

# 4<sup>th</sup> Grade Modified ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 25





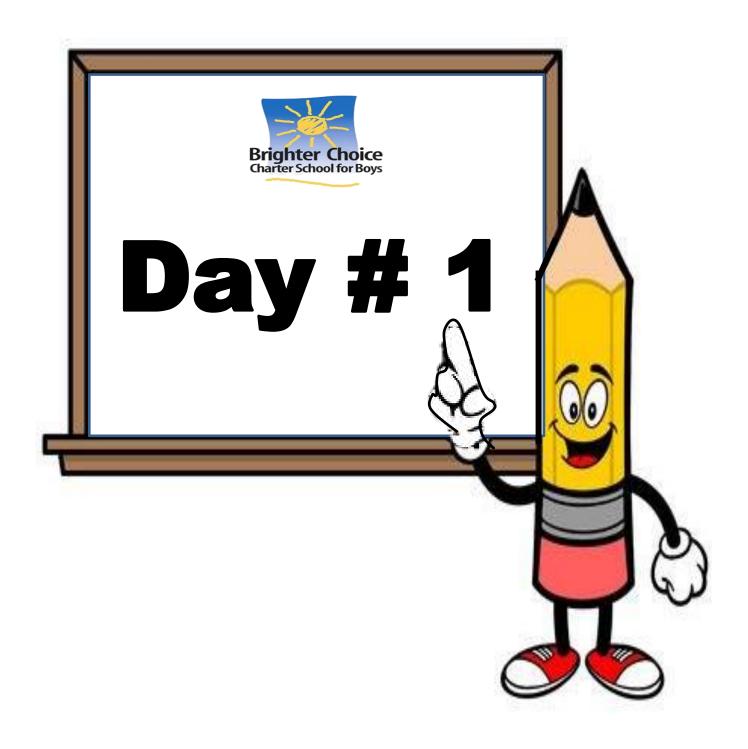


Dear Educator,

My signature is proof that I have reviewed my scholar's work and supported him to the best of my ability to complete all assignments.

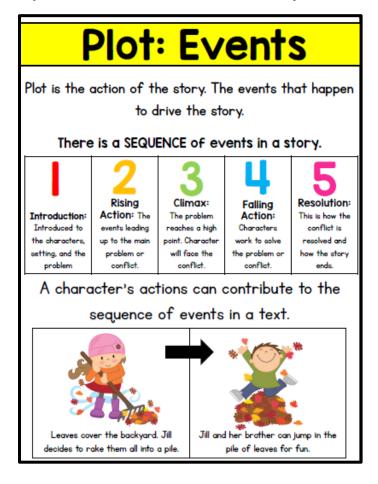
(Parent Signature)	(Date)

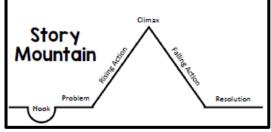
Parents please note that all academic packets are also available on our website at <a href="www.brighterchoice.org">www.brighterchoice.org</a> under the heading "Remote Learning." All academic packet assignments are mandatory and must be completed by all scholars.



Name:	Week 25 Day 1 Date:	
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse	
Week 25 Day 1 Notes, One	Crazy Summer PLOT Study	
Do Now		
What is a storyline (plot)?		
The storyline is		

Standard	RL.4.3
	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or
	drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's
	thoughts, words, or actions).
LEQ	How do the characters, setting, and events drive the plot of the
	story?
Objective	I can analyze how the characters feel about their upcoming trip
	in the novel <i>One Crazy Summer</i> .
Assignment to	Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)
Submit	



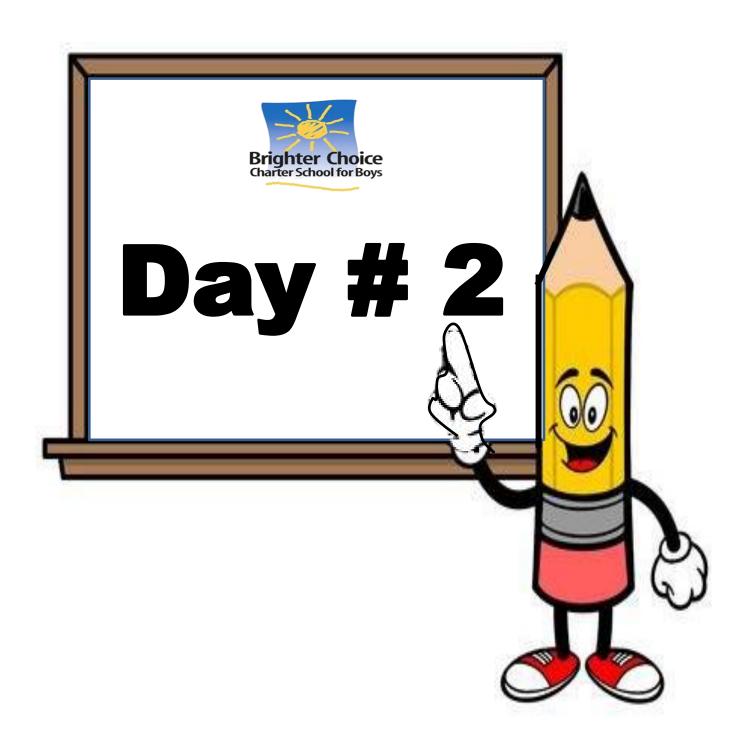


The <b>Story Mountain</b> is a PLOT		
you will see		
often. In this diagram you		
notice that the Hook/Problem		
are a part of the		
(1)		
like in our anchor chart. You		
must include these three things		
in your Introduction:		
•		
•		
<ul><li>Problem</li></ul>		

