

Name_____

3rd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet

Week 25



Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

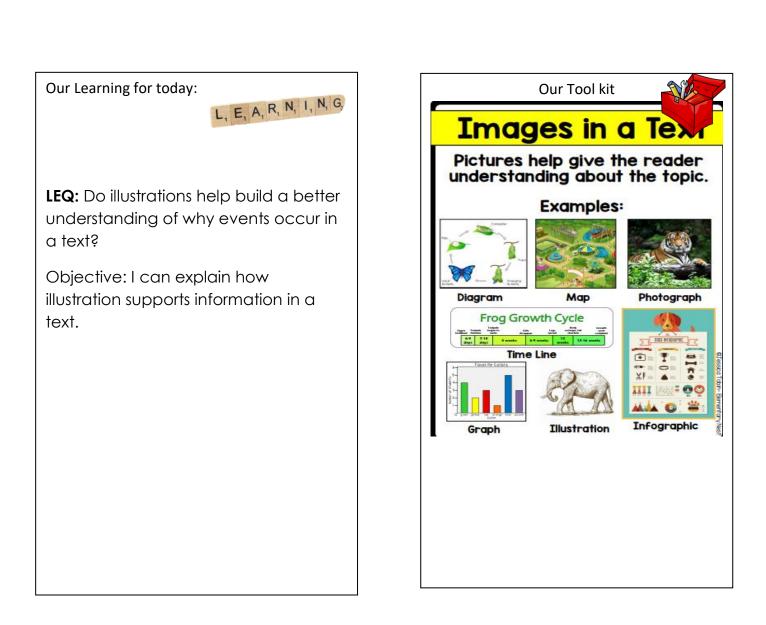
(Date)

Parents please note that all academic packets are also available on our website at <u>www.brighterchoice.org</u> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Week 25 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton





N	Name:	Week 25 I	Day 1 Date:	
В	BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
r — · I Vo L _	cabulary Gui	ded Notes	- - -	
	- Text features: Help us	and	information in	n an informational
	- Illustrations:	used to help support the in	formation in the tex	t.
	- Pictures: u	used to help support the informat	tion in the text.	
	- Text: The on t	he page we to gain	information.	
	volicit Instruc			
	xplicit Instruc		_i	
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	Imag	jes in (a Te	×t
		help give th ding about		
		Examples		
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		Carlos		I I Co O A
	Graph	Illustration	Infogra	Inhia 2

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Week 25 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

Purposes of Teeth

Teeth are unique to the type of animal that they belong to, and they are used for eating. There are many different kinds of teeth, and most animals have a few different kinds within just one mouth. People have four different kinds of teeth, all for different purposes. Our four different kinds of teeth are for cutting, gripping, crushing, and grinding food.

Animals are the same way. Carnivores, or meat eaters, will have longer and sharper teeth devoted to cutting and gripping food since they do not eat plants. A few types of animals with long, sharp teeth are big cats, wolves, alligators, sharks, and bears. Herbivores, or plant eaters, will have more teeth for crushing nuts and berries and for grinding grass and plants. These teeth tend to be wide and flat. A few types of animals that have flat teeth for plants are horses, zebras, cows, and giraffes.





Week 25 Day 1 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

CFU

Directions: Analyze the text featured on the text to explain how the illustrations/pictures help the reader understand the information in the text.

- 1. Look at the heading/title to determine what the passage will be about.
- 2. Look at the other text features (i.e. pictures, graphs etc. to see if they provide other information about the topic)
- 3. Read the passage.
- 4. Annotate the passage to show how the text features support the text.

The heading of the passage is: ______

What are the pictures attempting to show you about the information in the passage?

Name:	
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Week 25 Day 1 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

Application Activity

Answer the following questions using the text features and the text to support you. Circle where you found the answers

Purposes of T	eeth
	Circle where you found the information.
What is the main purpose of teeth?	Text Images
Describe a cheetah's teeth.	Text Images
Explain why a zebra may have flat teeth.	Text Images
What is the difference between herbivores and carnivores?	Text Images

Week 25 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton



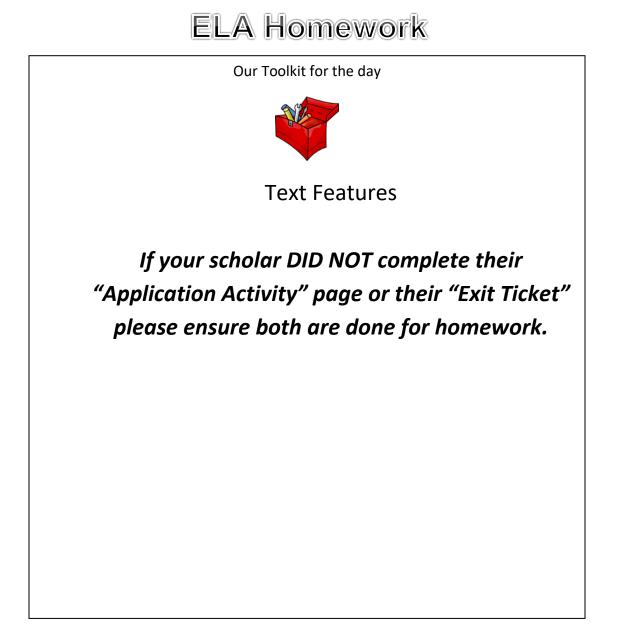
Directions: Circle the correct multiple choice answer that best answers the question.

Why are pictures/illustrations and other text features important for us to understand?

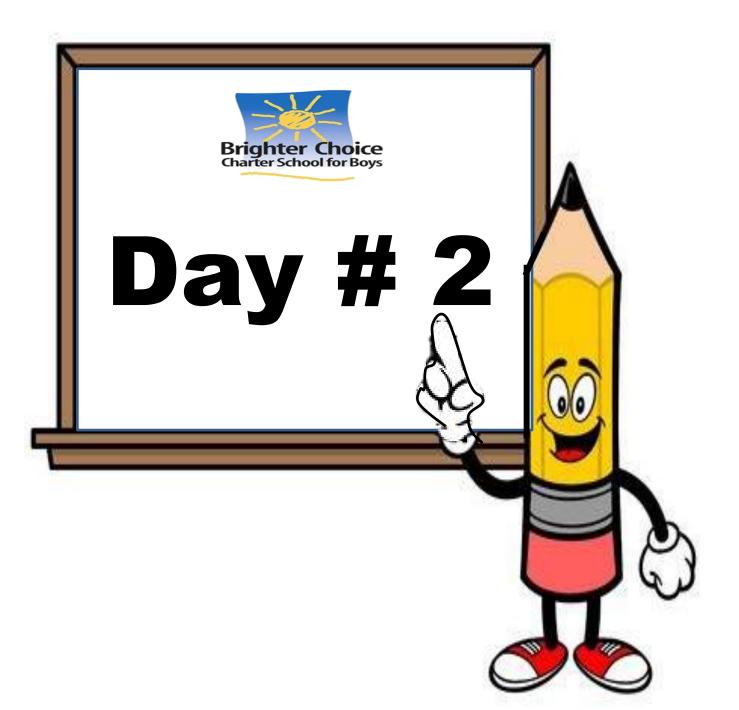
- A. They provide the reader with another way to understand the information
- B. They don't support our understanding of the information
- C. They are nice to look at when we read

