

3rd Grade Math Remote Learning Packet



Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)

(Date)

Parents please note that all academic packets are also available on our website at <u>www.brighterchoice.org</u> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Reteach Day One

LEQ: How can I understand the area of a rectangle?

Objective: I can create square units to understand the area of a rectangle.



Name:		Week 25 Day 1	Date:	
BCCS-B		Harvard	Yale	Princeton
<u>Do Now</u> : Find the area of each s	shape.		=	1 square unit
1)	2)		3)	
Image: selection of the se				
Area = () square	e units Area ={ 5)	square units	Area =(square units
Area = () square	e units Area = (square units	Area ={	square units
Area =	e units Area =	square units	Area =	square units

Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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The area of a shape is the ______ it takes up. In rectangles, we can find the area my multiplying the height x width where the height is how ______ or _____ a shape is and the width is ______ it is. In a rectangle, opposite sides have the same measurement.

Let's find the area of each rectangle below by using Area= Height x Width Instead of words we'll use letters A=H x W



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Find the area of each rectangle below by using A= H x W H= Height and W= Width



Name:	Week 25 Day	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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Input (My Turn):						

Let's label each side. Then let's use our knowledge of A = H x W to find the area of the composite shape below.

•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
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•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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Label each side length. Then let's use your knowledge of A = H x W to find the area of the composite shape below.

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Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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1. Label all sides. Then find the area of the figure.

The area of the composite figure above is ______ square units

Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton		

1. Label all sides. Then find the area of the figure.

		6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
 	1		
	L		

The area of the composite figure above is ______ square units

Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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Exit Ticket:

The following figure is made up of 2 rectangles. Find the total area of the figure.

Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:				
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Homework:

1. Find the area of each composite figure.







1. Label all sides. Then find the area of each of the following figures.

The area of the composite figure above is ______ square units



<u>Reteach</u>

LEQ: How can I find the area of an irregular shape?

Objective: I can use a grid to find the area of composite rectangles.



Name:					Week 25 Day 2 Date:																
BCC	S-B								Harvard			Yal	Yale			Princeton					
Do N	Now	<u>/</u> :																			
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7)	Ar	ea =	19 s	qua	re ur	nits	8)	Are	ea =	15 s	qua	re ur	nits	9)	Are	a =	28 s	quai	re un	its
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Draw	/ 3 d	iffer	rent	sha	pes	s wi	th the	are	a 20) sq	uar	e ur	its.								
10)							11)							12)						
							1		_												_



Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
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Label each side. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.



Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
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Label each side. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.



Name:	Week 25 Day	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton			
Input (My Turn):						

Label each side in inches. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.



Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton		

Label each side in inches. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.









Application:

A paper rectangle has a length of 6 inches and a width of 9 inches. A square with a side length of 3 inches was cut out of it. What is the area of the remaining paper?

Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
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Exit Ticket:

Label each side length. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.

A = ______ square units

Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:				
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Homework:

1. A paper rectangle has a length of 3 inches and a width of 6 inches. A square with a side length of 2 inches was cut out of it. What is the area of the remaining paper?

2. Label each side length in inches. Then find the area of the shaded figure by using subtraction.



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LEQ: How can I identify a shaded fractional part in different ways in relation to the whole?

Objective: I can partition a part in a whole to identify the fractional part differently in relation to the whole.





Name:	Week 25 Day 3 Date:				
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton		



Name:	Week 25 Day 3 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton



Name:	Week 25 Day	Week 25 Day 3 Date:	
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5. Use the diagram below to complete the following statements.

	Rope A		
	Rope B		
	Rope C		
a.	Rope	is $\frac{1}{2}$ the length of Rope B.	
b.	Rope	is $\frac{1}{2}$ the length of Rope A.	
c.	Rope C is	$\frac{1}{4}$ the length of Rope	
d.	If Rope B	measures 1 m long, then Rope A is m long,	and Rope C is
		m long.	

e. About how many copies of Rope B equal the length of Rope A? Draw number bonds to help you.