PLOT	The action that	the story.
Introduction/	Where readers are introduced to the setting,	
Exposition	, and problem.	
Rising Actions	The events that	to the main problem or
	conflict. This part creates the	of the text.
Climax	When the main character(s) is _	with his or her
	conflict.	
Falling Actions	The main character(s)	solve the initial
	problem of the story.	
Resolution/	How the conflict is finally	and how the story ends.
Conclusion		

• Introduction/Exposition: <i>UP</i>
<ul><li>Characters:</li></ul>
<ul><li>Setting:</li></ul>
o Problem:
Inciting Incident: Finding Nemo
O What did Nemo do that put the entire story into motion?!
• Rising Actions: <i>The Lion King</i>
O After death, Simba grows up with
and
Climax: The Lion King/ UP
When Simba returns home to find everything
<ul> <li>When Carl finds Ellie's note and decides to Russell after</li> </ul>
all
<ul><li>There is a shift/ in the characters</li></ul>
Falling Action
<ul> <li>All characters work to fix the problem</li> </ul>
• Resolution
<ul> <li>The "Happily Ever After" or new where all lose end</li> </ul>
are tied up
Application: One Crazy Summer Chapters 1-5

**CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Plot with PIXAR and DISNEY Movies

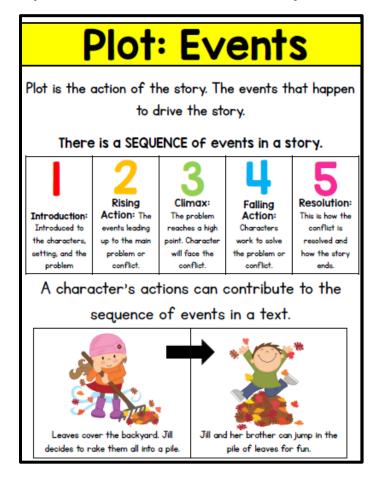


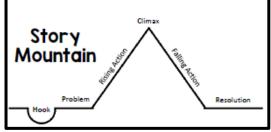
Name:	Week 25 Day 2 Date:
	•
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

## Week 25 Day 2 Notes, One Crazy Summer PLOT Study

How do the girls feel about Oakland thus far?	

Standard	RL.4.3  Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).
LEQ	How do the characters, setting, and events drive the plot of the story?
Objective	I can analyze a how the setting of Oakland and their introduction to the Black Panthers and their causes impacts the way in which the story is told by the narrator Delphine.
Assignment to Submit	Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)

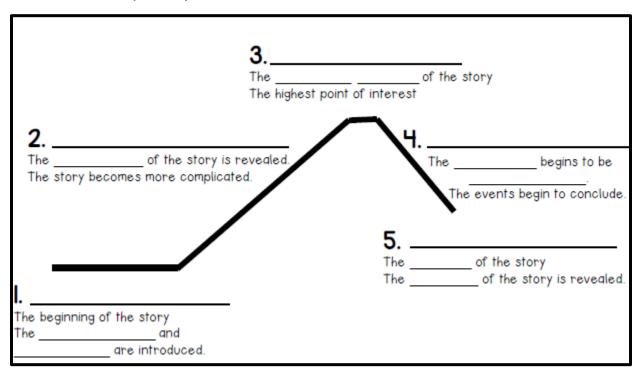




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must include these three things		
in your Introduction:		
<ul><li>Characters</li></ul>		
•		
<ul><li>Problem</li></ul>		

PLOT	The action that	the story.
Introduction/ Exposition	Where readers are introduced to the setting,, and problem.	
Rising Actions	The events that conflict. This part creates the	<u> </u>
Climax	When the main character(s) is _ conflict.	with his or her
Falling Actions	The main character(s) problem of the story.	solve the initial
Resolution/ Conclusion	How the conflict is finally	and how the story ends.

CFU: Skill Activity: Analysis of Plot with Movies



• Introduction/Exposition:

#### Frozen

- o Setting: \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse

- Characters: \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Setting: \_\_\_\_\_\_
- o Problem:
- Inciting Incident:

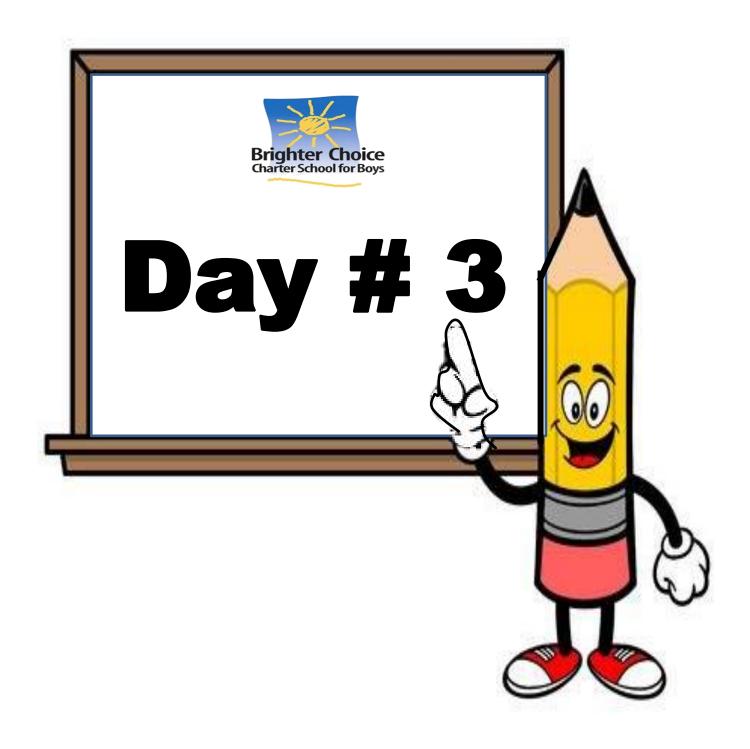
#### Frozen

o Elsa follows a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Spider Main: Into the Spider-Verse** 

