend Neil went to the roof of his building and looked a binoculars. He was amazed to see craters—large, moon. He wanted to see more. When he was elevtelescope.	at the night sky thro bowl-shaped holes	ough the —on the	
Soon Neil wanted a bigger telescope to learn more about astronomy. But a more powerful telescope cost two hundred dollars. Neil's parents didn't have a lot of extra money. So Neil started a business walking dogs for people who lived in his building.	astronomy = the study of stars, pla other objects in o	anets, and	
He walked several dogs three times a day. Most He saved his money until he had enough to pay f wanted. His parents paid for the other half.	st days, he earned fi for half of the telesco	ve dollars. ope he	
What do paragraphs 6 through 8 show about Neil's parents?			
A They work hard to give Neil everything he wants.			
B They are supportive of Neil's interests.			
C They set good examples for Neil to follow.			
D They want Neil to become a scientist.			
Using your underlined evidence, Explain the passage. Use RACES to structure you respon		nown word or	phrase from the

Name:	Week 9 Day 5	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Exit Ticket

Directions: Read the excerpts from the passages. Answer the questions that relate to the character.

- In time, Nitro learned where every bump, every tree, and every food box was in his new cage. When he did, the sand and the peppermint could be put away. Nitro was finally home.
- 16 Caretakers noticed a big change in Nitro. He mastered his space. He couldn't see people. But he knew where they were, even if they stood perfectly still.
- 17 He chuffled in their direction to get them to answer. He wanted to hear if he knew their voices. He wanted to know who they were.
- Nitro, the blind tiger, has become a Rescue favorite. Volunteers guide people through Carolina Tiger Rescue once a week. They never miss a stop at Nitro's cage. They tell his story and give him little treats (scraps of chicken or beef). Nitro never disappoints.

DID YOU KNOW?

What's a chuffle? It's the sound a tiger makes when it sees or smells a friend. It sounds like a purr with a tiny cough.

What causes Nitro to chuffle?

- A being aware of people
- B feeling afraid
- C wanting a treat
- D having a cough

Name:	Week 9 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day	
Character's	

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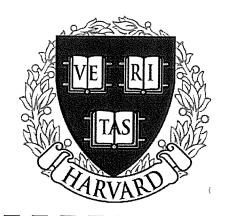
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Name	:	Week 9 Day	5 Date:	
BCCS	S-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
	Turn			
Direc chara		ts from the passages. Ans	swer the question	is that relate to the
21	He trailed off. Caro the quiz," she said.	line was standing right ir	i front of Raj's de	sk. "Good job on
22		ed. Then he added, "You, you were going to beat me		nning the past
23	Caroline shrugged. It's fun to have some o	"At my old school, I was ompetition here. It makes	the best at math, s math more exci	so I always won. ting."
24	Fun? Exciting? Raj	stared at her. What was f	un about losing?	
25	"Are you going to to	ry to win the title back ne	xt Friday?" he as	ked.
26	"Of course." She pa here."	tted her backpack and sn	niled. "I've got m	y flashcards right
27	"I've got mine, too,"	" he said quickly, pulling	them out of his d	esk.
28	"Great!" she said. "	Well, see you Monday. Ai	nd good luck, cha	amp."
cite e What d	vidence E – explain yo	esponse. R- restate the quur answer S – sum it up rough 28 show about onse.	•	
Management of the Control of the Con				