Name:	Week 25 Day 3 Date:		
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5. Use the pictures below to complete the following statements.



and Towel Rack A is about _____ ft long.

i. About how many copies of Towel Rack A equal the length of Towel Rack C? Draw number bonds to help you.



Application:

For his birthday, Kyle's mom brought in cake to share with the class. When she picked up the 2 cake pans at the end of the day, she said, "Wow, your friends ate 3/4 of the cake." Kyle said, "No, Mom, we ate 6/4 cakes." Talk to a partner: Who is right?



Name:	Week 25 Day 3 Da	ate:	
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Exit Ticket:

1.

The shape represents 1 whole. Write a unit fraction to describe the shaded part.	The shaded part represents 1 whole. Divide 1 whole to show the same unit fraction you wrote in Part (a).
a.	b.

2. Draw 3 strings—B, C, and D—by following the directions below. String A is already drawn for you.

String B is $\frac{1}{3}$ of String A. String C is $\frac{1}{2}$ of String B. String D is $\frac{1}{3}$ of String C.

String A Stranger A St

String **B**

String C

String D

Name:	Week 25 Day 3 D	ate:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Homework:

The shape represents 1 whole. Write a unit for the shaded part.	raction	D	The shaded part re ivide 1 whole to show you wrote	epresents 1 whole. v the same unit fractio in Part (a).	n
a.		b.			

Mrs. DeRouville asked the class to draw a model showing $\frac{2}{3}$ shaded. Kenny and Prince drew the models below. Whose model is correct? Explain how you know.





LEQ: How can I place fractions on a number line with endpoints 0 and 1?

Objective: I can partition a number line into a given fractional unit to place in on a number line.



Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:		
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Do Now:

Label each equal part within each fraction strip. Then use it to fill in the blanks below using < (less than) > (greater than) and = (equal to).



1	1	2	1	1	1
3	5	6	3	5	2

Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Da	ite:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

The numbers between 0 and 1 on a number line are ______ less than 1 _____. We can draw tick marks to partition a number line as we would any shape.

1. Draw a number bond for each fractional unit. Partition the fraction strip to show the unit fractions of the number bond. Use the fraction strip to help you label the fractions on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1.


Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

1. Draw a number bond for each fractional unit. Partition the fraction strip to show the unit fractions of the number bond. Use the fraction strip to help you label the fractions on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1.



Name:	Week 25 Day	Week 25 Day 4 Date:	
BCCS-B	Harvard	Harvard Yale	
Input (My Turn):			

2. Ms. Moise wants to share \$1 equally among 5 students. Draw a number bond and a number line to help explain your answer.

Number Bond	Number Line

What fraction of a dollar will each student get?

Each student will get _____ of a dollar

3. Trevor needs to let his puppy outside every quarter (1 fourth) hour to potty train him. Draw and label a number line from 0 hours to 1 hour to show every 1 fourth hour. Include 0 fourths and 4 fourths hour. Label 0 hours and 1 hour, too.

Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:		
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2. Ms. Maisenbacher wants to share 1 bag of chips equally among 3 friends. Draw a number bond and a number line to help explain your answer.

Number Bond	Number Line

What fraction of a bag of chips will each friend get?

Each friend will get _____ of a bag of chips

3. Gionni needs to let his kitten outside every half (1 half) hour to potty train him. Draw and label a number line from 0 hours to 1 hour to show every 1 half hour. Include 0 halves and 2 halves hour. Label 0 hours and 1 hour, too.



Application:

A ribbon is 1 meter long. Mrs. McLean wants to sew a bead every 1/5 meter. The first bead is at 1/5 meter. The last bead is at 1 meter. Draw and label a number line from 0 meters to 1 meter to show where Mrs. McLean will sew beads. Label all the fractions, including 0 fifths and 5 fifths. Label 0 meters and 1 meter, too.

Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:		
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Exit Ticket:

1. Draw a number bond for the fractional unit. Partition the fraction strip, and draw and label the fractions on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1.



Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:		
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Homework:

Mr. Ray is knitting a scarf. He says that he has completed 1 fifth of the total length of the scarf. Label the scarf below to show what he has finished and what he still has to make. Draw a number bond with 2 parts to show the fraction he has made and the fraction he has not made.







LEQ: How can I place any fraction on a number line with endpoints 0 and 1?

Objective: I can partition a number line into a given fractional unit to place any fraction on a number line.



Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:		
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Do Now:

Shade the correct fraction of each shape.

Remember ¼ means 1 out of every 4!



Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:		
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Input (My Turn):

1. Estimate to label the given fractions on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1. Write the fractions above the number line. Draw a number bond to match your number line.



Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

1. Estimate to label the given fractions on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1. Write the fractions above the number line. Draw a number bond to match your number line.



Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
<u>Input (My Turn):</u>			
2. Partition the number line. Then,	place each fraction	on the number	line: $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, and $\frac{4}{5}$.



b. Estimate to place each fraction on the number line.





\$1



Application:

For his boat, James stretched out a rope with 5 equally spaced knots. Starting at the first knot and ending at the last knot, draw equally-spaced knots. Label each fraction at the knot

a. What fraction of the rope is labeled at the third knot?

b. What if the rope had 6 equally spaced knots along the same length? What fraction of the rope would be measured by the first 2 knots?

Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Exit Ticket:

 Estimate to label the given fraction on the number line. Be sure to label the fractions at 0 and 1. Write the fractions above the number line. Draw a number bond to match your number line.









Name

3rd Grade Math Remote Learning Packet



Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

(Parent Signature)

(Date)

Parents please note that all academic packets are also available on our website at <u>www.brighterchoice.org</u> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



LEQ: How can I place whole number fractions and fractions between whole numbers on the number line?

Objective: I can use my knowledge of whole fractions to place whole numbers and fractions on a number line.



Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Do Now:

Write the correct fraction of each shape which has been shaded.



Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:					
BCCS-B			Harvard		Yale	Princeton
<u>Input (My Turn):</u>						
	$ \frac{\frac{4}{4}}{1} $	$ \frac{5}{4} \frac{6}{4} $	7 4	$\frac{\frac{8}{4}}{2}$		

When fractions are equivalent, they have the same value. We call that **equivalence**. 4 fourths is the same point on the number line as **1**. How many fourths would be equivalent to, or at the same point as, 2? _____ fourths.

3 thirds or $\frac{3}{3}$ = 1 How many thirds would be equivalent to or at the same point as:



Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Input (My Turn):

1. Partition each whole into fifths. Label each fraction. Count up as you go. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers.



2. Draw a number line with endpoints 0 and 2. Label the wholes. Partition each whole into thirds. Label all the fractions from 0 to 2. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers. Use a separate paper if you need more space.

Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
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1. Partition each whole into thirds. Label each fraction. Count up as you go. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers.



2. Draw a number line with endpoints 0 and 3. Label the wholes. Partition each whole into fourths. Label all the fractions from 0 to 3. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers. Use a separate paper if you need more space.

Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Input (My Turn):

1. Estimate to equally partition and label the fractions on the number line. Label the wholes as fractions, and box them. The first one is done for you.



Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

1. Estimate to equally partition and label the fractions on the number line. Label the wholes as fractions, and box them. The first one is done for you.





Application:

Draw a number line with endpoints 0 and 3. Label the wholes. Partition each whole into fifths. Label all the fractions from 0 to 3. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers. Use a separate paper if you need more space.

Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Exit Ticket:

1. Estimate to equally partition and label the fractions on the number line. Label the wholes as fractions, and box them.



2. Draw a number line with endpoints 0 and 2. Label the wholes. Estimate to partition each whole into sixths, and label them. Box in the fractions for 1 whole and 2 wholes.

Name:	Week 26 Day 1 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Homework:

1. Partition each whole into sixths. Label each fraction. Count up as you go. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers.