	<ul> <li>Miles witnesses the and the dying</li> </ul>
	sends him on a mission.
•	Rising Actions:
	Frozen
	O Discover and the elements
	Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse
	<ul><li>Other</li></ul>
	Struggling to control his
•	Climax:
	Frozen
	<ul> <li>Learning the truth about their</li> </ul>
	Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse
	o Big
	Masters his
	There is a shift/ in the characters
•	Falling Action
	<ul> <li>All characters work to fix the problem</li> </ul>
•	Resolution
	<ul> <li>The "Happily Ever After" or new where all lose ends</li> </ul>
	are tied up

**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 6-10

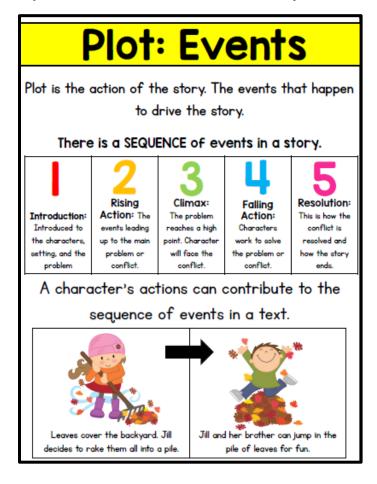


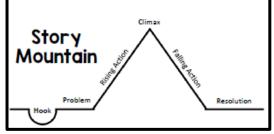
Name:	Week 25 Day 3 Date:
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

## Week 25 Day 3 Notes, *One Crazy Summer* PLOT Study

Fern was made fun of for carrying a doll. Why and by whom?
Fern was made fun of for carrying a doll by

Standard	RL.4.3	
	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's	
	thoughts, words, or actions).	
LEQ	How do the characters, setting, and events drive the plot of the	
	story?	
Objective	I can infer how the girls feel about their situation in Oakland	
	based upon their actions, dialogue, thoughts, and emotions.	
Assignment to	ent to Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)	
Submit	, 5	

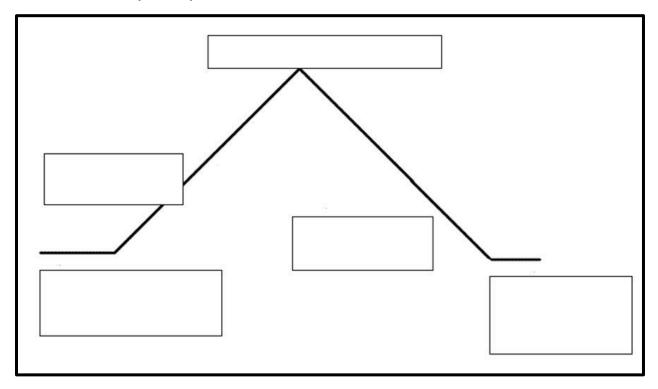




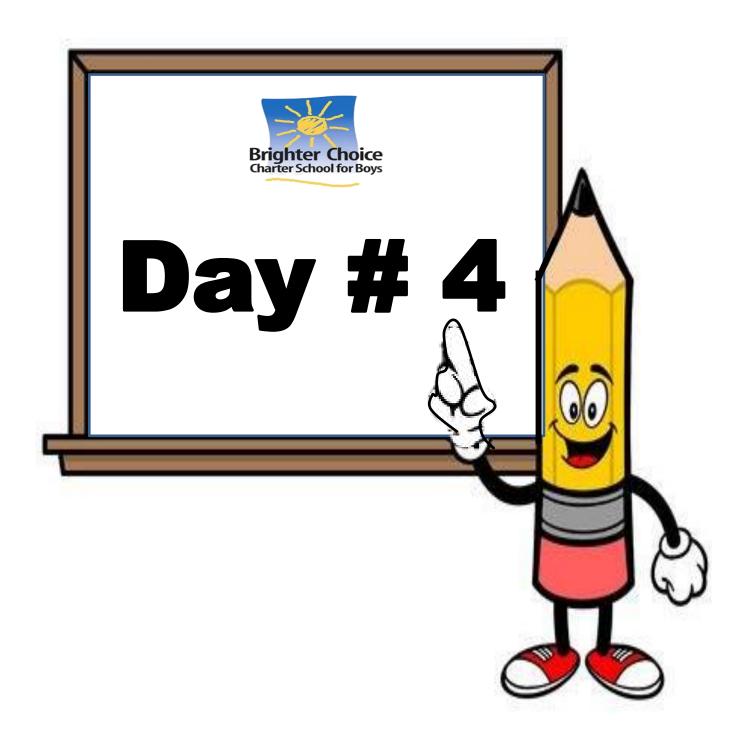
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<ul><li>Problem</li></ul>		

PLOT	The action that	the story.
Introduction/	Where readers are introduced to the setting,	
Exposition	, and problem.	
Rising Actions	The events that	_ to the main problem or
	conflict. This part creates the	of the text.
Climax	When the main character(s) is _	with his or her
	conflict.	
Falling Actions	The main character(s)	solve the initial
	problem of the story.	
Resolution/	How the conflict is finally	and how the story ends.
Conclusion		

**CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Plot



**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 11-15

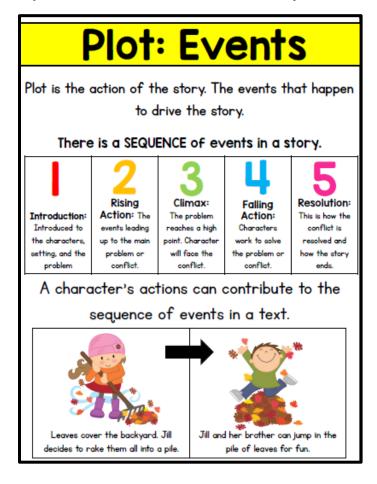


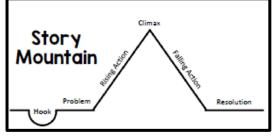
Name:	Week 25 Day 4 Date:
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