Week 25 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePrin

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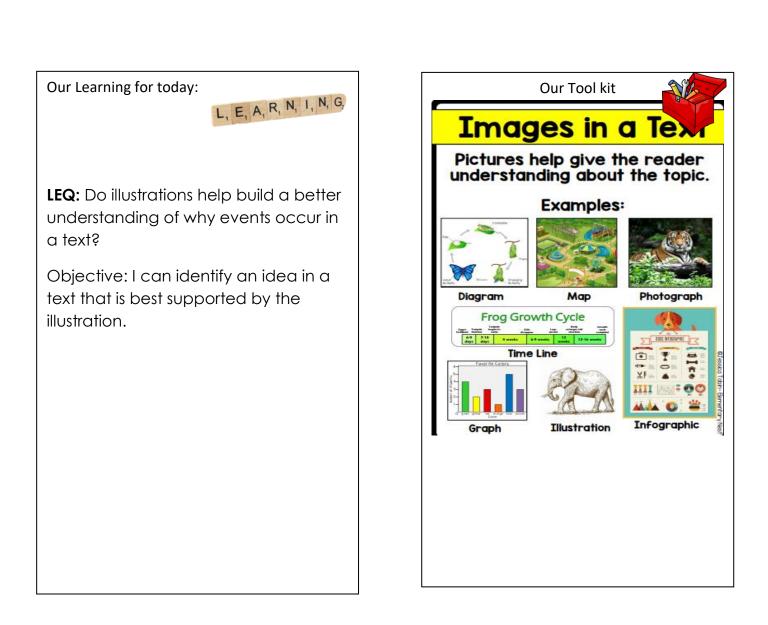


Dear Ms. Maisenbacher, My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's ELA homework



Week 25 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton





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BCCS-B Harvard Yale	Princeton
Vocabulary Guided Notes	

- Text features: Help us locate and use information in an informational text.
- Illustrations: Drawings used to help support the information in the text.
- **Pictures: Photographs** used to help support the information in the text.
- **Text:** The **words** on the page we **read** to gain information.

Explicit Instruction

Directions: Using the images in the article, determine what the overall idea the author is trying to convey.

I will tell the overall idea the author wants to teach me about. The author is trying to teach me about ______. Two pieces of evidence are

. This shows

Now you know the overall idea the author wants to ______

Explicit Instruction

Week 25 Day 2 Date: _____ Harvard Yale

Princeton

Purposes of Teeth

Teeth are unique to the type of animal that they belong to, and they are used for eating. There are many different kinds of teeth, and most animals have a few different kinds within just one mouth. People have four different kinds of teeth, all for different purposes. Our four different kinds of teeth are for cutting, gripping, crushing, and grinding food.

Animals are the same way. Carnivores, or meat eaters, will have longer and sharper teeth devoted to cutting and gripping food since they do not eat plants. A few types of animals with long, sharp teeth are big cats, wolves, alligators, sharks, and bears. Herbivores, or plant eaters, will have more teeth for crushing nuts and berries and for grinding grass and plants. These teeth tend to be wide and flat. A few types of animals that have flat teeth for plants are horses, zebras, cows, and giraffes.





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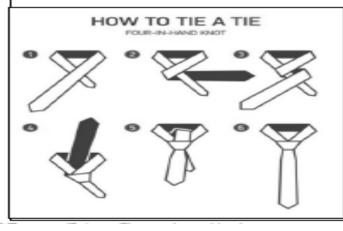
Week 25 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

Directions: Analyze the passage below. Determine the idea that the author is trying to teach you by using the text features and information in the article.

There are a few different types of ties, but the necktie is still the most used tie for men when dressing up. The necktie is a single, long article of clothing that wraps around the neck. It then loops and ties in the front. It



has a professional look that is used for weddings and business functions. They are often seen at funerals and other situations as well. Neckties come in many colors and patterns and some have images on them. Until recently, the size of neckties was standard. There has been an increase in the popularity of thinner neckties in the last few years. This trend has been more popular with young professionals. Despite the popularity of



neckties, they are not easy to put on. Getting them tied correctly is difficult. Most people have to practice tying them. There are a few different types of knots that can be tied in the front. A good necktie gives a very finished look to any formal outfit.

	Name:	Week 25 I	Week 25 Day 2 Date:		
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	Make an inference, what do you thir	nk the author is trying to teac	h vou about?		
			, you about.		
	The author is trying to teach me abo	ut			
	What did you notice to support your	inference?			
	I noticed the				

The main idea of this text is

- A. How to tie a necktie
- B. Why people wear neckties
- C. The necktie is the most used form of tie
- D. Neckties are nice

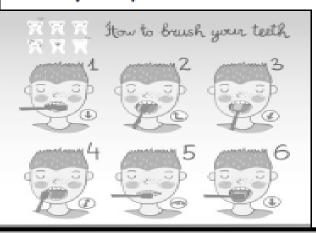
Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Application Activity			

Directions: Analyze the passage below, make an inference using the given text features to determine what this article is mostly about.

Brushing your teeth is the most important thing you can do to keep up your dental hygiene. Keeping your dental hygiene up will make you healthier overall. It will help you avoid problems later in life. Dentists



recommend brushing your teeth for at least two full minutes at a time, twice a day. It is easy to brush your teeth in sections. That is what dentists recommend too. You should brush the outsides, the insides, and the tops of your bottom teeth and the bottoms of your top teeth. Keep your toothbrush at a 45-degree angle when doing this brushing. That will enable you to get the most coverage. It is also a good idea to brush your tongue. That will help keep breath fresher. While brushing is important, there



are other things you can do to improve oral health. Dentists recommend flossing daily and using mouthwash to keep breath fresh and help fight any gum disease. These, along with brushing, will keep your mouth in good shape.

Week 25 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

Application Activity

Make an inference, what do you think the author is trying to teach you about?

The author is trying to teach me about ______

What did you notice to support your inference?

I noticed the

The main idea of this text is

- A. How to brush your teeth
- B. How to prevent cavities
- C. How to remove a loose tooth
- D. Nice teeth are pretty to look at

Exit Ticket

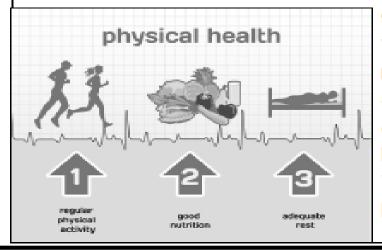
Week 25 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

Directions: Analyze the passage below, make an inference using the given text features to determine what this article is mostly about.

One of the largest problems for children in America is childhood obesity. Almost one out of every three Americans under the age of 20 are either overweight or obese. Childhood obesity rates have been



increasing at a very high rate in the U.S. The best way to try to better the obesity rates is improving the diet and physical activities of children. The government has set some specific guidelines they think will help. They will work if people follow them in their everyday lives. The government recommends that children get at least 60 minutes of physical activity each day. This will help keep them in good shape. Most of that exercise should be aerobic exercise, like running or riding a bike. The



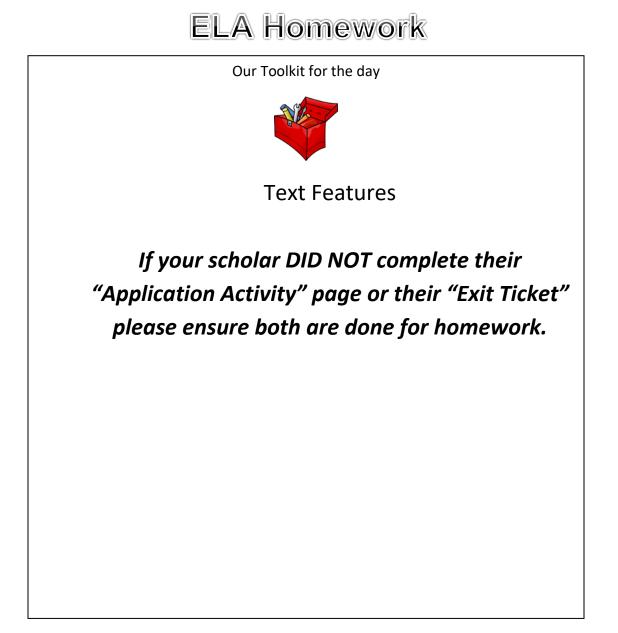
government also recommends that children get three days per week of muscle and bone strengthening exercise. These can be done with exercises like push-ups or jumping rope. They can be fun and beneficial.