2. Partition each whole into halves. Label each fraction. Count up as you go. Box the fractions that are located at the same points as whole numbers.





LEQ: How can I practice placing various fractions on a number line?

Objective: I can use my knowledge of whole numbers and equivalent fractions to practice placing various fractions on a number line.





Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

Input (My Turn):

1. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.





Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton

1. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.



2. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.



3. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.



Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:		
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton
Input (My Turn):			

4. For a measurement project in math class, students measured the lengths of their pinky fingers. Shahidullah measured 2 inches long. Jeremiah's pinky finger was $\frac{7}{4}$ inches long. Whose finger is longer? Draw a number line to help prove your answer.

5. Jaylan bought 2 one-gallon bottles of juice for a party. His guests drank $\frac{6}{4}$ gallons of juice. What fraction of a gallon of juice is left over? Draw a number line to show, and explain your answer.

Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:		
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4. For a measurement project in math class, students measured the lengths of their thumbs. MD's measured 1 inch long. Jacky's thumb was $\frac{8}{9}$ inches long. Whose finger is longer? Draw a number line to help prove your answer.

5. Caleb bought 3 one-gallon bottles of juice for a party. His guests drank $\frac{8}{4}$ gallons of juice. What fraction of a gallon of juice is left over? Draw a number line to show, and explain your answer.



Application:

Chamar bought 2 one-gallon bottles of juice for a party. His guests drank $\frac{7}{5}$ gallons of juice. What fraction of a gallon of juice is left over? Draw a number line to show, and explain your answer.

Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:		
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Exit Ticket:

1. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.




Name:	Week 26 Day 2 Date:			
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Homework:

1. Wayne went on a 4-kilometer hike. He took a break at $\frac{4}{3}$ kilometers. He took a drink of water at $\frac{10}{3}$ kilometers. Show Wayne's hike on the number line. Include his starting and finishing place and the 2 points where he stopped.



2. Locate and label the following fractions on the number line.





LEQ: How can I compare fractions and whole numbers on the number line by reasoning about their distance from 0?

Objective: I can show two fractions on a single number line to compare fractions and whole numbers and determine which one is closer to 0.





Name:	Week 26 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Place the two fractions on the number line. Circle the fraction with the distance closest to 0. Then, compare using >, <, or =. The first problem is done for you.



Name:	Week 26 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Problem Set (Your Turn):

Place the two fractions on the number line. Circle the fraction with the distance closest to 0. Then, compare using >, <, or =.



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Name:	Week 26 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	
<u>Input (My Turn):</u>				

6. Ms. Young cuts 2 pieces of thread. The blue thread is $\frac{5}{4}$ meters long. The red thread is $\frac{4}{5}$ meters long. Draw a number line to model the length of each piece of thread. Which piece of thread is shorter? Explain how you know using pictures, numbers, and words.

Problem Set (Your Turn):

6. Mr. Thompson cuts 2 pieces of rope. The blue rope is $\frac{4}{3}$, feet long and the red rope is $\frac{3}{4}$ feet long. Which piece of rope is shorter? Explain how you know using pictures, numbers, and words.



Application:

Nikki has 3 pieces of yarn. The first piece is $\frac{5}{6}$ feet long, the second piece is $\frac{5}{3}$ feet long, and the third piece is $\frac{3}{2}$ feet long. She wants to arrange them from the shortest to the longest. Draw a number line to model the length of each piece of yarn. Write a number sentence using <, >, or = to compare the pieces. Explain using pictures, numbers, and words.

Name:	Week 26 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Exit Ticket:

Place the two fractions on the number line. Circle the fraction with the distance closest to 0. Then, compare using >, <, or =.



3. Mr. Brady draws a fraction on the board. Ken says it's $\frac{2}{3}$, and Dan said it's $\frac{3}{2}$. Do both of these fractions mean the same thing? If not, which fraction is larger? Draw a number line to model $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$. Use words, pictures, and numbers to explain your comparison.