# Week 25 Day 4 Notes, *One Crazy Summer* PLOT Study

Why was Delphine upset about her name?	
Delphine was upset about her name because	

Standard	RL.4.3	
	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's	
	thoughts, words, or actions).	
LEQ	How do the characters, setting, and events drive the plot of the	
	story?	
Objective	I can analyze how the girls feelings have evolved since the	
	beginning of the Novel, One Crazy Summer.	
Assignment to	nt to Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)	
Submit	,	

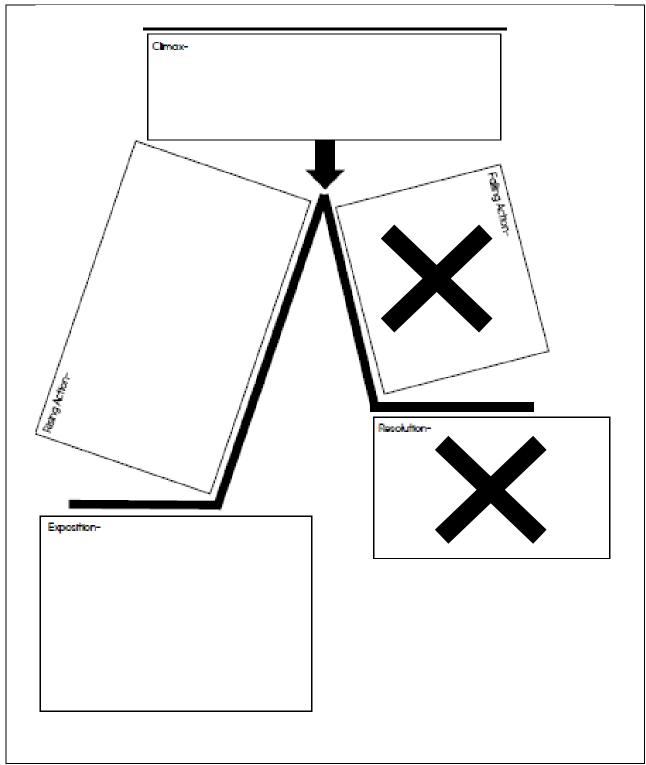




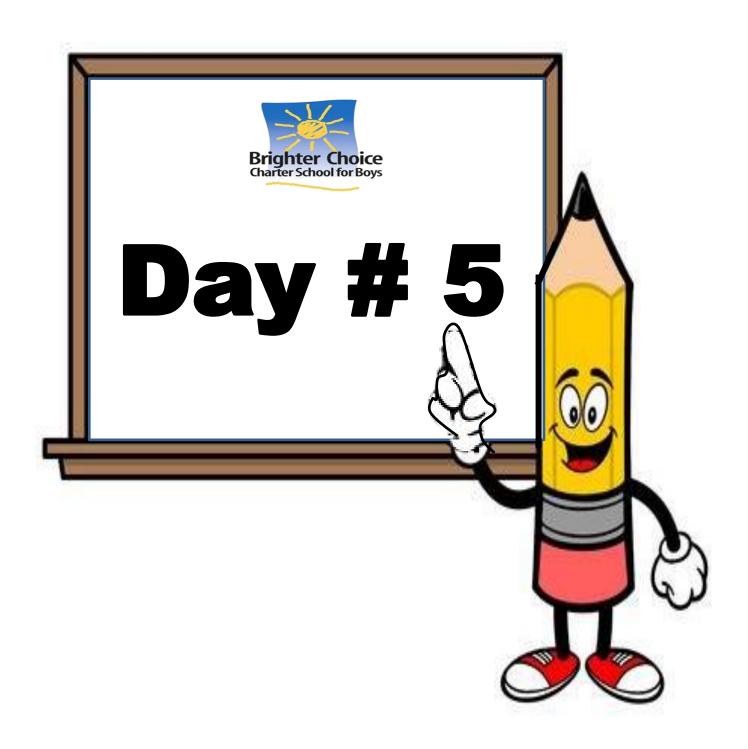
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•		
<ul><li>Problem</li></ul>		

PLOT	The action that	the story.
Introduction/	Where readers are introduced to the setting,	
Exposition	, and problem.	
Rising Actions	The events that	to the main problem or
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Falling Actions	The main character(s)	solve the initial
	problem of the story.	
Resolution/	How the conflict is finally	and how the story ends.
Conclusion		

**CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Plot



**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 16-20

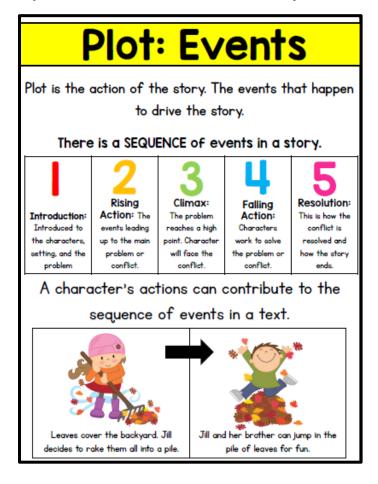


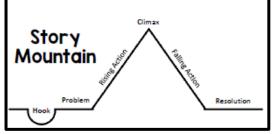
Name:	Week 25 Day 5 Date:
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

## Week 25 Day 5 Notes, One Crazy Summer PLOT Study

# **Do Now**Why was Delphine upset about her name?

Standard	RL.4.3
	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or
	drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's
	thoughts, words, or actions).
LEQ	How do the characters, setting, and events drive the plot of the
	story?
Objective	I can analyze how the girls feelings have evolved since the
	beginning of the Novel, One Crazy Summer.
Assignment to	Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)
Submit	