3rd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 10





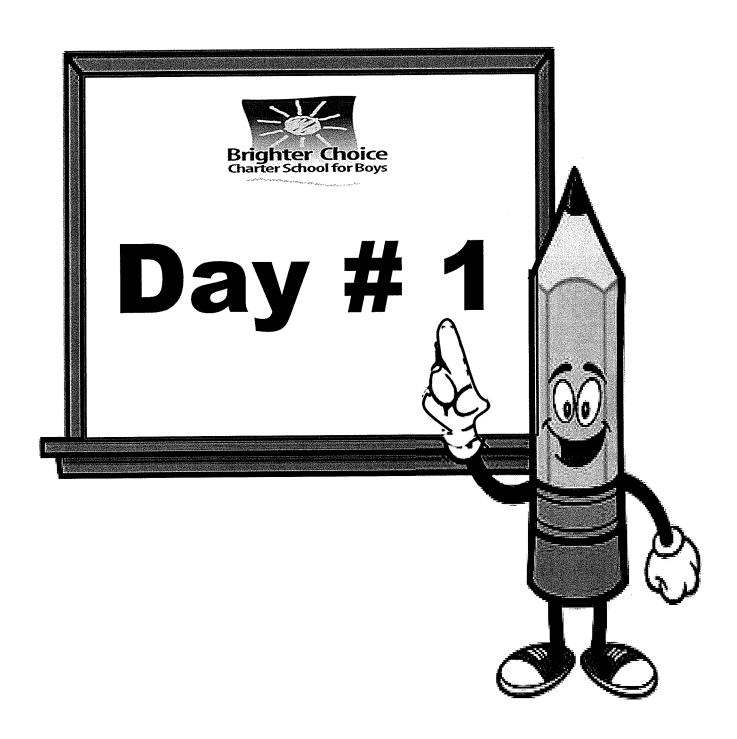


Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)	(Date)

Parents please note that all academic are also available on our website at www.brighterchoice.org under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



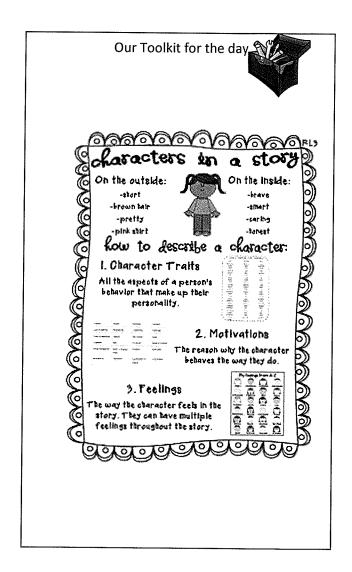
Name:	Week 10 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

LEQ: Why is it important to understand the characters actions in a text?

<u>Objective:</u> I can use details from a text to determine why a character acts a certain way



		Week 10 Day	1 Date	
BCCS-B		Harvard	Yale	Princetor
	ı			
o Now	I			
Does a character's a	ctions effect the story?			
Make sure to restate t	he guestion in your own w	ords, and provide a	complete thou	gh. This means
	he question in your own w sentence with a capital let			
you MUST begin your	sentence with a capital let	ter and end your sta		
you MUST begin your		ter and end your sta		
you MUST begin your — — — — — /ocabular — — — — —	sentence with a capital let- y Guided I	ter and end your sta		
you MUST begin your /ocabular Character:	sentence with a capital letter y Guided I the story is about.	ter and end your sta Votes 	atement with a	
you MUST begin your /ocabular Character:	sentence with a capital let- y Guided I	ter and end your sta Votes 	atement with a	
you MUST begin your /ocabular Character: Motivation: The	sentence with a capital letter y Guided I the story is about.	ter and end your state Notes r does	atement with a	period.
you MUST begin your /ocabular Character: Motivation: The	ry Guided I the story is about. the character a character feels in the	ter and end your state Notes r does	atement with a	period.

Name:	Week 10 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton



Directions: Read the excerpts from chapter. Determine why the character is feeling/acting the way he /she is. Underline your evidence and explain on the lines below.

It was a lot later than I'd ever been up before and I was kind of scared of the cops catching me. I had to be real careful, even if it was the middle of the night, even if I was crouching down, sneaking along the street like Pretty Boy Floyd.

At the library I walked past a row of giant Christmas trees that were planted on the side of the building. There was a door on the side with a light burning above it so I kept walking in the shadows made by the big trees. When I got to the back windows, I almost busted out crying. Somebody had gone and put big metal bars on the windows.