Name:	Week 26 Day 3 Date:			
BCCS-B	Harvard	Yale	Princeton	

Homework:

Place the two fractions on the number line. Circle the fraction with the distance closest to 0. Then, compare using >, <, or =.



3. Liz and Jay each have a piece of string. Liz's string is $\frac{3}{6}$ yards long, and Jay's string is $\frac{5}{8}$ yards long. Whose string is longer? Draw a number line to model the length of both strings. Explain the comparison using pictures, numbers, and words.



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LEQ: How can I understand distance and position on the number line as strategies for comparing fractions?

Objective: I can use "greater than" and "less than" to compare fractions on a number line.



Name	e:				Week	k 26 Day 4	Date:		
BCCS	-В				Harva	ard	Yale	Prin	ceton
Do N	<u>ow</u> :								
		—((Com	pa	ring l	Fractio	ons)–		
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a.	1		1		· 	1		-	
	3	1	1	1	1	3	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	
	6	6	6	6	6	6	•	~	
ь.		$\frac{1}{2}$			$\frac{1}{2}$		1	3	
	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	1 10	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	2	10	
с.	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	<u>1</u> 8	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$	<u>6</u>	$\bigcirc \frac{3}{4}$	
	<u>1</u> 4		<u>1</u> 4	<u>1</u> 4		<u>1</u> 4	8	4	
d	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	
	6	6 1 2	6	6	<u>6</u>	6	<u>5</u> 6	$\left(\right) \frac{1}{2}$	
		2			2				
е.	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$ 1	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	7	7	
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r .	$\frac{1}{5}$	1 5	1 5		1 5	$\frac{1}{5}$	4	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	
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Name:	Week 26 Day 4 Date:			
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Divide each number line into the given fractional unit. Then, place the fractions. Write each whole as a fraction.



Name:	Week 26 Day 4 Date:			
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Problem Set (Your Turn):

1. Divide each number line into the given fractional unit. Then, place the fractions. Write each whole as a fraction.



2. Use the number lines above to compare the following fractions using >, <, or =.



Fraction Strips

	1 Whole										
			<u> </u> 2						<u> </u> 2		
		<u> </u> 3				<u> </u> 3				1 3	
	1 4			<u>1</u> 4			<u>1</u> 4			<u>1</u> 4	
1	5		<u>1</u> 5			15		<u>1</u> 5		_1 _5	5
<u>1</u> 6	-		<u> </u> 5	_	<u>1</u> 6	1	5		5	_	<u>1</u> 6
<u>1</u> 8		1 8	<u>1</u> 8	•	<u>1</u> 8	<u>1</u> 8		1 8	<u>1</u> 8	•	<u>1</u> 8
$\frac{1}{10}$	1 10	$\overline{5}$ $\overline{1}$		1 10	1 10	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\overline{5}$ $\overline{1}$	<u> </u>	1 10	<u>1</u> 10
<u>1</u> 12	1 12	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	1 12	$\frac{1}{12}$	1 12	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$

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$\sim 1 - 1 - 1$				

Use the fraction strip on the previous page to answer the question below:

Complete the sentence. Use words, pictures, or numbers to explain how you made that comparison.

_____ is greater than ______.

Problem Set (Your Turn):

Use the fraction strip on the previous page to answer the question below:

Complete the sentence. Use words, pictures, or numbers to explain how you made that comparison.

_____ is greater than ______.



Application:

Jennifer hid half of her birthday money in the dresser drawer. The other half she put in her jewelry box. If she hid \$8 in the drawer, how much money did she get for her birthday?

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Exit Ticket:

1. Divide the number line into the given fractional unit. Then, place the fractions. Write each whole as a fraction.



2. Use the number line above to compare the following fractions using >, <, or =.



Use the number line from Problem 1. Which is larger: 2 wholes or $\frac{9}{4}$? Use words, pictures, and numbers to explain your answer.