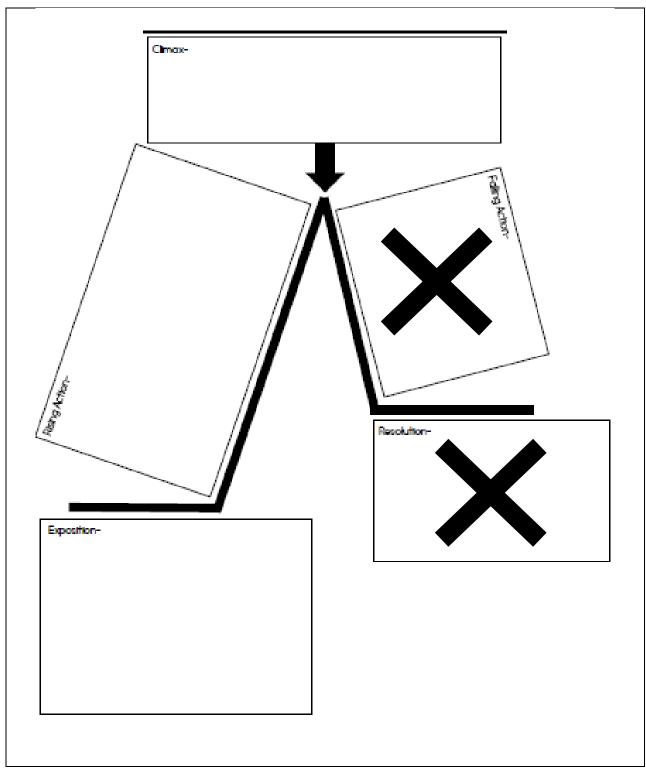


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\_\_\_\_\_\_you will see
often. In this diagram you
notice that the Hook/Problem
are a part of the
\_\_\_\_\_\_(1)
like in our anchor chart. You
must include these three things
in your Introduction:

• Characters
• \_\_\_\_\_
• Problem

PLOT	The action that	the story.
Introduction/	Where readers are introduced to the setting,	
Exposition	, and problem.	
Rising Actions	The events that	_ to the main problem or
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Climax	When the main character(s) is _	with his or her
	conflict.	
Falling Actions	The main character(s)	solve the initial
	problem of the story.	
Resolution/	How the conflict is finally	and how the story ends.
Conclusion		

**CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Plot



**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 21-25



# 4<sup>th</sup> Grade Modified ELA Remote Learning Packet Week 26





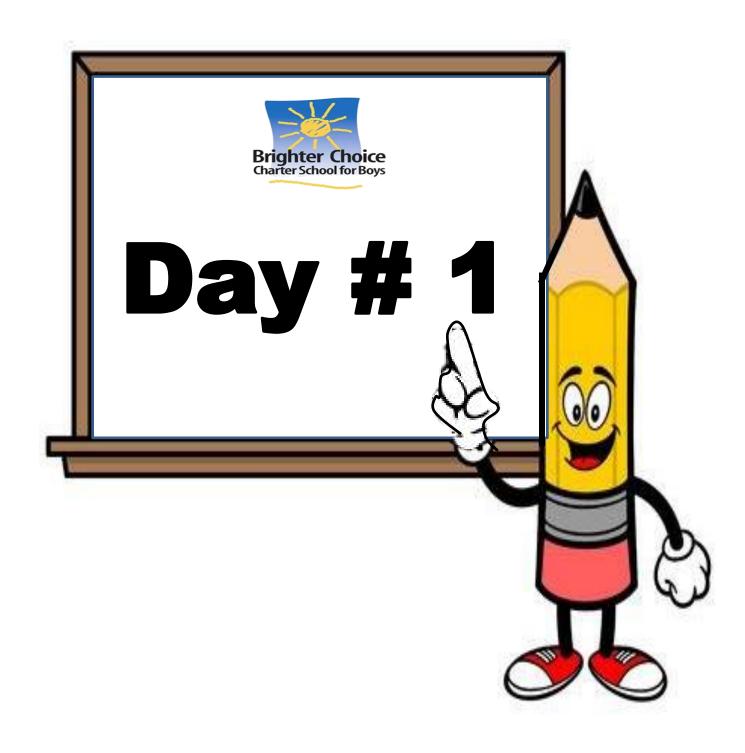


Dear Educator,

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(Parent Signature)	(Date)

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Name: Week 26 Day 1 Date:	
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

# Week 26 Day 1 Notes, One Crazy Summer

What have you learned about Delphine's, Vonetta's, and Fern's time in Oakland?

Standard	RL.4.4	
	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used	
	in a text, including those that allude to significant characters	
	found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).	
LEQ	How do I determine the meaning of unknown words and	
	phrases to better understand a text?	
Objective	I can use context clues within a text to determine the meaning	
	of unknown words and phrases.	
Assignment to	Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)	
Submit		

# **Context Clues**

When strong readers come to an unfamiliar word, they can use context clues to help them determine the meaning of the unknown word.

There are different types of context clues.

There are air refer in Types or context claes.		
I	Inference - the meaning is not given so you must use text clues	Don't want to work with Ricardo, unless you want to hear him talk about himself. He is so arrogant.
D	Definition - the meaning of the word is explained in the sentence	Ricardo is so arrogant. He thinks he is more important than everyone else.
Ε	Example - an example of the word is in the sentence or nearby sentences	Ricardo is so arrogant. He is always bragging about how great he is at sports.
A	Antonym - a word with opposite meaning is used in the sentence or near by sentences	Ricardo is so arrogant. He needs to learn to be humble like his little brother Jose.
S	Synonym - words with similar meaning are used in or near the sentence	Ricardo is so arrogant, proud self-centered, and over-bearing.

Strong readers will always read the sentences surrounding the unknown word to look for clues.