	Name:		Week 25 Day 2 Date:			
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Exit	Ticket					
	Make an inference, what do you thi	ink the author is t	rying to teach ye	ou about?		
	The author is trying to teach me abo	out			·	
	What did you notice to support you	r inference?				
	I noticed the					
	The main idea of this text is					

- A. Children should exercise 60 minutes a day
- B. Exercise can hurt your joints
- C. How to become belter at sports
- D. How to eat healthy fods

Week 25 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePri

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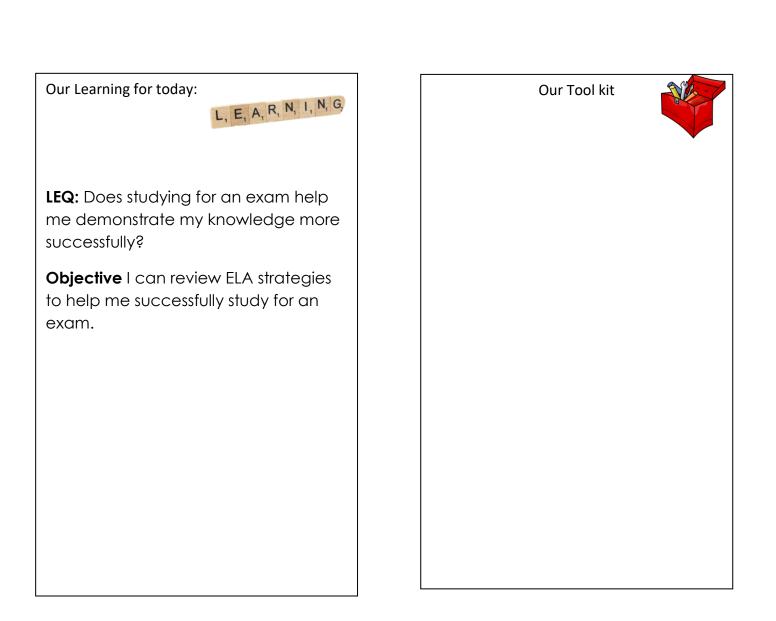


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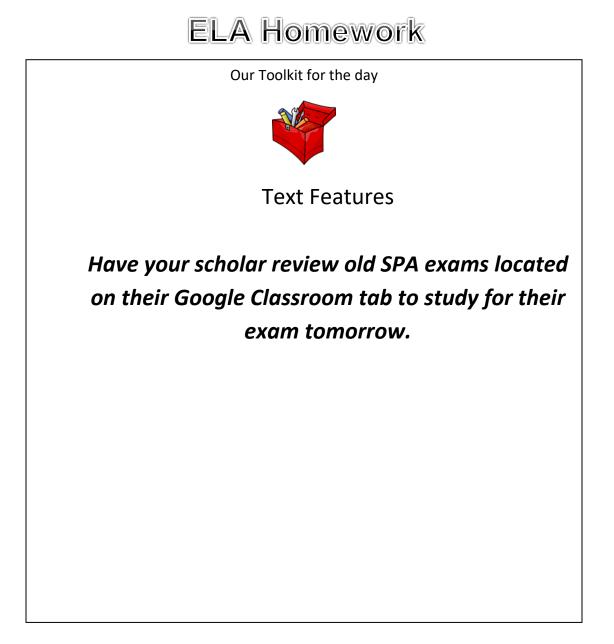
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Week 25 Day 3 Date:HarvardYalePrince

Princeton

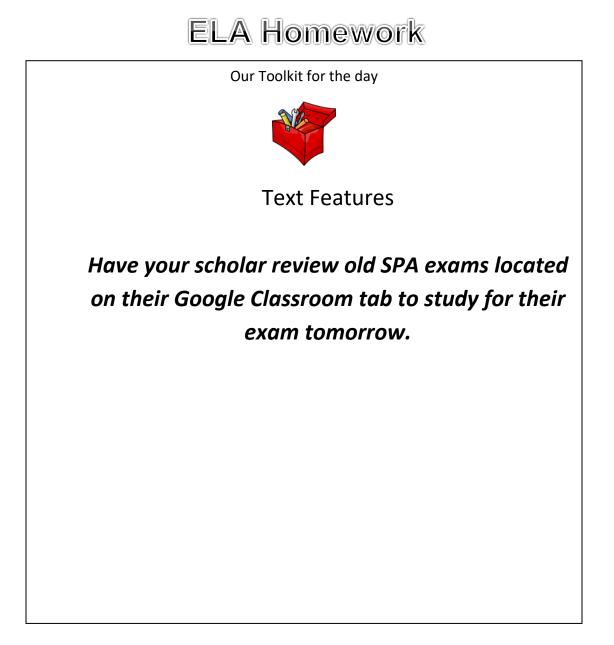


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Week 25 Day 4 Date:HarvardYalePrint

Princeton



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Week 25 Day 4 Date: _____ Princeton Harvard Yale





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Name_____

3rd Grade ELA Remote Learning Packet

Week 26



Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

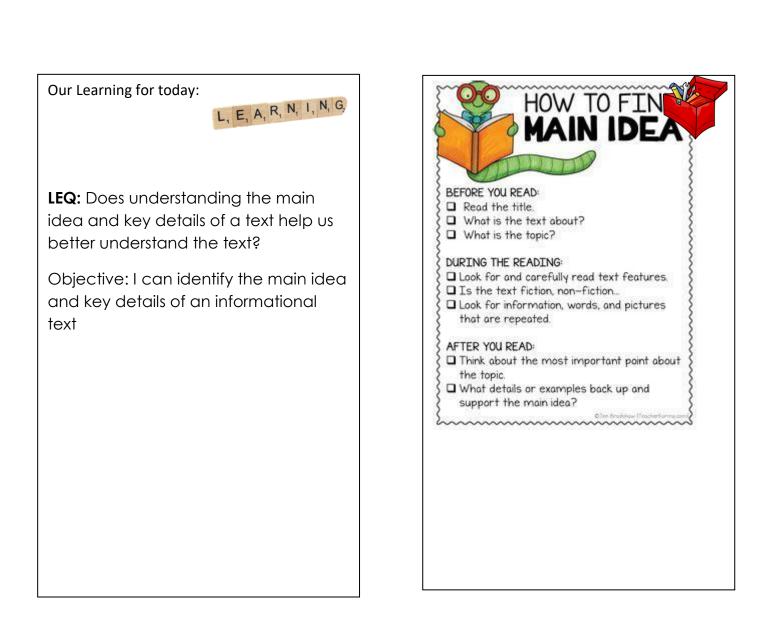
(Date)

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Week 26 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

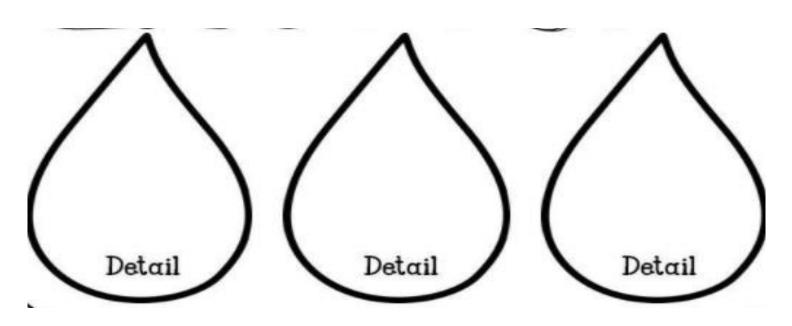




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BCCS	5-В	Harvard	Ya	le Princeton
	bulary Guided	Notes		
-	Main idea: What the	_ is	_ about.	
-	Informational Text: A text that tells		or	information.
-	Key Details: Details that	_ the reader what t	าe	of the passage
Explic	it Instruction	 -		
		<u>Main Idea</u>		

Read the excerpt from an informational passage below, Write down the main idea)what the text is mostly about) and then give three key details that helped to identify the main idea. Write these in the raindrops.