Even though I knew it was useless I tried tugging at the bars but they were the real McCoy, solid steel.

1.	How does Bud feel in these passages? Why? Label your evidence with an F for feeling. Use RACES to support your answer.

Name			Week 10 Day Harvard	Princeton	
BCCS	S-B		Harvard	Yale	rimecton
r — — -	 icotion		- i		
L		Activity			
			oter. Determine why nce and explain on t		
outside of	that either."	•	n't you ever let :		
some prob the end of Buddy is a	olems but be your name a dog's name	ing stupid isn't if I intended for e or a name that	ever let anyone of one of them. I ver it to be there. I t someone's goin ad, period." I'd	would've as I knew wh: ng to use o	n you if they're
1.			people calling him E Jse RACES to suppo		

Nam			Week 10 Day 1 Date:			
BCC	S-B		Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
Fyit	Ticket i					
LAIL						
	and amount product mounts and					
Direc	ctions: Read the excerp	ts from chapter. De	etermine why	the character	is feeling/acting	
the w	ay he /she is. Underline	e your evidence and	d explain on t	he lines below		
It's fi	unny how now that I'	m ten years old a	ıxl just abou		i see how	
Men	ma was so wrong. S	he was wrong be	cause she pr	obably shou	ld've told me	
the ti	hings she thought I w r know what they we	as too young to l	xear, becaus	e now that si	ie's gone I'll	
reme	morized them and us	ed them when I o	iw young d lid reed bel	uck men rec p. like right r	MIM VC YOW.	
			•			
1.	How does Bud's feel in feeling. Use RACES to			dence and marl	c it with an F for	
	roomg. esera reas	support your answ	C1.			

Name:	Week 10 Da	y 1 Date:	
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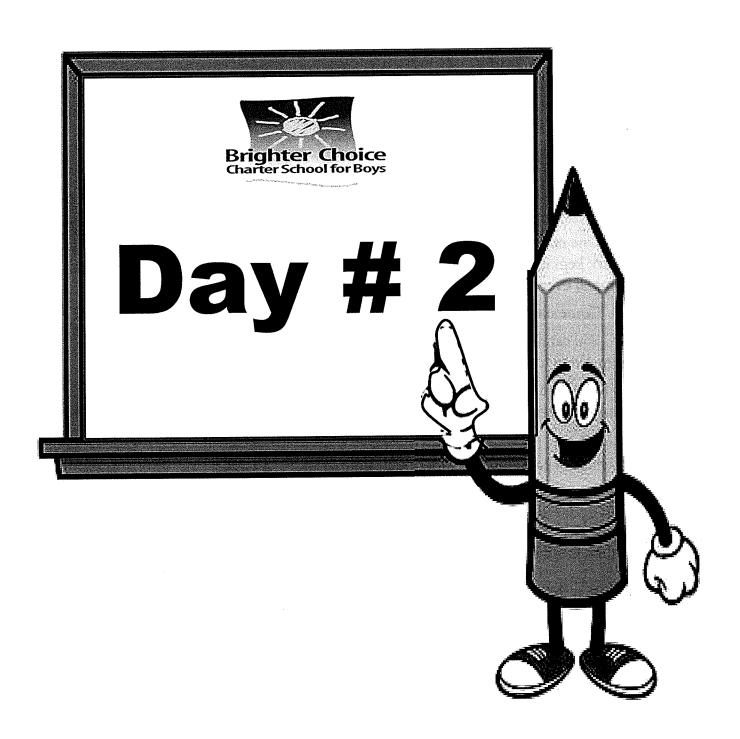
ELA Homework