- Finding Context Clues refers to using \_\_\_\_\_ and sentences to determine the meaning of the unknown word/phrase.
- Using Figurative Language is when an author uses speech or writing that departs from its literal meaning to achieve

- "had your heart set" on something
- to be on "pins and needles"
- o to be "on cloud nine"

coiled	To arrange in a circle/ to into a circle.
doggedly	In a manner that shows or persistence.
timidly	In a manner that shows a of confidence.
amplified	To volume or intensity of something.
community	A social or group.
oppressed	Subject to harsh

#### **CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Unknown Words and Phrases

### Match Up

Match the vocabulary words with their synonyms!

coiled •

neighborhood

doggedly .

· cautiously

timidly •

magnified

amplified •

abused

community •

stubbornly

oppressed •

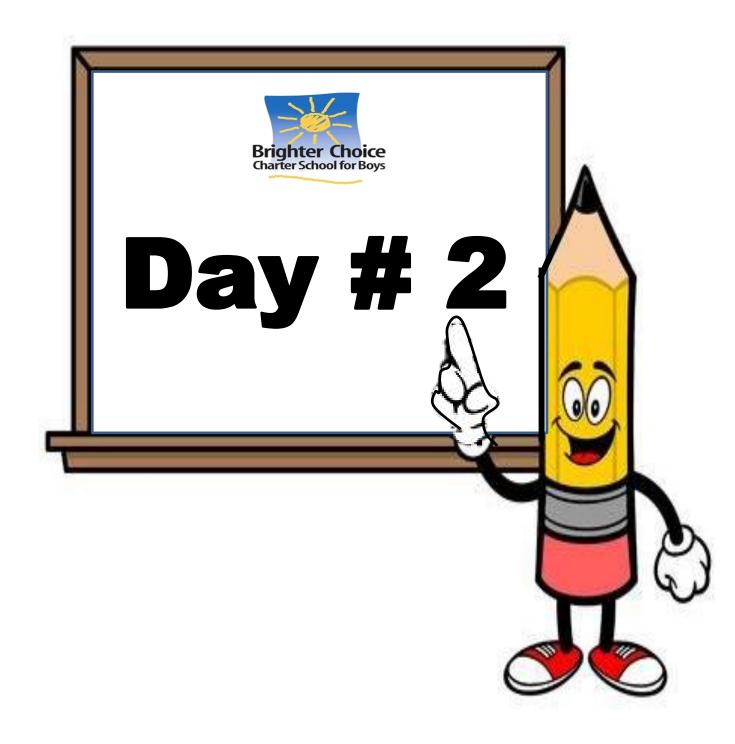
curled

#### **Best Word**

Circle the word which works best in each sentence.

- 1. After being ( oppressed / coiled ) by a dictator for many years, the citizens were happy to finally be free.
- The vine (coiled / timidly) around the mailbox until the mailbox was impossible to open.
- 3. Alexander ( oppressed / doggedly ) tried to befriend the stray cat for weeks even though the cat would not go near him.
- 4. Our (amplified / community) holds a block party every summer in July.
- 5. The microphones (amplified / community) the sound of the music at the concert.
- 6. Jax (timidly / doggedly) looked around the corner when he heard a big thump.

**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 26-29



ime: Week 26 Day 2 Date:	
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse

# Week 26 Day 2 Notes, One Crazy Summer

Have you enjoyed the novel, One Crazy Summer?		

Standard	RL.4.4
	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used
	in a text, including those that allude to significant characters
	found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).
LEQ	How do I determine the meaning of unknown words and
	phrases to better understand a text?
Objective	I can use context clues within a text to determine the meaning
	of unknown words and phrases.
Assignment to Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)	
Submit	

# Context Clues

When strong readers come to an unfamiliar word, they can use context clues to help them determine the meaning of the unknown word.

There are different types of context clues.

I	Inference - the meaning is not given so you must use text clues	Don't want to work with Ricardo, unless you want to hear him talk about himself. He is so arrogant.
D	Definition - the meaning of the word is explained in the sentence	Ricardo is so arrogant. He thinks he is more important than everyone else.
E	Example - an example of the word is in the sentence or nearby sentences	Ricardo is so arrogant. He is always bragging about how great he is at sports.
A	Antonym - a word with opposite meaning is used in the sentence or near by sentences	Ricardo is so arrogant. He needs to learn to be humble like his little brother Jose.
S	Synonym - words with similar meaning are used in or near the sentence	Ricardo is so arrogant, proud. self-centered, and over-bearing.

Strong readers will always read the sentences surrounding the unknown word to look for clues.

- Finding Context Clues refers to using \_\_\_\_\_ and sentences to determine the meaning of the unknown word/phrase.
- Using Figurative Language is when an author uses speech or writing that departs from its literal meaning to achieve

 or	meaning

- "had your heart set" on something
- to be on "pins and needles"
- o to be "on cloud nine"

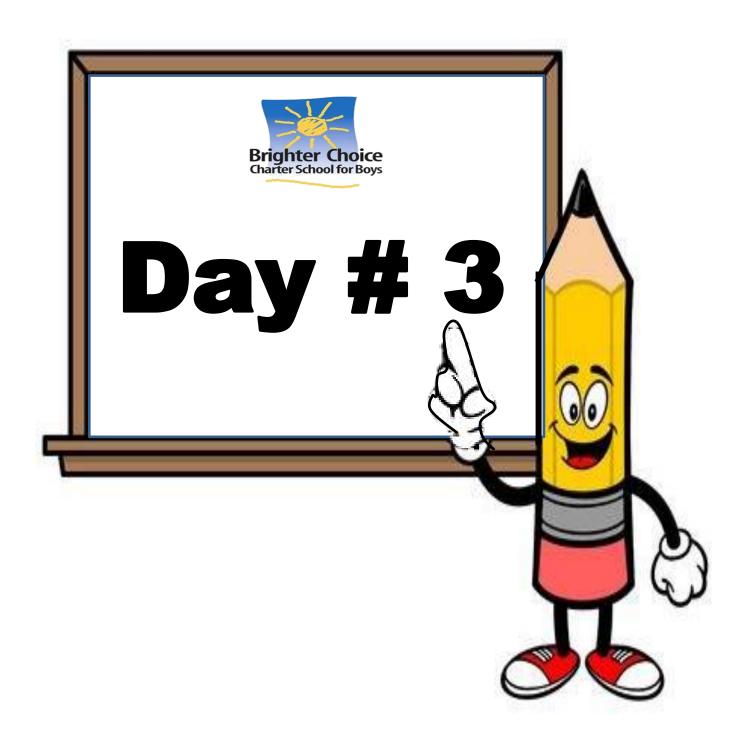
swarmed	Moved in numbers.
demonstrated	Showed, described, or
satisfaction	A feeling of
political	Of or about the or state.
sobered	Quieted or down.
churning	Turning over or