Main Idea: The main idea of the text is _



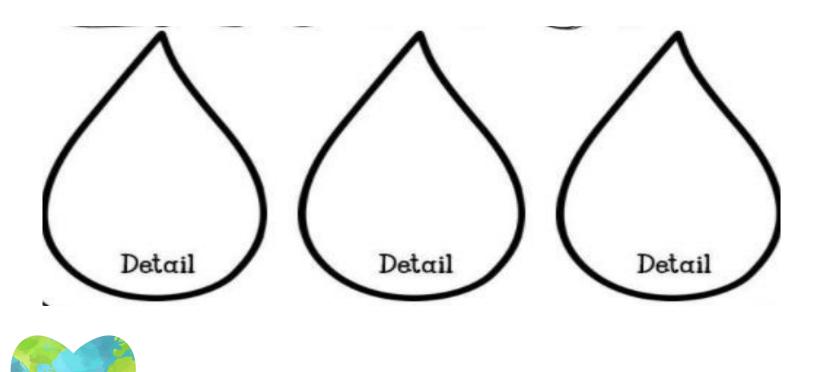
Week 26 Day 1 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton



Directions: Use evidence from pages 4-7 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What is the main idea of the text on page 4? Use details from the text to support your answer.

Main Idea: The main idea of the text on page 4 is



Week 26 Day 1 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

Application Activity

Directions: Use evidence from pages 4-7 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What are some key details from the illustration on page 4 that help you understand the main idea? Use details from the text to support your answer.

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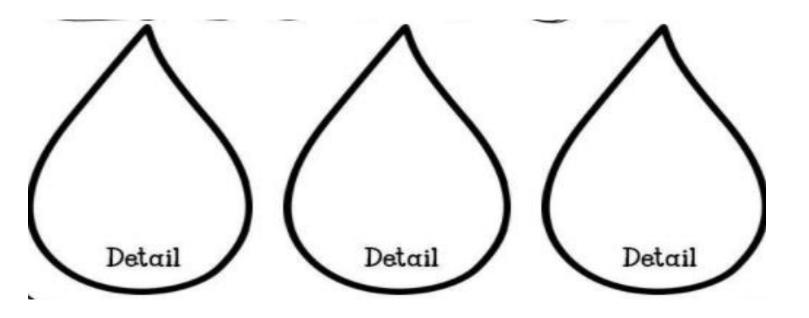
Imagine for a moment that all the water on Earth came from just one well.

This isn't as strange as it sounds. All water on Earth is connected, so there really is just one source of water — one global well — from which we all draw our water. Every ocean wave, every lake, stream and underground river, every raindrop and snowflake and every bit of ice in glaciers and polar icecaps is part of this global well.

So whether you are turning on a faucet in North America, pulling water from a well in Kenya or bathing in a river in India, it is all the same water. And because it is all connected, how we treat the water in the well will affect every species on the planet, including us, now and for years to come.

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Application Activity



Week 26 Day 1 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton



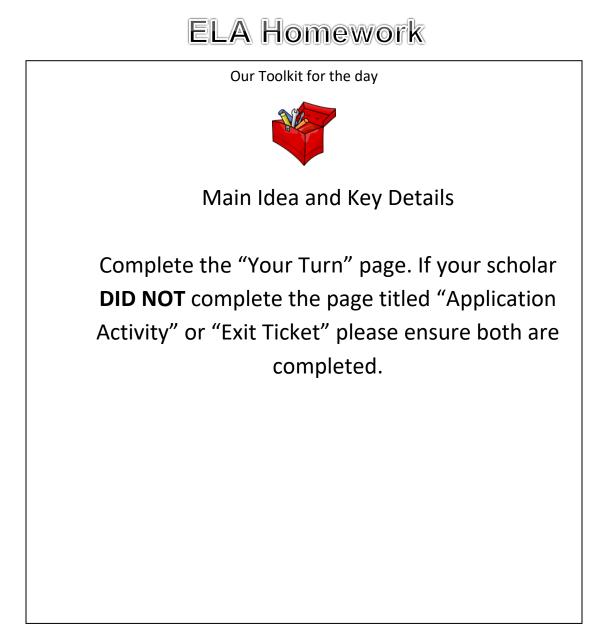
Directions: Circle the correct answer to the question below.

Circle the correct definitions for main idea and key details.

- A. Main idea is how to find unknown words and key details are all the surrounding words.
- B. Main idea is what the text is mostly about and key details are text features.
- C. Main idea is what the text is mostly about and key details tell what the main idea is
- D. Main idea is the theme of the text and key details tell what the main idea is

Week 26 Day 1 Date:HarvardYaleYale

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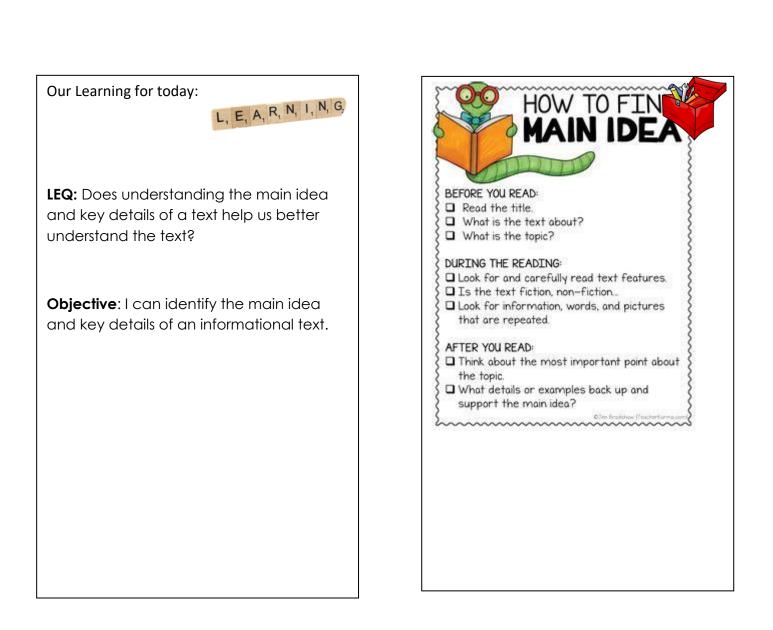
Dear Ms. Maisenbacher, My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's ELA homework

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Your Turn			
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all rall le	pic and key		- IISUG
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the biggest land			
and lvory tusks			
eat, drink, and s to eat bernies, i			FIGT TEET
	Main Topic		
	Key Details		
			Bruger
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They are t	the biggest l	and a	nimals.
the second se		a manage of the	
Elephants	are amazing	g anim	nais.



Week 26 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton





Name:	Week 26 Day	_ Week 26 Day 2 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Vocabulary Guided	Notes I		
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- Main idea: What the **text** is **mostly** about.
- Informational Text: A text that tells **factual** or **true** information.
- Key Details: Details that **tell** the reader what the **main idea** of the passage is.

Explicit Instruction

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Directions: Review page 4 from yesterday. Determine the main idea of the passage by **annotating** key details in the text.

The main idea of this page is ______

Other supports on the page that helped me determine the main idea

Week 26 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

Explicit Instruction

Ine Well

Imagine for a moment that all the water on Earth came from just one well.

