

Water Around the World Module 4 Unit I

#### Monday March 8<sup>th</sup>, 2021 Module 4 Unit 1 Lesson 1

Module 4 Unit 1 Lesson 1 Learning Target: I can ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for answers.

Slide	I notice	(things I see)
1		
2		
3		
4		

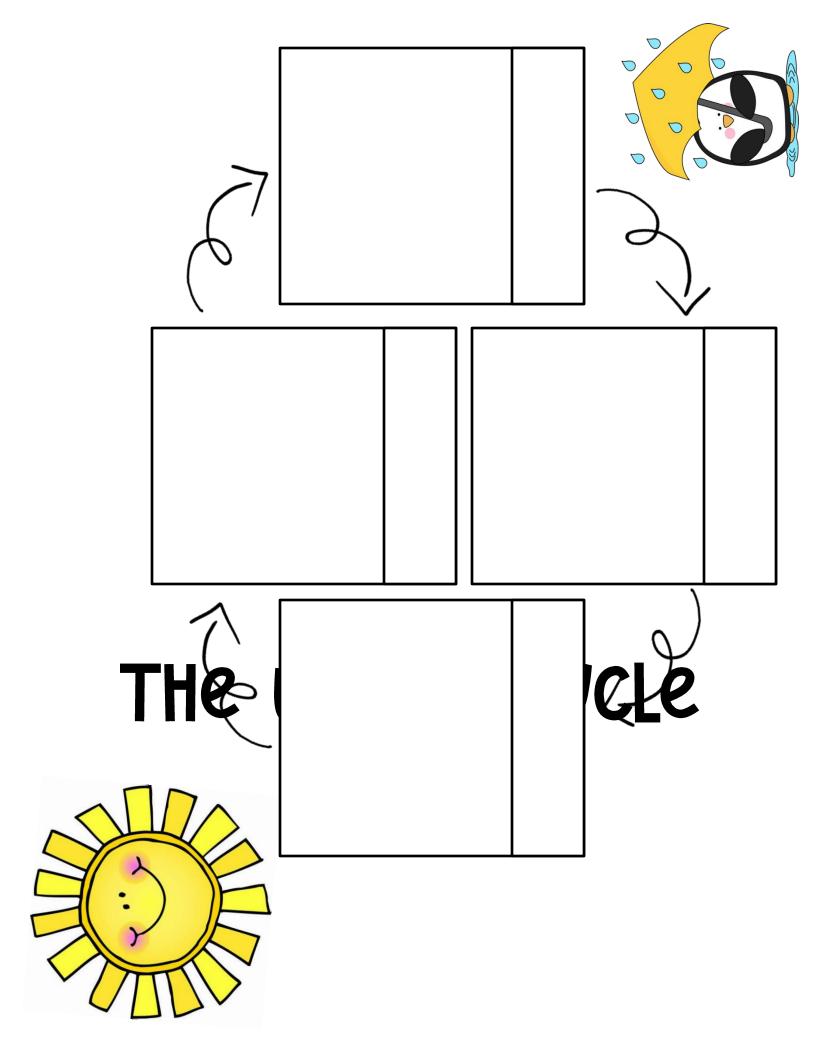
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6	
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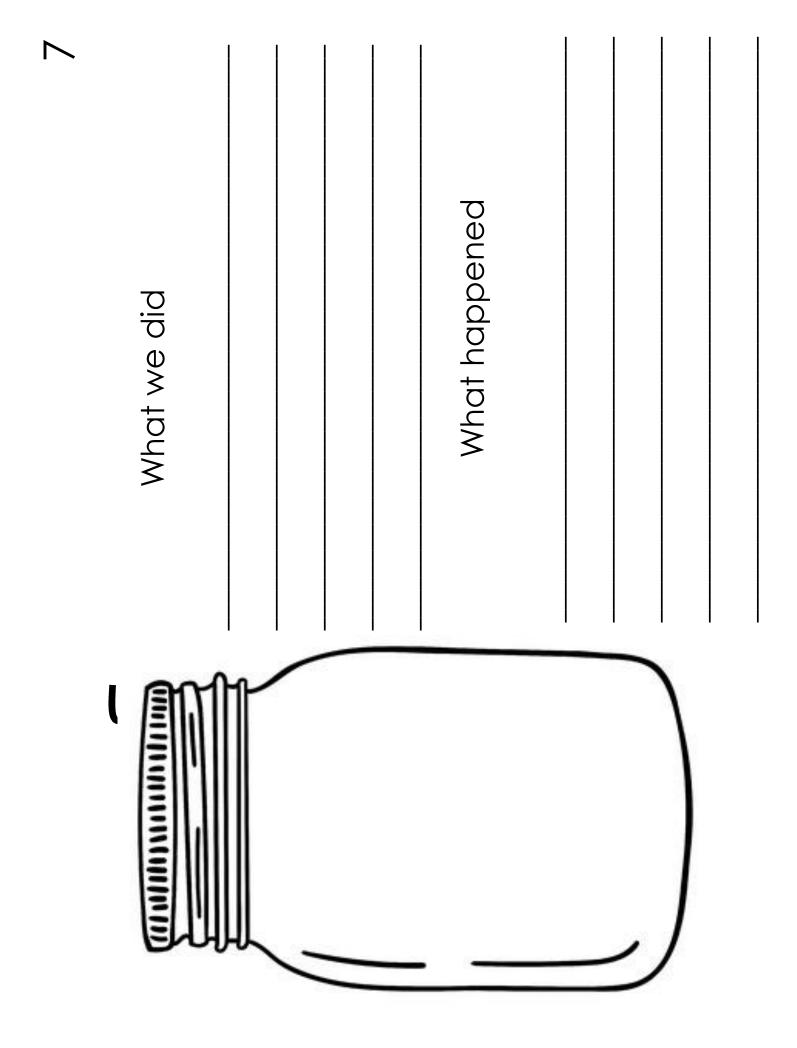
Band of color	My Guess	
Colorful beautiful bright Across the sky I come after the storm	Correct answer	
Commotion Loud dark violent	My Guess	
Throughout the sky I am flashes of light and moments of bangs	Correct answer	
Sprinkle Wet tiny drops	My Guess	
In the sky I am falling down	Correct answer	
Cascade Steady straight fast	My Guess	
crashing down into a pool of water I am always moving	Correct answer	