**CFU:** Skill Activity: Analysis of Unknown Words and Phrases

Create a sentence for each word below.

swarmed	
demonstrated	
satisfaction	
political	
sobered	
churning	

**Application:** One Crazy Summer Chapters 30-33



Week 26 Day 3 Date:	
Hampton Howard Morehouse	
Week 26 Day 3	

**Skills Progress Assessment** 

Today your scholar is taking an assessment virtually. Please be sure they are prepared with a pencil(s) and a charged Chromebook.

**Directions:** Read the article and answer questions 1-11.

#### from

## The Moffats

#### by Eleanor Estes

- IJane Moffat] watched Mr. Brooney, the grocery man, drive up with his horse and wagon. The Moffats called Mr. Brooney's horse the dancey horse, because of the graceful way he threw his legs about when he cantered up the street. Mr. Brooney stopped between Mrs. Squire's house and the yellow house. He threw down the heavy iron weight to keep his horse from dancing away and took several baskets of groceries from the wagon. He crossed the street and disappeared in Mrs. Frost's back yard. He was gone a long time. The horse stood there with the greatest patience. Occasionally he flicked his long tail to rid himself of a pesky fly. Or now and then he wriggled an ear when Sylvie, who was practicing her graduation music, hit a high note. And sometimes he raised one dainty foot or another and then planted it firmly on the ground. For the most part, however, he stood there dreamily, looking neither to left nor to right.
- 2 Jane watched him and watched him.
- 3 He had wings and could carry her away.
- 4 He was the wooden horse of Troy and many men could step out of him.
- 5 He was a bridge that she could walk under.
- 6 Sitting up there on the hitching post, watching the horse and watching the horse, Jane repeated to herself, "The horse is a bridge for me to walk under, and I'm goin' to walk under it."

hitching post = a post that people can tie their horses to

- So she jumped down and marched over to the horse. He stood there immobile. Except for his eyes, which followed her around like those of the velvetclad lady in the picture in the sitting-room.
- 8 Jane walked under him and came out on the other side. This gave her an extraordinary feeling of satisfaction and elation.

elation = a feeling of great joy

At that moment when Jane was walking under the horse, Mama came to the window of the front parlor and shook her duster out vigorously. "Thank heavens!" she said to herself. "Thank heavens, it's spring again

parlor = a room in a house that is similar to a living room

and that long hard winter is over." No more fussing with stoves and wondering where the next coal was coming from, she thought, slapping the duster against the green shutters. . . .

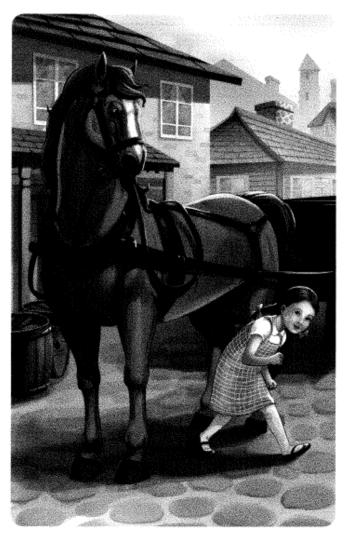
But goodness! Could Mama believe her eyes? What was Janey doing? Walking under that horse! Of all things! Mama was speechless with amazement and dropped the duster out of the window at the sight. Joe and Rufus saw her from the other side of the yard and became all tangled up in their stilts in consequence. Sylvie, who was practicing her singing way back in the kitchen, was the only one who did not see her.

11 "Jane! Whatever on earth!"
Mama cried. "You mustn't do
such things. You mustn't walk
under horses. They might kick or
start walking or something."

12 Jane stepped thoughtfully up the walk. "All right, Mama," she said.

13 She had no desire to keep on walking under horses. It was just something she felt she had to do at that moment, just that once.

And she knew that horse. She'd been watching him and watching him. So she had walked under him and from the feeling inside of her she thought it had turned out to be an all right sort of thing to do—just that once.



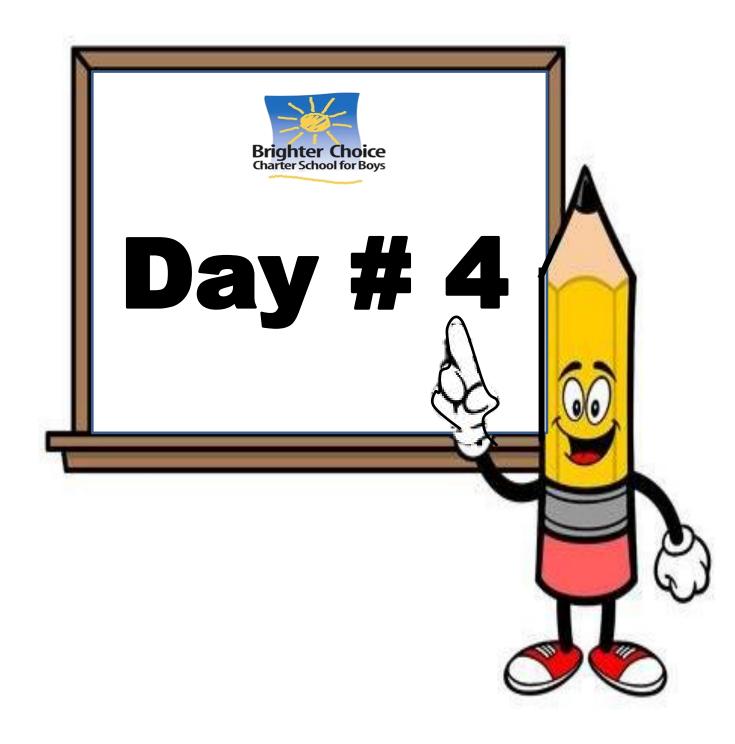
1.	Which phrase best describes Mr. Brooney's horse?
	A. small but dangerous
	B. useful but unpredictable