Our Toolkit for the day
Character's: 11/23

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	Name:	Week 10 Day 1 Date:				
	BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton		
ΙΥ Ι_	our Turn					
	Directions: Read the passage, und follow.	erline your evidence	and answer the	e questions that		
	15 "One more try, Mom," ye shark kept its nose pointed o tripped over the shark's fin a	downward the whole	with the shark. etime, refusing	This time, the to fly at all. Stella		
	16 "Come on, brush yoursel	f off, Stella," said her	mother. "We're	e leaving."		
	"You can take my paper plate if you want," said Robby. "At least you'll get to f something today." He looked at Stella hopefully.					
	18 Stella sighed. Robby's pap imagined flying. But it did fl		g like the fancy	shark she had		
Wha	at do the details in paragraph 17 sho	w about Robby?				
Α	He is at the park most weekends.					
В	He is a thoughtful friend to Stella.					
С	He is better at flying kites than Ste	lla.				
D	He is creative with paper plates.					
	On the lines below, explain your ansinclude at least 2 details to support you		tructure your res	ponse. Make sure to		



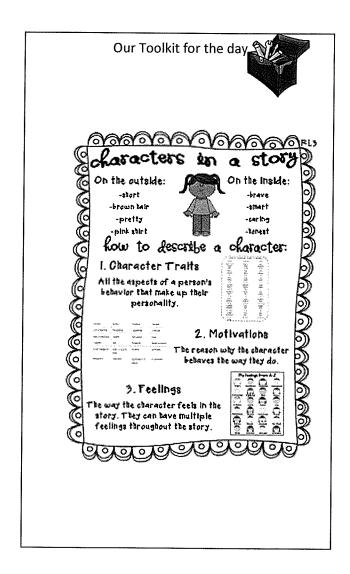
Name:	Week 10 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

LEQ: How does understanding character actions and dialogue help us better understand the character?

<u>Objective:</u> I can use character actions and dialogue in a text through analyzing supporting details to analyze a character.



Name:			/ 2 Date:	
BCCS-B		Harvard	Yale	Princeton
	٠.			
o Now	1			
	_			
What can we look for in the	story to help us bett	ter understand	a character?	
Vocabulary	Guided I	Votes	<u> </u> -	
			!	
Analyze: To	at something			
Dialogue: When characters	s' in t	the		
Actions: What a				

Name: BCCS-B		Week 10 Day 2 Harvard	Date: Yale	Princeton
 CFU				
Directions	s: Read the excerpts from chapto ence and explain on the lines bel	er. How would you d low.	escribe the	e man? Underline
every these looke expec you'r	man raised his band and said, "Loo body knows the rules. The line cle people who been here since five o ed at his wristwatch 'until seven-f cting to eat? You think you got son e skinny and raggedy? Look in the you ain't the worst.	oses at seven o'clock. I o'clock that you can sle lifteen, then come bust ne kind of special priv	fow's it fair ep until' ing down b ilege just 'e	to he ere ause
On the line include at l	es below, explain your answer. Use east 2 details to support your answ	e RACES to structure wer.	your respo	nse. Make sure to

Name:	Week 10 Day 2 Date:				
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton		
Application Activity	₁				
Directions: Read the excerpts from chapter. Underline your evidence and explain on the l		describe the	mother?		
The oatmeal was delicious! I poured so so lumpy and mixed it all together.	ome of my mil	k into it so	it wouldn't be		
My pretend mother opened her pocket envelope. She reached inside of it and brother's and sister's outmeal, then said you normally get, but I wanted to ask; Clarence.*	sprinkled some it to them, "I kn	ething on a low dsat's i	ny pretend kot as much as.		
They pouted and gave me a couple of "Good," and emptied the rest of the en	dirty looks. My velope over m	y pretend r y oatmoal.	nother said, Brown sugar!		
Shucks, I didn't even mind them callingou, Momma, ma'am."	ig me Clarence	anymore.	I said "Thank		
On the lines below, explain your answer. Use R include at least 2 details to support your answer		e your respo	nse. Make sure to		

Name:	Week 10 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Exit Ticket

Directions: Read the passage and answer the question that follows.