This isn't as strange as it sounds. All water on Earth is connected, so there really is just one source of water — one global well — from which we all draw our water. Every ocean wave, every lake, stream and underground river, every raindrop and snowflake and every bit of ice in glaciers and polar icecaps is part of this global well.

So whether you are turning on a faucet in North America, pulling water from a well in Kenya or bathing in a river in India, it is all the same water. And because it is all connected, how we treat the water in the well will affect every species on the planet, including us, now and for years to come.

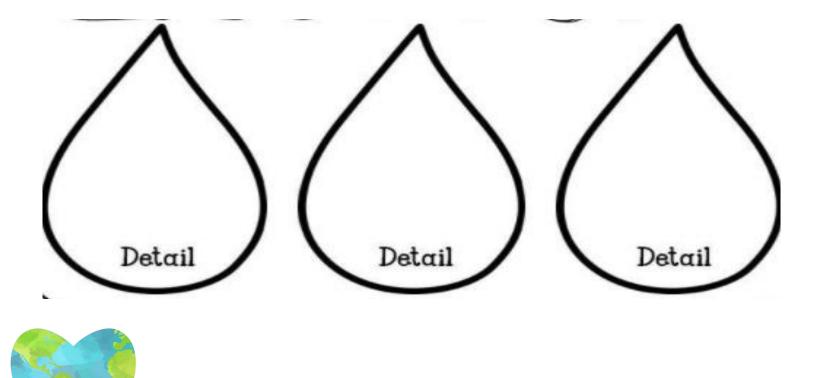
Week 26 Day 2 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

CFU

Directions: Use evidence from page 8 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What is the main idea of the text on page 8? Use details from the text to support your answer.

Main Idea: The main idea of the text on page 4 is



Name:	_ Week 26 Day 2 Date:			
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Application Activity	l l			

Directions: Use evidence from page 8 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What are some key details from the illustration on page 8 that help you understand the main idea? Use details from the text to support your answer.

The water you drank today may have ained down on the Amazon rainforest ive years ago. A hundred years ago, it may have been steam escaping a teapot in India. Ten thousand years ago, it may have flowed in an underground iver. A hundred thousand years ago, it may have been frozen solid in a glacier. and a hundred million years ago, it may have quenched the thirst of a linosaur.

The amount of water on Earth loesn't change — there's no more water ow than when the dinosaurs walked he Earth. The same water just keeps oing through a cycle over and over gain. This constant movement of eater is called the water cycle.

During the water cycle, water

evaporates from oceans, lakes, rivers, ponds and puddles, even from plants and animals. It rises into the air as water vapor.

As water vapor rises, it cools into tiny water droplets. This is called condensation. These droplets form clouds. Gradually, clouds collect more and more water droplets. The average white cloud weighs about twice as much as a blue whale.

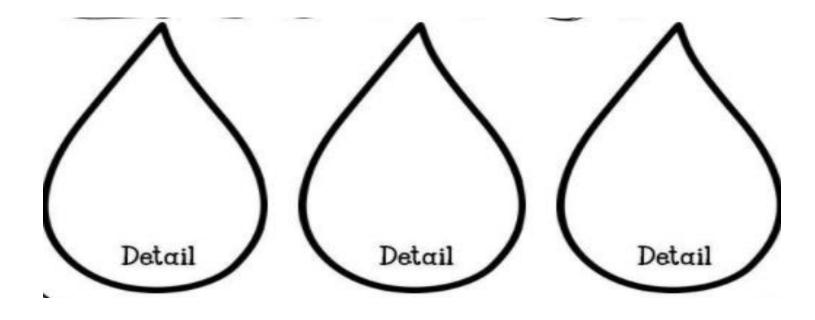
When water droplets get too heavy, they fall from the clouds in the form of hail, snow or rain. This precipitation returns to oceans, lakes and rivers lialso seeps into the soil and down into the groundwater. Year after year, water continuously circulates through the water cycle.



Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:			
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Application Activity	I I			

Directions: Use evidence from page 8 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What are some key details from the illustration on page 8 that help you understand the main idea? Use details from the text to support your answer.



Week 26 Day 2 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

Exit Ticket

The Storm

The rain began early in the morning. It fell as hard drops, one after another. The sky was full of dark purple clouds. Thunder began as a soft rumble and became louder and louder. Lightning crashed every few minutes, making the sky a brilliant white.

What is the main idea? Circle the correct answer.

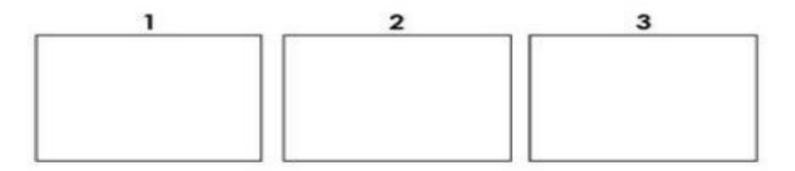
A. The farms needed the rain.

B. The thunder hurt the people's ears.

C. Lightning made the sky bright.

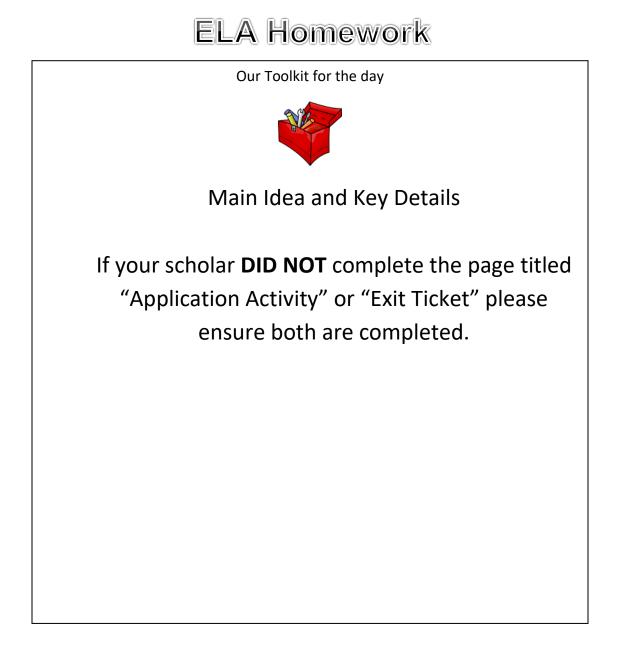
D. The storm was very strong.

Write three details in the story in the boxes.