Pong Calm round closed All in one place I am still and barely move	My Guess  Correct answer
Cotton balls Fluffy white soft Everywhere up high I am floating in the sky	My Guess  Correct answer
Small ocean Salty large deep Moving into the ocean I am limitless	My Guess  Correct answer
Stream Rapid winding narrow Running through forests I am constantly moving	My Guess  Correct answer
downstream	

#### What am I? \_\_\_\_\_

	Description: (Senses)
Can you hear me?	
Can you see me?	
Can you feel me?	
Can you smell me?	
Can you touch me?	
	Season/Location:
Am I all year round?	
Am I everywhere?	
Do you see me in specific parts of the world?	
How long do I last?	_
Do I stay in one place?	
Do I stay in one place or do I move?	
	Picture



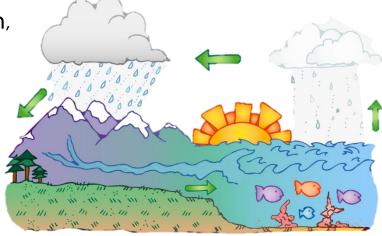


# THE WATER CACTE

The water cycle is the way that water moves all around the earth. It doesn't have a beginning and it never really stops. It keeps going like a big circle. New water is not created. It just takes different forms as it moves through the water cycle.

Water on the surface of the ocean, like, or rivers will evaporate due to the heat from the sun. When the evaporation occurs, the water turns into water vapor. When this vapor water joins together with a lot of other water vapor turning back into liquid. These clouds move around the earth with the weather. When the clouds become so full of water, the water drops back to the earth as **precipitation**. This precipitation can be in the form of rain, sleep, snow, hail or freezing rain. When the water falls back to earth it may flow back into the ocean, feed the garden, or be snow on a mountain. After this collection, the water will evaporate and the whole cycle will

begin again.



Answer the questions using RA from RADD. You do not need details to support the answer.

1. Why doesn't the water cycle stop?			
2. What makes water evaporate?			
3. What happens when water vapor joins together with a lot of other water vapor?			
4.What is condensation?			
5. Clouds move around the earth with the			
6. What happens when clouds become full of water?			
7. What are the different forms of precipitation?			
8. Where might water go when it lands on earth?			