- When Riley sat down to take her skates off, Craig said, "I wish I could fly."
- Riley retied her skate laces and crouched next to Craig. "Get on my back," she said, and Craig did. Riley started skating, but Craig didn't feel like he was flying. It just felt like a wobbly piggy-back ride.
- "You're too heavy," Riley said. "I can't go fast when I'm carrying you." She skated slowly back to the bench. Craig got off her back.
- 8 "Even if you could go fast, I wouldn't be flying," he said sadly. "I need skates to fly."
- 9 Riley didn't say anything on the walk home, but a few days later she asked Craig if he wanted to go skating.

In paragraph 9, what is the **most likely** reason Riley stays quiet as she and Craig walk home?

- A She is thinking about how well she played hockey.
- B She is upset with Craig because he hurt her back.
- C She is thinking about how to get skates for Craig.
- **D** She is tired from skating in the hockey game.

ame:			
CCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
	ELA Home	ework	
	Our Toolkit for th	e day	
	Character's:	:	

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Name:	Week 10 Day 2	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Your Turn

Directions: Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

The skates were a little big, but when Riley stuffed newspaper in the toes, they fit. Craig couldn't stop smiling. He didn't want to take them off, but he had to so he could walk to the lake.

What does paragraph 12 help the reader understand about Craig?

- A Craig is too young to learn how to skate.
- B Craig is very excited about learning to skate.
- C Craig is unable to take the skates off by himself.
- **D** Craig is worried that his sister will take the skates back.

Name:	Week 10 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Your Turn

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Directions: Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Tatenda is only 11 years old and someday he wants to be a doctor. But today his friends and schoolmates call him "teacher." Like most children in Sanyati, a small countryside town in western Zimbabwe, when Tatenda was not at school, he spent his time playing football (soccer) or looking after his father's cattle. One day when he arrived home from school, he noticed something very unfamiliar in the house.

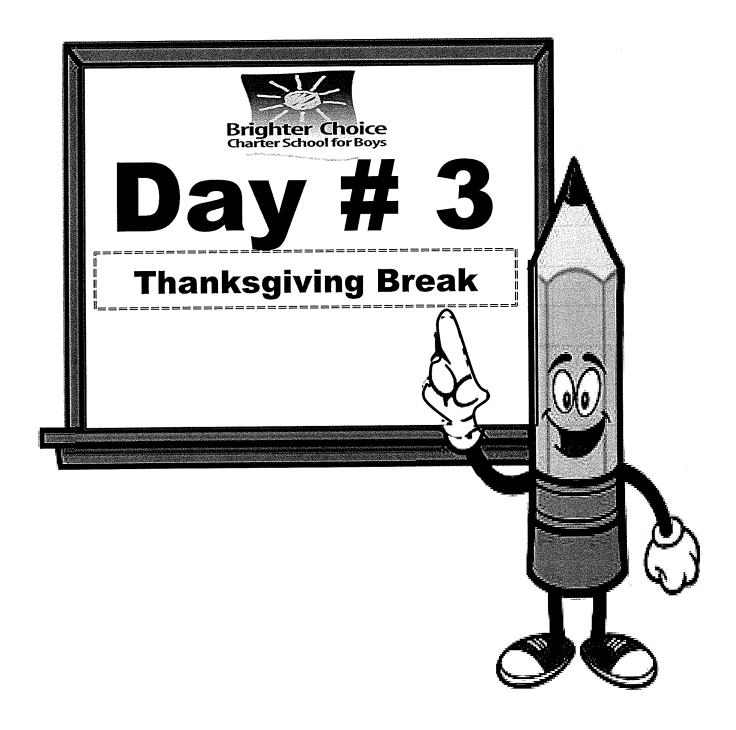
At first he thought it was a television. When his mom told him it was a computer, Tatenda became very angry. What use was this machine? The computer sat idle. Tatenda did not know what to do with it. His father did not know what to do with it. In fact, nobody in the neighborhood knew what to do with it. Then one day Amina, Tatenda's cousin, came from her home in the capital city of Harare for a visit. She taught Tatenda how to use the computer.