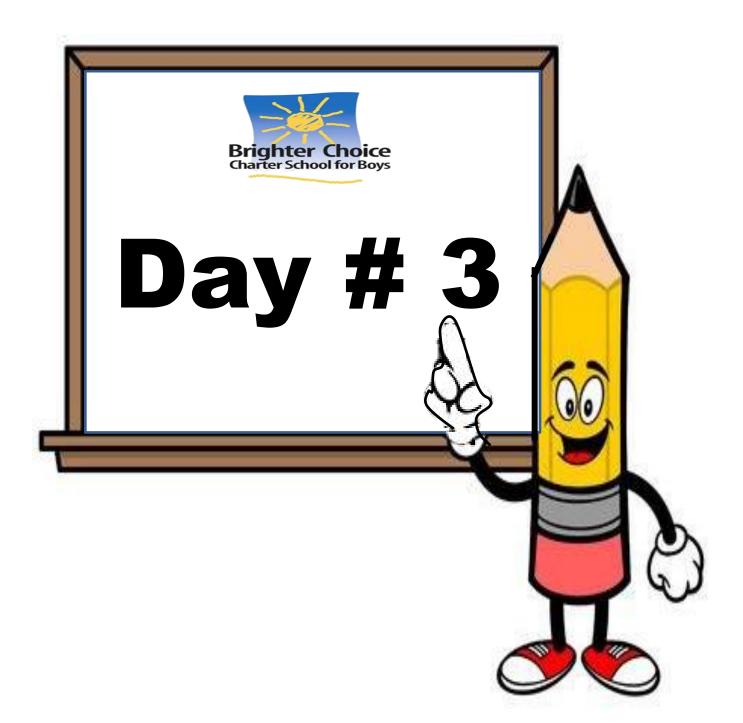
Week 26 Day 1 Date:HarvardYalePri

Princeton



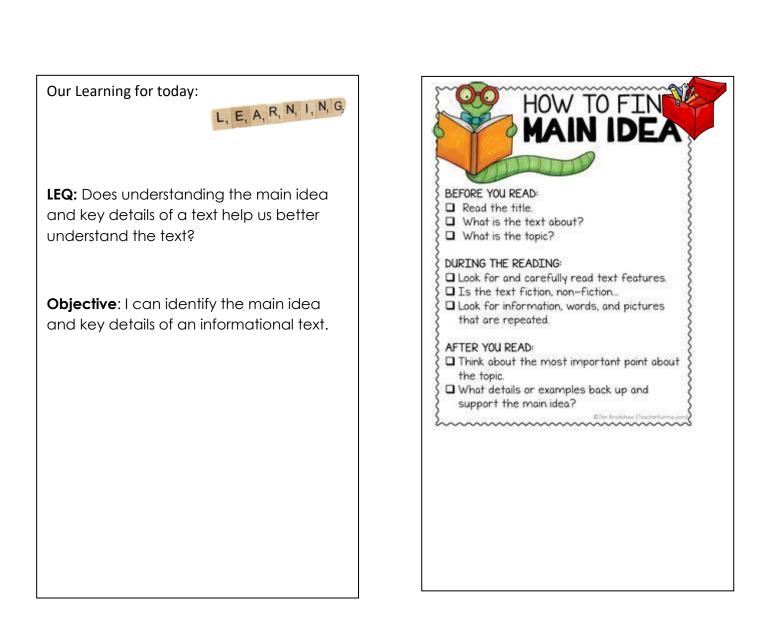
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Parent Signature 🙂



Week 26 Day 2 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton





Name:	Week 26 Day3 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
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Vocabulary Guide	ed Notes I		

- Main idea: What the **text** is **mostly** about.
- Informational Text: A text that tells **factual** or **true** information.
- Key Details: Details that **tell** the reader what the **main idea** of the passage is.

Explicit Instruction

Directions: Review page 8 from yesterday. Determine the main idea of the passage by **annotating** key details in the text.

The main idea of this page is ______

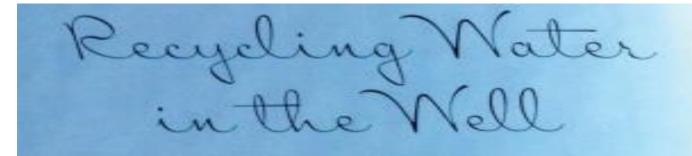
Other supports on the page that helped me determine the main idea

 Name:
 Week 26 Day3 Date:

 BCCS-B
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 Princeton

 Explicit Instruction
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The water you drank today may have ained down on the Amazon rainforest ive years ago. A hundred years ago, it may have been steam escaping a teapot n India. Ten thousand years ago, it may have flowed in an underground iver. A hundred thousand years ago, it may have been frozen solid in a glacier. And a hundred million years ago, it may have quenched the thirst of a linosaur.

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As water vapor rises, it cools into tiny water droplets. This is called condensation. These droplets form clouds. Gradually, clouds collect more and more water droplets. The average white cloud weighs about twice as much as a blue whale.

When water droplets get too heavy, they fall from the clouds in the form of hail, snow or rain. This precipitation returns to oceans, lakes and rivers. It also seeps into the soil and down into the groundwater. Year after year, water continuously circulates through the water cycle.



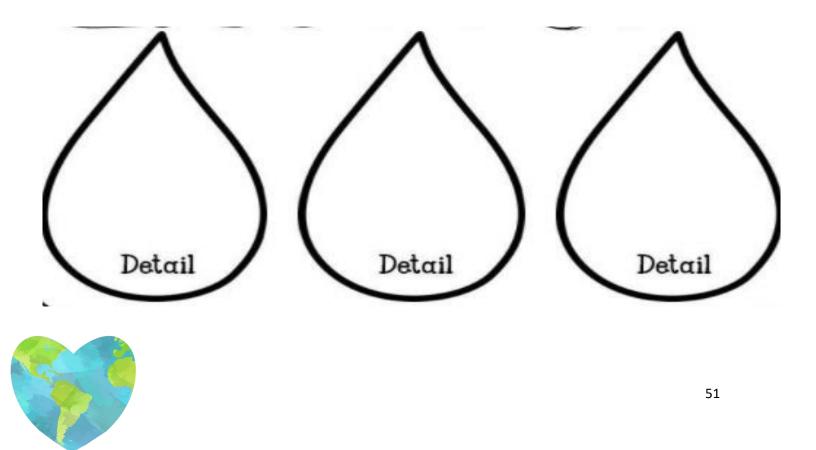
Week 26 Day3 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton



Directions: Use evidence from page 16 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What is the main idea of the text on page 16? Use details from the text to support your answer.

Main Idea: The main idea of the text on page 16 is

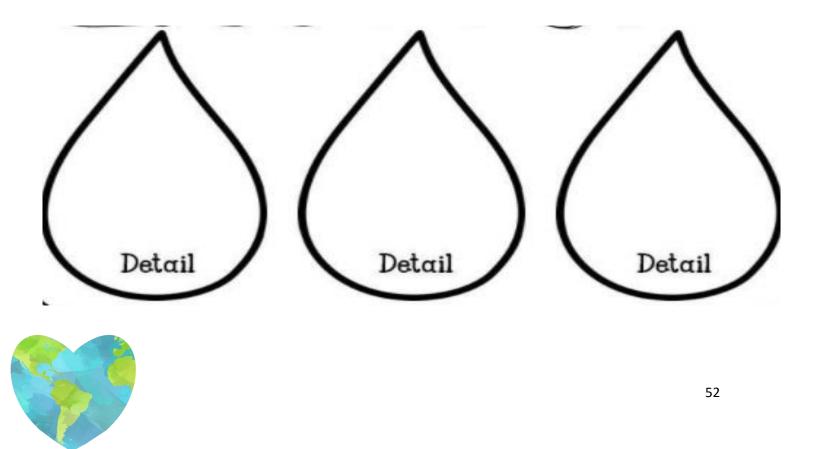


Name:	Week 26 Day	y3 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Application Activity	. – , 		

Directions: Use evidence from page 20 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

What is the main idea of the text on page 20? Use details from the text to support your answer.