## The water cycle

С	0	Ν	D	Е	Ν	S	А	Т		0	Ν	Ν	Е	Е	Ν
L	R	R	Т	В	R	S	Y	Т	Е	Μ	0	Y	V	R	0
Н	С	Ι	Е	Е	Ι	R	Т	L	Е	Ι	S	Κ	А	Е	I
U	С	0	V	Т	А	Ο	В	R	Т	Е	Н	Т	Ρ	Н	Т
Μ	L	Ι	Ν	U	А	А	S	А	Е	L	L	D	0	Ρ	А
Ι	R	А	Т	S	Т	W	R	Ρ	Ι	А	R	S	R	S	Т
D	F	S	Κ	R	Е	I	D	Т	Н	0	Μ	0	А	0	I
I	Е	F	Е	Е	Ρ	R	Н	Ν	Ρ	Е	С	S	Т	Μ	Ρ
Т	Ν	Т	0	S	S	0	V	L	U	Е	R	Н	I	Т	
Y	А	U	Ν	Ν	S	Κ	Е	А	А	0	А	Е	0	А	С
W	Т	А	S	Ρ	U	Т	0	Ν	Т	Ι	R	Ν	Ν	R	Е
V	R	Т	Н	F	S	R	S	V	L	Ι	G	G	D	А	R
Т	Н	Е	С	0	L	L	Е	С	Т	Ι	0	Ν	Е	Ι	Ρ
Е	R	Е	Н	Ρ	S	0	R	D	Y	Н	F	Ν	Κ	Ν	F
Е	S	R	Е	Ι	С	А	L	G	А	Q	U	Ι	F	Е	R
W	0	Ν	S	V	R	С	L	0	U	D	Е	L	С	Y	С

cloud	condensation	run-off	cycle
rain	groundwater	sun	sleet
fog	evaporation	hail	river
glaciers	collection	lakes	streams
water	precipitation	snow	oceans



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Thursday March 11<sup>th</sup>, 2021 Module 4 Unit 2 Lesson 4 Learning Target: I can ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

#### One Well- page 4-5 Questions

1. The first sentence says, "Imagine for a moment that all of the water on Earth came from just one well." What does **one well** mean here? Why do you think that?

2. What are some sources of water in the global well?

3. It says, "So whether you are turning on a faucet in North America..." What is a faucet and how do you know?

4. Why is it important to think about how we treat the water in the well?

#### 12 One Well - Page 4-5 Note-catcher

Main Idea

Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the illustration	

Friday March 12 <sup>th</sup> 2021
Module 4 Unit 1 Lesson 5
Learning Target: I can ask and answer questions to demonstrate
understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the
answers.

#### One Well- page 6-7 Questions

1. What is surface water?

2. Where is surface water found?

3. What is ground water?

4. Where is ground water found?

5. Look carefully at the illustration. Which of the following lines of text does this illustration help you to better understand?

- a. This surface water is found in oceans, lakes, rivers, streams, marshes, even in puddles and the morning dew
- b. Yes, there is more water in the atmosphere and soil than in all of Earth's rivers.
- c. Water is also frozen in glaciers and polar icecaps
- d. There is so much water that if you looked down at Earth from space, it would appear blue

#### 14 One Well - Page 6-7 Note-catcher

Main Idea

Main idea	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the illustration	

## One Well- pages 16-17 Glossary

Word	What does it mean?
societies	
essential	
industry	

#### One Well- pages 16-17 Glossary

Word	What does it mean?
agriculture	
hydroelectric	
equivalent	

## One Well - Page 16-17 Note-catcher

Main Idea #1

Main Idea #1	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the illustration	

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## One Well - Page 18-19 Note-catcher

Main Idea #1	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the Illustration	

Wednesday March 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021

#### One Well- page 18-19 Questions

1. Out of all of the examples on page 17, which one uses the most water?

2. Where does most of our drinking water come from?

3. Besides consuming water, how else do humans use water?

4. Is all of the water on Earth useable? Why or why not? \_\_\_\_\_\_

EXIT TICKET: Who do you think needs water the most? Humans, plants, or animals? Why?

## One Well - Page 20-21 Note-catcher

Main Idea #1	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the Illustration	

## One Well- page 20-21 Questions

- 1. Who uses the most water?
- 2. Who uses the least amount of water?
- 3. Poland uses (more or less) water than India.
- 4. Nepal uses (more or less) water than Russia.
- 5. How many times more water does Poland use than India?

6. What does the word distribution mean?

How do you know? \_\_\_\_\_

#### "Access to Freshwater"

It is a desperately worrying statistic that nearly one billion people in the world **lack** clean, healthy drinking water. Residents in the UK can turn on a tap and access safe drinking water whenever they like, but the situation is very different for the people of Africa.

Every day millions of people in Africa, usually women and girls, walk miles to have access to any water at all. The length of time it takes to collect the little water they can get means that they do not have time to do anything else during the day. Children do not get the chance to have an education simply because they are too busy collecting water.

To make matters worse, the only water they have access to is from streams and ponds. That water is usually full of diseases and makes themselves and their families very sick. Adults face the decision on a daily basis between **dehydration** and sickness from the water they drink. Even worse, they have to face this decision for their children.