At first it seemed like all nonsense to Tatenda. "I was always pressing the wrong button," he admits. But he persisted because he was very eager to learn how to use it properly. By the time Amina returned to Harare, Tatenda was able to use the computer on his own.

Meanwhile, Tatenda's friends were wondering what had happened to him. He no longer came out to play soccer with them and if he did come out to play, he only played for a short while. His friend, Saidi said, "He always had some reason to go home. We were all puzzled."

So one day, Tatenda's friends, Saidi, Themba, and Solomon, decided to pay him a surprise visit. When they arrived, Tatenda was so busy that he did not hear them coming. Tatenda was surprised to see his friends. But they were even more surprised to see not only a computer, but Tatenda working on it.

Name:	Week 10	Week 10 Day 2 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	d Yale	Princeton		
our Turn					
the passage "Meet the Teac	cher" how does Tatenda	changa from nav	warranh 1 to		
aragraph 5? Use two details	from the passage to supp	ort your respon	agraph 1 to ise.		
		•			

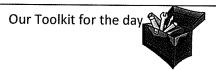


Name:	Week 10 Day 3	Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

Thanksgiving Break Work



Thanksgiving Break Work

Name:	Week 10 Day 3 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

The Pilgrims &

T'S IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER that the Pilgrims were not the first people in America – Native Americans had lived in what's now the United States for thousands of years. The Pilgrims were the first large group of people to move to America and start a successful colony.

The Pilgrims were from England. England was a Roman Catholic country until the 1530s, when Henry VIII established a new church called The Church of England and made himself the leader. However, a small group of people wanted to break away from the Church of England. They disagreed with the ideas the church taught, and didn't like that the church was controlled by politicians and not by religious leaders. They felt forced to practice their faith in a way that they did not like. They called themselves "Separatists" because they wanted to separate themselves from the Church of England.

The Separatists started their own congregation. However, since the government was in charge of religion in England at the time, starting your own church was against the law. To avoid breaking the law, the Separatists moved to a city in Holland called Leiden to start fresh. Though they were free to practice their beliefs there, life was hard in Leiden. In England, most of the Separatists had been farmers. Leiden was an urban area, and many Separatists did not have the right skills to find work in a city. After twelve years of struggling, they thought it might be time to start over once again.

They had heard about a new land across the sea that people called "The New World." They had heard that a group of explorers and settlers had started a town called Jamestown there. They thought of joining them, but in the end decided not to, since the Jamestown settlers were also from England and might also look down on them for their beliefs Soon after, they met businesspeople who were willing to give them the money they needed to get to The New World and build their own settlement. They bought a ship and sailed back to England, where they were able to buy a bigger ship and convince more people to come with them.

The Separatists set sail on the Mayflower on September 6th, 1620. They wanted to settle in what is now New York City, but bad weather made them choose to sail in a different direction. After over a month at sea, they saw land for the first time on November 9th. They landed two days later at Cape Cod, which is now in Massachusetts. After searching for a place that would fit their needs, they got off the ship and settled in Plymouth. We now call these people The Pilgrims.