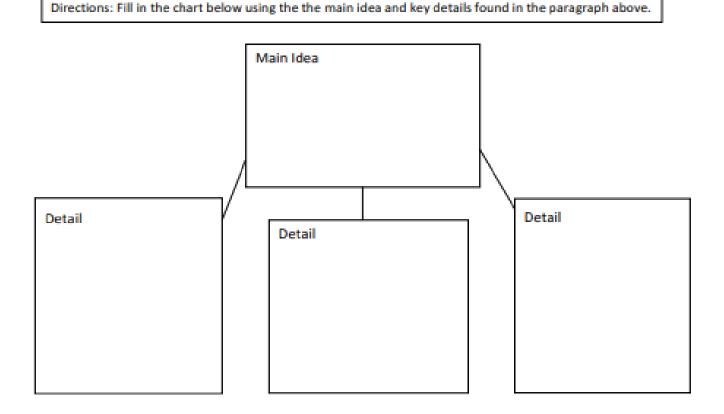
Main Idea: The main idea of the text on page 20 is



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Exit Ticket	- 1 _ laea ana Kej	y Details F	Practice	
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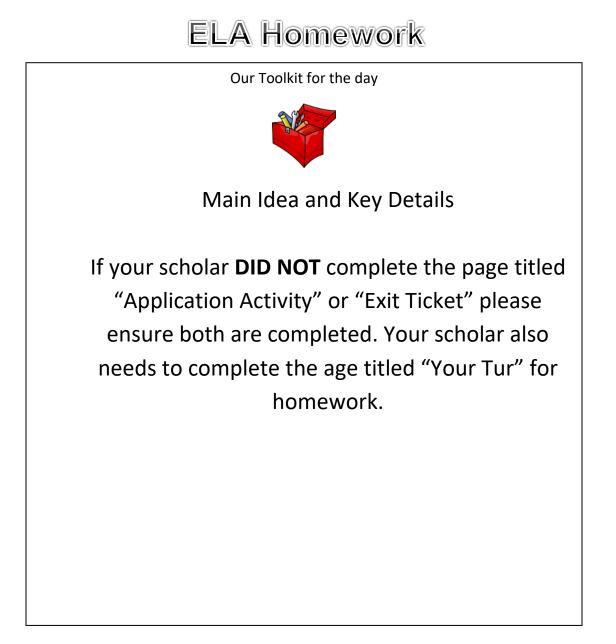
Directions: Read the following paragraph below. Circle the sentence in the paragraph that would be the main idea sentence. Then cross out any sentences that **do not** support the main idea sentence.

On Sunday, my family and I will be headed to the park for a family picnic. I am so excited and can't wait to spend the day with my family. While at the park, we will play some games, eat a yummy picnic lunch, and then go fishing at the lake. I once went to the park with my best friend, Paige. My mom told me that we were going to play a huge game of family tag. I love playing tag! For lunch, my dad is going to make us some really big subs full of meat, cheese, lettuce, and tomatoes. The first time I had a sub all of the fixings fell out of my bread and right onto the floor. I was upset and cried. After we eat our lunch, we will head down to the lake to fish. This will be the first time my little sister has ever gone fishing, so I'm excited to teach her how to fish.



Week 26 Day 1 Date: ____ Harvard Yale

Princeton



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Name: **BCCS-B** Week 26 Day3 Date: _ Harvard Yale

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Your Turn

ain Idea MULTIPLE CHOICE

The main idea of a text tells what the text is mostly about. Supporting details are the sentences that support the main idea.

Directions: Read the paragraphs below. Then choose the best main idea from the multiple choice options. Highlight or underline one supporting detail in the text. An example has been done for you.

EXAMPLE:

Pizza is a favorite food in the United States. Pizza is from Italy in the late 1800s. It became popular in the United States after World War II. People like to add toppings.Some toppings are pepperoni, sausage, and vegetables. These toppings give pizza more flavor. Pepperoni is America's favorite topping.

- Living things are organisms with certain characteristics. They need water, food, and air to survive. They grow and change, and they move on their own. Living things reproduce, or make more of themselves. For example, plants and animals are living things. Plants make their own food and animals eat plants or other animals for food.
- Have you ever seen a giraffe at the zoo? Giraffes are the tallest animals in the world. The average height of a giraffe is 16-18 feet tall. This animal has a very long neck and legs. Giraffes eat the leaves from tall trees. Other animals cannot reach that high. Male giraffes are even taller than female giraffes.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- Pizza is made from flour.
- b. Pizza was first made in Italy.
- c. You should eat the delicious pizza.
- (d.)Pizza is a popular meal in the United States.

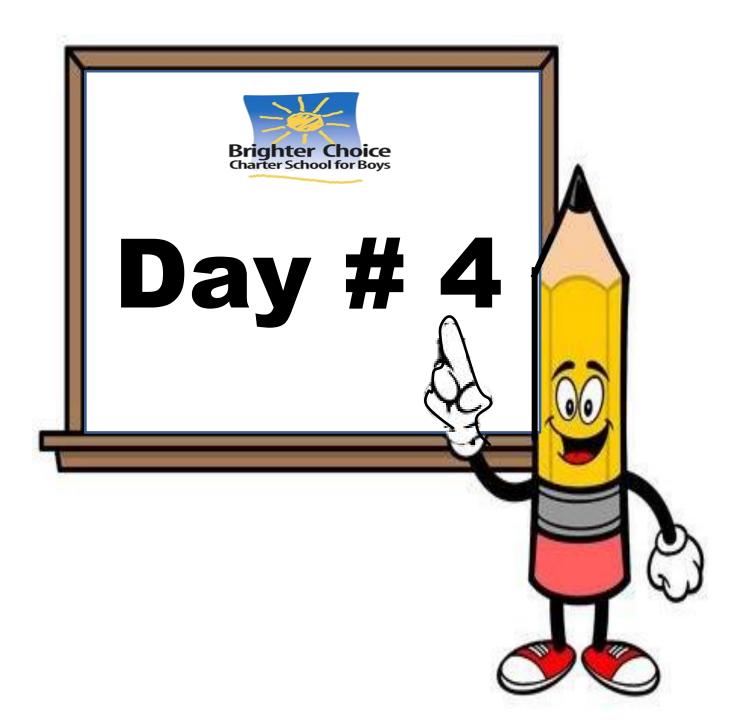
What is the main idea of the passage?

- a. There are four characteristics of living things.
- b. Animals make their own food.
- All living things need sunlight.
- Plants eat other plants.

What is the main idea of the passage?

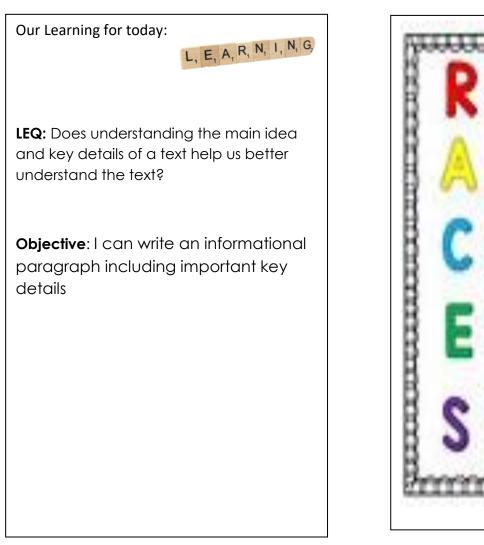
- Giraffes are extremely tall animals.
- b. Giraffes don't sleep very much.
- Giraffes are unique animals.
- d. Giraffes eat leaves.





Week 26 Day 4 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton







DCC3-	Name:Week 26 Day 4 Date:BCCS-BHarvardYale				
	abulary	Guided	Notes		
-	RACES: A	strategy use	ed for	• • questions. R is	
	A is	C is	E is	and S is	5
-	Paragraph: A piece	of	that answers a	and has m	ore than one
-	Informational:	or _			

Directions: Use evidence from pages 4-7 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

Why does Earth look blue from outer space? Use details from the text to support your answer.

R – Restate the question (I will tell) A – Answer C – Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are)

E – Explain (This shows) S – Sum it up (Now you know)

I will tell why Earth looks blue from out space. The Earth looks mostly blue from outer space because it is mostly water.

Week 26 Day 4 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton

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Directions: Use evidence from page 8 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

Why doesn't the amount of water on Earth change? Use details from the text to support your answer.

