Name: $\qquad$
College:

## 4th Grade Math

Hybrid Learning Packet

## Week of:

## November 30th - December 4th

Spelman


## WILLIAM <br> SMITH

College ${ }_{\text {® }}$

## Monday

Learning Target: I can interpret and represent patterns when multiplying by 10, 100 , and 1,000 in arrays and numerically.

## Module 3 Lesson 4

## Do Now

Count by 3s up to 30:
3, 6, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Count by 3 tens up to 300:
3 tens (30), 6 tens (60), $\qquad$ (__ $)$ $\qquad$ (__ ),
$\qquad$

$\qquad$

$\qquad$ (___), $\qquad$ (___ ), $\qquad$ (__

## Input

Problem 1: Draw place value disks to represent products when multiplying by a one-digit number.

3 ones $\times 10=$ $\qquad$

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

2 ones $\times 10 \times 10=$ $\qquad$
2 ones $\times 100=$ $\qquad$

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

4 ones $\times 10 \times 10 \times 10=$ $\qquad$
4 ones $\times 1,000=$ $\qquad$

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

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## Tuesday

Learning Target: I can multiply multiples of 10, 100, and 1,000 by single digits, recognizing patterns.

## Module 3 Lesson 5

## Do Now

$7 \times 10=$
$3 \times 10=$ $\qquad$
$8 \times 10=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$16 \times 10=$ $\qquad$
$34 \times 10=$ $\qquad$

## Input

Problem 1: Use place value disks to represent multiplication patterns.
Show 2 ones $\mathbf{x} 4$ on your place value chart. Circle each group of 2 ones.

2 ones $\times 4=$ $\qquad$ ones

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

6
Show 2 tens $\mathbf{x} 4$ on your place value chart. Circle each group of 2 tens.

$$
2 \text { tens } \times 4=\ldots \quad \text { tens }=
$$

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Show 2 hundreds $\mathbf{x} 4$ on your place value chart. Circle each group of 2 hundreds.

2 hundreds $\times 4=$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

What pattern are you noticing?

## Wednesday

Learning Target: I can multiply two-digit multiples of 10 by two-digit multiples of 10 with the area model.

## Module 3 Lesson 6

Do Now

## $7 \times 100=$ <br> $\qquad$

$2 \times 100=$ $\qquad$
$9 \times 100=$ $\qquad$
$40 \times 100=$ $\qquad$
$13 \times 100=$ $\qquad$

## Input

Problem 1: Use the place value chart to multiply a two-digit multiple of 10 by a two-digit multiple of 10 .

$$
20 \times 30=
$$

$\qquad$
What are some other ways we can represent $20 \times 30$ ?
Hint: Think about the units that make up these numbers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 9

Let's use $\mathbf{2 0 \times 1 0 \times 3}$ in a place value chart to help us solve $20 \times 30$.


| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Thursday

Name: $\qquad$ Date: 12/3/2020
BCCSG
William Smith Spelman
Learning Target: I can use place value disks to represent two-digit by one-digit multiplication.

## Module 3 Lesson 7

Do Now
Fill in the blanks in the multiplication table below.

| $\times$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 2 |  | 6 | 8 |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0 | 3 |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |
| 4 |  | 4 | 8 |  |  | 20 |  |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |  | 15 | 20 |  | 30 |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  | 24 | 30 | 36 |  |
| 7 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 |  |  |  |

## Input

Problem 1: Represent $2 \times 23$ with place value disks, write a matching equation, and record the partial products vertically.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
23 \\
\times \quad 2 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Draw place value disks on your place value chart to represent 23.

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Draw disks to show 1 more group of 23. What is the total value in the ones? $\qquad$ X $\qquad$ ones = $\qquad$ ones = $\qquad$
$\rightarrow$ This is a partial product. Write it under the ones column.
What is the total value in the tens?
$\qquad$ $x$ $\qquad$ tens $=$ $\qquad$ tens $=$ $\qquad$ .
$\rightarrow$ This is another partial product. Write it under the 6 .

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## Friday

$\qquad$
BCCSG

Learning Target: Extend the use of place value disks to represent three- and fourdigit by one-digit multiplication.

## Module 3 Lesson 8

Do Now
Fill in the blanks in the multiplication table below.

| $\times$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 2 |  | 6 | 8 |  |  | 14 |  |
| 3 | 0 | 3 |  |  |  | 15 |  |  | 24 |
| 4 |  | 4 | 8 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 32 |
| 5 | 0 |  |  | 15 | 20 |  | 30 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  | 12 |  | 24 | 30 | 36 |  |  |
| 7 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 |  |  | 49 |  |
| 8 |  |  | 16 | 24 | 32 |  | 48 |  |  |

## 15

## Input

Problem 1: Represent $2 \times 324$ with place value disks, write a matching equation, and record the partial products vertically.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
324 \\
\times \quad 2 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Draw place value disks on your place value chart to represent this.

| thousands | hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

What is the total value in the ones?
$\qquad$ X $\qquad$ ones = $\qquad$ ones or $\qquad$ .

What is the total value in the tens?
$\qquad$ X $\qquad$ tens $=$ $\qquad$ tens or $\qquad$ .

What is the total value in the hundreds?
$\qquad$ X $\qquad$ hundreds = $\qquad$ hundreds or $\qquad$ .