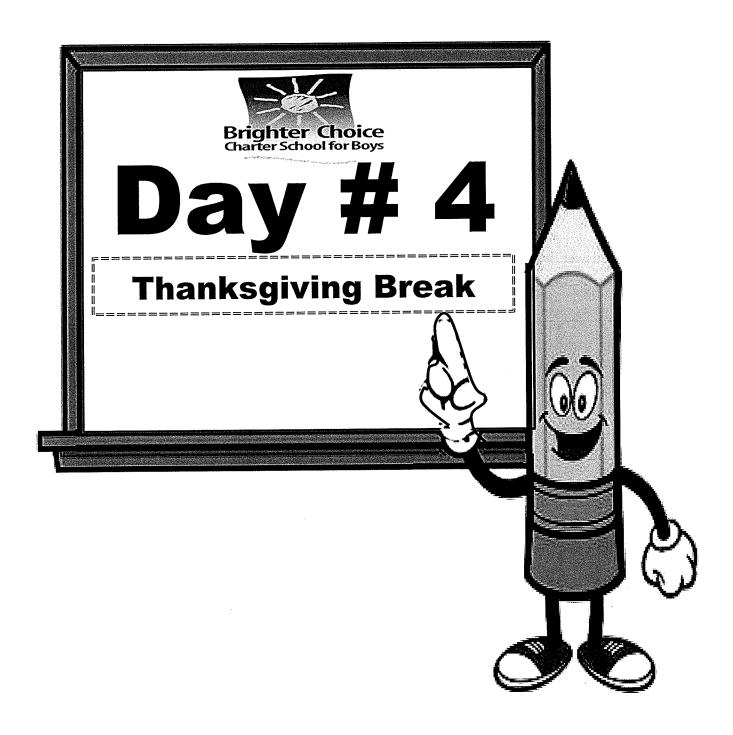


The Embarkation of the Pilgrims from Delfthaven in Holland by Robert Walter West - 1844



Henry VIII

BCCS-B	Week 10 Day 3 Harvard	Date: Yale	Princeton
◆ The Pilgrims were so frustrate hat they not only moved to a sardly been explored by anyouday? Would you be scared to bout? Or would you be excite.	different country, but ne! How would you move to a place that	it a count in feel if no one ki	ry that had you did that
Directions, answer the question on the response.	lines below. Be sure to use	e RACES to s	structure your
1. What is a Pilgrim? Use the evid	lence in the article to suppo	ort your answ	er.



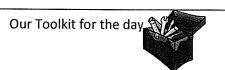
Name:	Week 10 Day 4 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G,

11/26

Thanksgiving Break Work



Thanksgiving Break Work

Name:	Week 10 Day 4 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Word Search

Find the words from the list below!