R - Restate the question (I will tell) A - Answer C - Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are)

E – Explain (This shows) S – Sum it up (Now you know)

Week 26 Day 4 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

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Application Activity	I
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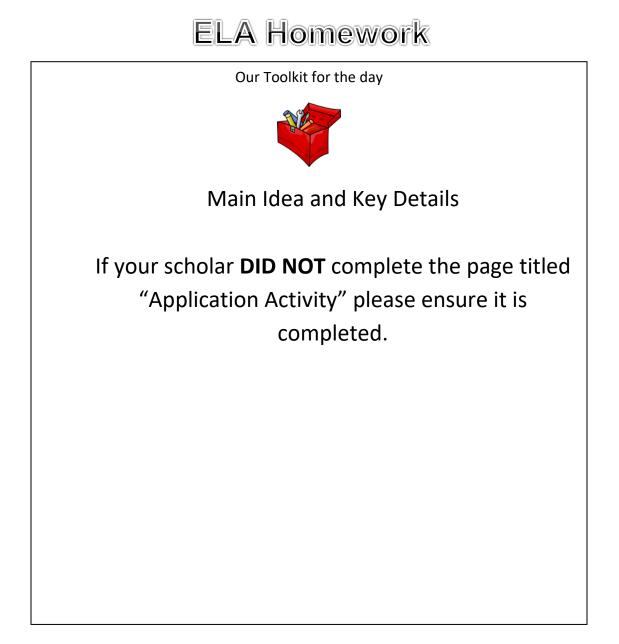
Directions: Use evidence from page 16 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

If the amount of water on Earth is always the same, why do many people not have access to enough freshwater?"

R – Restate the question (I will tell) A – Answer C – Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are) E – Explain (This shows) S – Sum it up (Now you know)

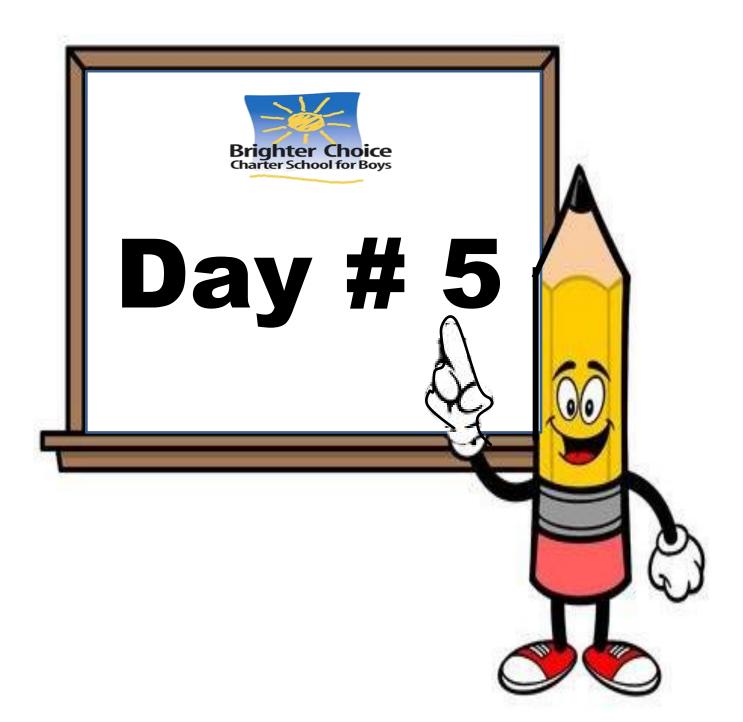
Week 26 Day 4 Date:HarvardYalePrince

Princeton



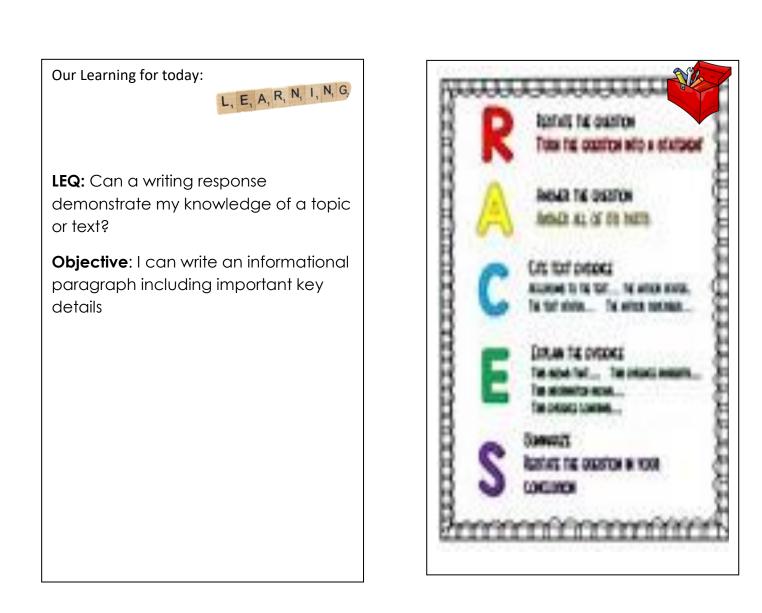
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Name:	Week 26 Da	Week 26 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Vocabulary Guided Notes

- RACES: A writing strategy used for short response questions. R is Restate A is Answer C is Cite
 Evidence E is explain and S is Sum it up
- Paragraph: A piece of writing that answers a question and has more than one sentence.
- Informational: Factual or true

Explicit Instruction

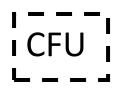
Directions: Use evidence from pages 4-7 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

Why does Earth look blue from outer space? Use details from the text to support your answer.

R – Restate the question (I will tell) A – Answer C – Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are) E – Explain (This shows) S – Sum it up (Now you know)

I will tell why Earth looks blue from out space. The Earth looks mostly blue from outer space because it is mostly water.

Week 26 Day 5 Date: _____ Harvard Yale Princeton



Directions: Use evidence from page 22-25 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

How can the movement of water through the land and the water cycle make water pollution worse?

- R Restate the question (I will tell) A Answer C Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are)
- E Explain (This shows) S Sum it up (Now you know)

Week 26 Day 5 Date:HarvardYalePrinceton

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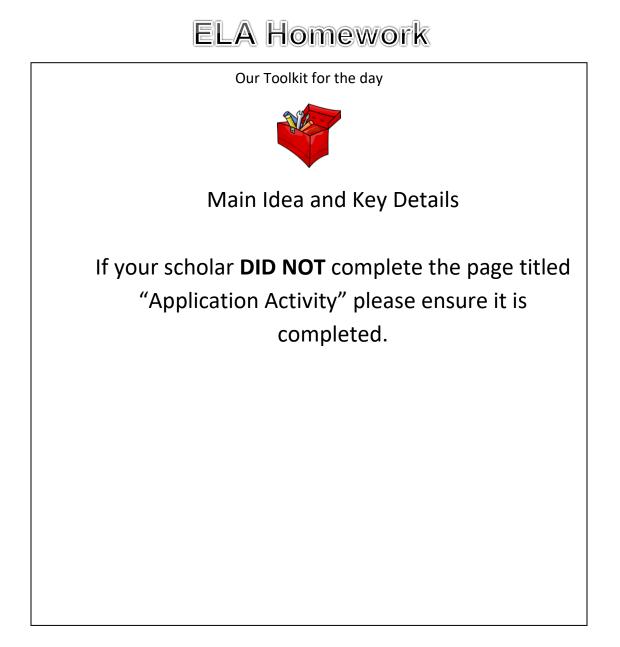
Directions: Use evidence from pages 4-7 of One Well to answer the question below. Be sure to include at least 3 sentences - an inference (from your brain), an explanation (What do you mean?), and evidence (What does the text say?)

Where is the majority of water on Earth? How do you know? Use details from the text to support your answer.

R – Restate the question (I will tell) A – Answer C – Cite evidence (Two pieces of evidence are) E – Explain (This shows) S – Sum it up (Now you know)

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