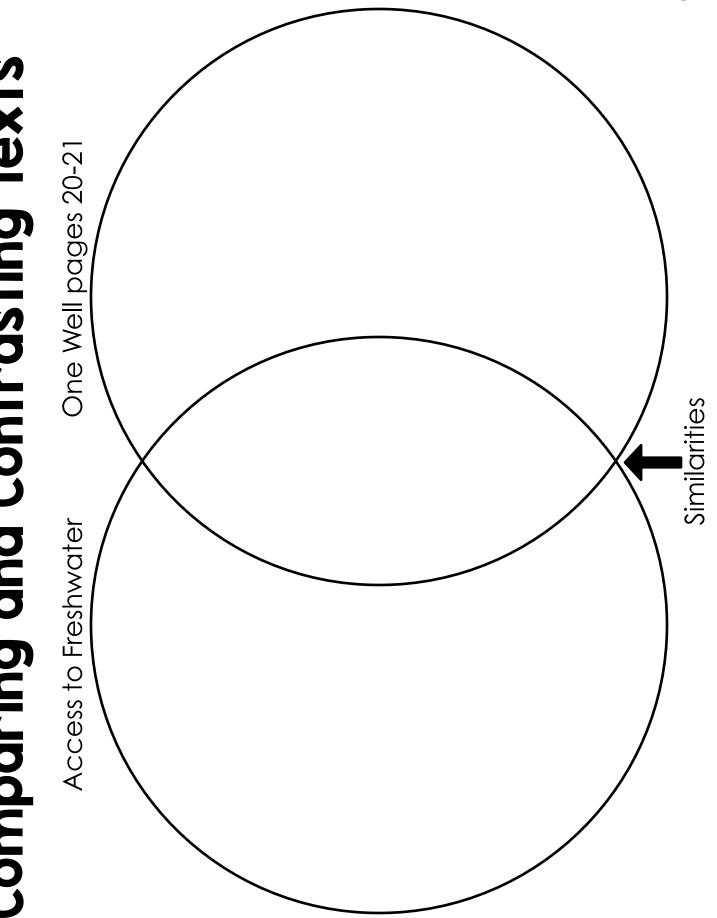
# 23 Access to Freshwater - Note Catcher

Main Idea #1	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Key detail #3	

#### 24 Access to Freshwater - Research Note-catcher

Research question: Why must we act now to protect our water supply?		
Issue	Impact	
(What is the issue people are facing with water?) The issue is:	(How does the problem affect people?) It affects people by:	
Action	Call to Action	
(What are some ways to solve it?) Some ways to solve the issue are:	(Why is it important to solve the problem?) It is important to solve the problem because:	





## One Well - Page 22-23 Note-catcher

Main Idea #1	
Kay Datail #1	Kay Datail #2
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the Illustration	

#### **Demands on Water Research Chart**

Research question: Why must we act now to protect our water supply?		
Issue	Impact	
(What is the issue people are facing with water?) The issue is:	(How does the problem affect people?) It affects people by:	
Action	Call to Action	
(What are some ways to solve it?) Some ways to solve the issue are:	(Why is it important to solve the problem?) It is important to solve the problem because:	

## **Population Growth**

If you live in a major city, you see the effects of population growth every day. When more people move into an area, a whole slew of support facilities must be built: housing developments, roads, shopping areas, and commercial and industrial facilities.

Not only is land disturbed when development occurs, but the stress on the water resources of the region is increased to supply everyone with water.

ain Idea #1
ey Detail

Research question: Why must we act now to protect our water supply?		
Issue	Impact	
(What is the issue people are facing with water?) The issue is:	(How does the problem affect people?) It affects people by:	
Action	Call to Action	
(What are some ways to solve it?) Some ways to solve the issue are:	(Why is it important to solve the problem?) It is important to solve the problem because:	

## One Well - Page 24-25 Note-catcher

Main Idea #1	
Key Detail #1	Key Detail #2
Detail from the Illustration	

Research question: Why must we act now to protect our water supply?		
Issue	Impact	
(What is the issue people are facing with water?) The issue is:	(How does the problem affect people?) It affects people by:	
Action	Call to Action	
(What are some ways to solve it?) Some ways to solve the issue are:	(Why is it important to solve the problem?) It is important to solve the problem because:	

Word	Definition in your own words
vapor	
atmosphere	
filtered	
transpire	

#### Thursday March 26<sup>th</sup>, 2021

Module 4 Unit 1 Lesson 13 Learning Target: I can answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly

How do people use water? How does this have a negative impact on the world?

In your response, be sure to

- How people use water
- How this negatively impacts the world
- use details to support your response