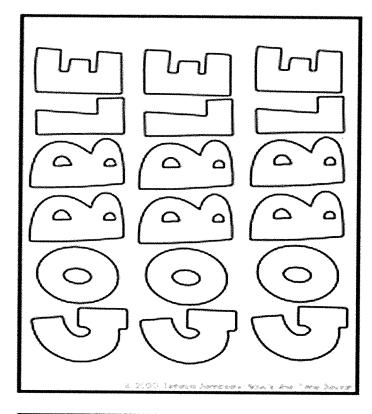


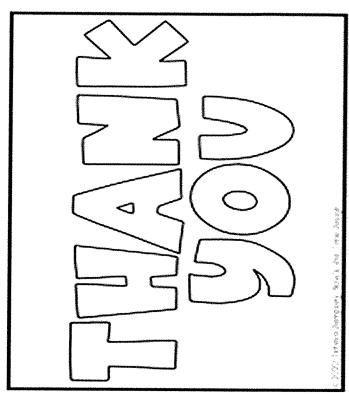
Pumpkin Squash Pie Apple Turkey Yam

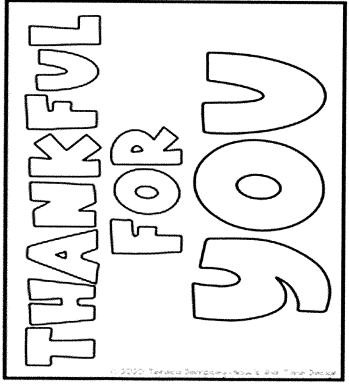
Mashed Potatoes Cranberries Stuffing

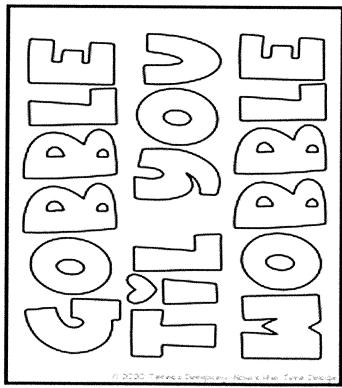


Name:	Week 10 Day		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

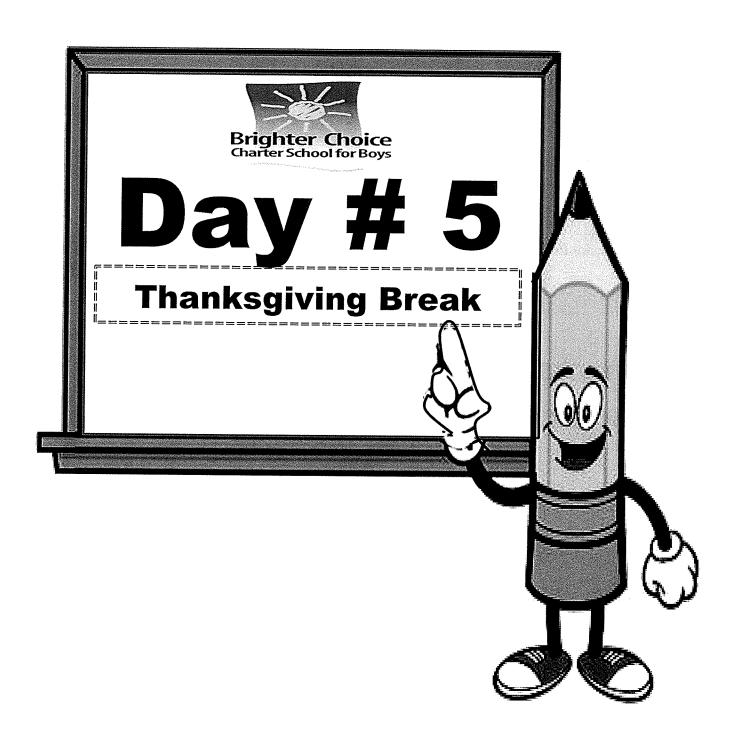








Name:	week 10 Day 4 Date:				
BCCS-B		Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
	0		 Th		
	g Day is important to Mary at her house. Mary invites		•		
-	It is one of Mary's favorite				
	Mary did not help her mom o		mashed acts	stone for their	
*	r. She did not help bake pur				
	eir family to arrive.				
Instead Ma	ry visited her mom at the t	pospital to meet	her new bab	y sister. Many's	
	n Thanksgiving Day and now		_	,	
Theological	g Day was always special to	Mary, and now	it is even <i>mo</i>	re special with the	
arrival of their ne				•	
Hasay Than	uksgiving and Happy Birthda	A		4	
1. What is Mary's	favorite holiday?				
Christmas	Her Birthday	Thanksgi	ving		
2. Who does Mary Grote at of the con	y invite for Thanksgiving (rect answers	Omner at her h	ouse?		
grandparents	aunts and uncles	cousins	h	er dog	
3. Mary does not go instead?	help her mom with Than	nksgiving Dinner	this year.	Where does she	
to school	to the hospital	to	the grocer	y store	
	* •				
4 Mary has a nev	v boby	S. AMERICANA HARMAN			
Brother	Sister				
				1995 Tark 1995 Tark 1997 Tark 1997 Tark	23,102



Name:	Week 10 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Our Learning for today:

L, E, A, R, N, I, N, G

Thanksgiving Break Work



Our Toolkit for the day

Name:	
BCCS-B	

Week 10 Day 5 Date:

Harvard

Yale

Princeton

Thanksgiving Day

Thanksgiving Day is a national holiday celebrated in Canada and the United States as a day of giving thanks for the blessing of the harvest and the new year. It is celebrated on



the second Monday of October in Canada and on the fourth Thursday of November in the United States. The first Thanksgiving celebration was held in 1621. Traditional foods are turkey, sweet potatoes, fruits and vegetables. Many people have pumpkin pie for dessert at the end of the meal. It is a time for counting our blessings we have received during the year and being with our families and friends.

Answer the questions.

	When do people celebrate Thanksgiving Day in Canada?
*	Why do people celebrate Thanksgiving Day?
	When was the first Thanksgiving Day?

Name:	Week 10 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