- C. elegant and calm
- D. heavy and slow
- 2. Why does Mr. Brooney's horse wriggle his ears?
  - A. He hears Sylvie sing a high note.
  - B. He is bothered by a pesky fly.
  - C. He is impatient waiting for Mr. Brooney.
  - D. He is listening to Jane talking to him.
- 3. What can readers infer about Jane based on her thoughts in paragraphs 3 through 5?
  - A. She is fond of Mr. Brooney's horse.
  - B. She wants to run away.
  - C. She is very imaginative.
  - D. She wishes she lived in another time.
- 4. Which phrase best describes the setting of the story?
  - A. a neighborhood in the past
  - B. a farm in the past
  - C. a playground in the present
  - D. a big city in the present

- 5. Which event occurs after Jane jumps off the post and marches over to the horse?
  - A. She watches her brothers play on stilts.
  - B. She helps her mother dust the parlor.
  - C. She walks underneath the horse.
  - D. She rides the horse down the street.
- 6. Based on paragraph 7, what does "immobile" mean?
  - A. unpleasant
  - B. graceful
  - C. helpless
  - D. motionless
- 7. What does the word "vigorously" in paragraph 9 suggest about Mama's action?
  - A. that it was done softly
  - B. that it was done happily
  - C. that it was done angrily
  - D. that it was done forcefully
- 8. Which detail would be most important to include in the summary of the story?
  - A. Jane's mother is inside the house dusting the front parlor.
  - B. Jane and her brothers are outside playing.
  - C. While Mr. Brooney delivers groceries, Jane and her brothers feed the horse.
  - D. Jane sits on the hitching post and watches Mr. Brooney's horse.

	What do paragraphs 10 and 11 reveal about how Mama feels about
J	ane's action? Use <b>two</b> details from the story to support your respons
_	
). fr	What is the theme that is developed in the story? Use <b>two</b> details from the story to support your response.
_	

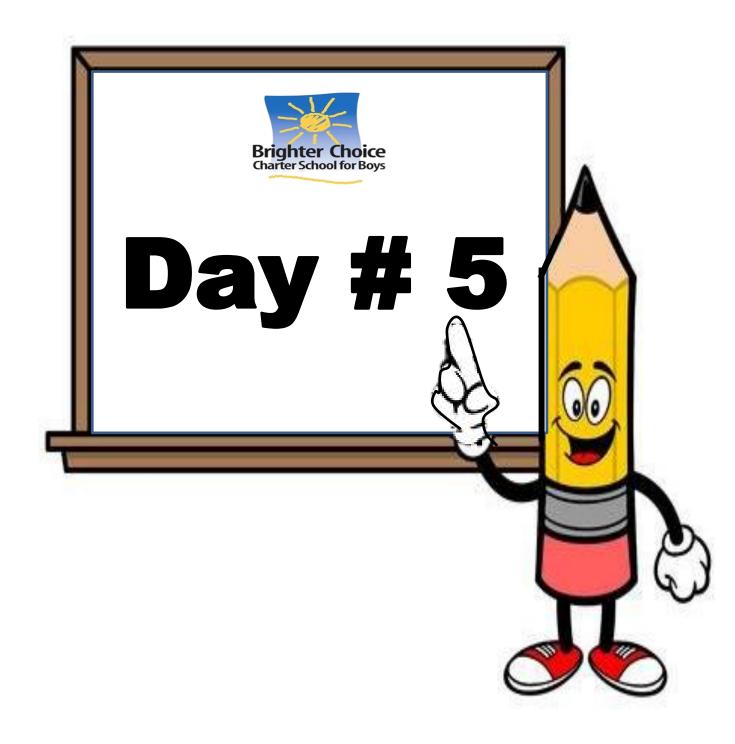
11.	How can the reader tell that Janie is determined? Use two details to
S	support your response.
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	



Name:	Week 26 Day 4 Date:
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse
	Week 26 Day 4

# **Skills Progress Assessment continued**

Today your scholar is taking an assessment virtually. Please be sure they are prepared with a pencil(s) and a charged Chromebook.



Name:	Week 26 Day 5 Date:		
BCCS-B	Hampton Howard Morehouse		

# Week 26 Day 5 Notes, One Crazy Summer

Did you enjoy the novel, One Crazy Summer? Why or why not?	

Standard	RL.4.4		
	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used		
	in a text, including those that allude to significant characters		
	found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).		
LEQ	How do I determine the meaning of unknown words and		
	phrases to better understand a text?		
Objective	I can use context clues within a text to determine the meaning		
	of unknown words and phrases.		
Assignment to	Exit Ticket (Google Form on Google Classroom)		
Submit			

croative writing					
creative writing					
postcard					
CFU/Application: Completion of Postcard					
<b>Directions:</b> Write a postcard "home" as if you were Delphine, Vonetta, or Fern!					
Circle the character you choose to write as: Delphine Vonetta Fern					
Circle the character you are writing to: Big Ma Papa A friend					
circle the character you are writing to. Dig ivid Tapa Amend					
		<del></del>			
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