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Homework:

1 Whole							
$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$							
$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$			<u> </u> 3			$\frac{1}{3}$	
<u>1</u> 4		1 4			1 4		1 4
$\frac{1}{5}$	<u>1</u> 5			5		<u>1</u> 5	$\frac{1}{5}$

Use the fraction above to answer the question below:

Complete the sentence. Use words, pictures, or numbers to explain how you made that comparison.

_____ is *less than* _____



Extension Lesson

LEQ: How can I express fractions as whole numbers?

Objective: I can use multiplication to express fractions as whole numbers.





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When written in number form, fractions represent _____

where the numerator is the dividend and the denominator is the divisor.

For example, 8 fourth is $\frac{8}{4}$ or 8 ÷ 4. When the number eight is grouped into groups of 4, the number of groups, or quotient is _____.



9 thirds



We can also skip-count by the denominator until we reach the numerator to express fractions as whole numbers.

30			
5			
18			
3			

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Express Fractions as Whole Numbers

1.	² / ₁ =	
2.	² / ₂ =	
3.	4/2 =	
4.	⁶ / ₂ =	
5.	10/2 =	
6.	⁸ / ₂ =	
7.	⁵ / ₁ =	
8.	⁵ / ₅ =	
9.	¹⁰ / ₅ =	
10.	¹⁵ / ₅ =	
11.	²⁵ / ₅ =	
12.	²⁰ / ₅ =	
13.	¹⁰ / ₁₀ =	
14.	⁵⁰ / ₁₀ =	
15.	³⁰ / ₁₀ =	
16.	10/1 =	
17.	²⁰ / ₁₀ =	
18.	40/10 =	
19.	⁸ / ₄ =	
20.	4/4 =	

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<u>Problem Set (Your Turn):</u>

Express Fractions as Whole Numbers

_					
	1.	⁵ / ₁ =	23.	⁸ / ₄ =	
	2.	⁵ / ₅ =	24.	4/4 =	
	3.	¹⁰ / ₅ =	25.	⁴ / ₁ =	
	4.	¹⁵ / ₅ =	26.	$\frac{12}{4} =$	
	5.	²⁵ / ₅ =	27.	¹² / ₃ =	
	6.	²⁰ / ₅ =	28.	¹⁵ / ₃ =	
	7.	² / ₁ =	29.	¹⁶ / ₄ =	
	8.	$^{2}/_{2} =$	30.	²⁰ / ₄ =	
	9.	4/2 =	31.	⁹⁰ / ₁₀ =	
	10.	⁶ / ₂ =	32.	³⁰ / ₅ =	
	11.	10/2 =	33.	³⁵ / ₅ =	
	12.	8/2 =	34.	⁷⁰ / ₁₀ =	
	13.	$^{10}/_{1} =$	35.	$^{12}/_{2} =$	
	14.	¹⁰ / ₁₀ =	36.	$^{14}/_{2} =$	
	15.	⁵⁰ / ₁₀ =	37.	⁸⁰ / ₁₀ =	
	16.	³⁰ / ₁₀ =	38.	⁴⁵ / ₅ =	
	17.	²⁰ / ₁₀ =	39.	$^{16}/_{2} =$	
	18.	⁴⁰ / ₁₀ =	40.	⁶⁰ / ₁₀ =	
	19.	⁶ / ₃ =	41.	¹⁸ / ₂ =	
	20.	3/3 =	42.	40/5 =	
	21.	3/1 =	43.	³⁶ / ₄ =	
	22.	⁹ / ₃ =	44.	²⁴ / ₃ =	

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Exit Ticket:

1. Express Fractions as Whole Numbers

1.	⁶ / ₃ =	
2.	³ / ₃ =	
3.	³ / ₁ =	
4.	⁹ / ₃ =	
5.	¹⁶ / ₄ =	
6.	²⁰ / ₄ =	
7.	¹² / ₃ =	
8.	¹⁵ / ₃ =	
9.	⁷⁰ / ₁₀ =	
10.	$\frac{12}{2} =$	

2. Skip-count by the denominator until we reach the numerator to express fractions as whole numbers.

20			
2			
24			
3			
100			
10			